CARMIGNAC PORTFOLIO EMERGING PATRIMOINE A EUR YDIS

Recommended minimum investment horizon:

1 2 3* 4 5 6 7

LUXEMBOURG SICAV SUB-FUND

LU0807690911 Monthly Factsheet - 31/03/2025

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

Flexible multi-asset emerging market fund combining three performance drivers: emerging equities, bonds and currencies. With the ability to adjust the net equity exposure up to 50% and the modified duration [-4;+10], the Fund seeks to benefit from market upturns while limiting drawdowns. The fund adopts a sustainable, responsible approach, favouring countries and companies that deliver solutions to environmental and social challenges, consistently taking into account ESG criteria. The Fund aims to outperform its reference indicator over a recommended investment horizon of 5 years.

Fund management analysis can be found on P.3

PERFORMANCE

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance. Performances are net of fees (excluding possible entrance fees charged by the distributor).

FUND PERFORMANCE VS. REFERENCE INDICATOR OVER 10 YEARS (Basis 100 - Net of fees)



CUMULATIVE AND ANNUALIZED PERFORMANCE (as of 31/03/2025 - Net of fees)

		Cumulative Performance (%)				Annualised Performance (%)			
	Since 31/12/2024	1 Month	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
A EUR Ydis	0.26	-2.54	0.54	12.23	24.73	20.96	3.92	4.52	1.92
Reference Indicator	-0.40	-2.10	5.69	9.45	31.78	29.54	3.05	5.67	2.62
Category Average	-0.74	-3.07	5.37	5.58	27.22	12.74	1.83	4.93	1.21
Ranking (Quartile)	1	2	4	1	3	2	1	3	2

Source: Morningstar for the category average and quartiles.

ANNUAL PERFORMANCE (%) (Net of fees)

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
A EUR Ydis	1.89	7.81	-9.58	-5.23	20.42	18.62	-14.36	7.30	9.76	0.18
Reference Indicator	8.25	6.65	-8.39	1.61	1.51	18.23	-5.84	10.58	13.97	-5.09

STATISTICS (%)

Calculation: Weekly basis

31711131163 (70)			
	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Fund Volatility	8.0	9.9	9.7
Indicator Volatility	7.4	8.5	11.1
Sharpe Ratio	0.2	0.3	0.1
Beta	0.9	0.9	0.7
Alpha	0.1	-0.0	-0.0
Tracking Error	4.2	3.7	3.6

VAR

Fund VaR	4.8%
Indicator VaR	4.3%

PERFORMANCE CONTRIBUTION

CONTINIBOTION	
Currency Derivatives	0.9%
Cash and Others	-3.2%
Total	-2.4%

Gross monthly performance





X. Hovasse

A. Adjriou

KEY FIGURES

Equity Investment Rate	37.5%
Net Equity Exposure	29.0%
Modified Duration	5.0
Yield to Maturity ⁽¹⁾	7.7%
Average Rating	BBB-
Number of Equity Issuers	31
Number of Bond Issuers	42
Number of Bonds	58
Active Share	90.5%

(1) Calculated at the fixed income bucket level.

UND

SFDR Fund Classification: Article 8

Domicile: Luxembourg **Fund Type:** UCITS **Legal Form:** SICAV

SICAV Name: Carmignac Portfolio

Fiscal Year End: 31/12

Subscription/Redemption: Daily

Order Placement Cut-Off Time: Before 18:00

(CET/CEST)

Fund Inception Date: 31/03/2011 Fund AUM: 304M€ / 328M\$ (2) Fund Currency: EUR

SHARE

Dividend Policy: Distribution Date of 1st NAV: 19/07/2012 Base Currency: EUR Share class AUM: 10M€ NAV (share): 99.56€

Morningstar Category™: Global Emerging

Markets Allocation



FUND MANAGER(S)

Xavier Hovasse since 25/02/2015 Abdelak Adjriou since 11/08/2023

REFERENCE INDICATOR⁽³⁾

40% MSCI EM NR index + 40% JPM GBI-EM Global Diversified Composite index + 20% €STR capitalized index. Quarterly Rebalanced.

OTHER ESG CHARACTERISTICS

Minimum % Taxonomy Alignment 0%
Minimum % Sustainable Investments 10%
Principal Adverse Impact Indicators Yes



^{*} For the share class Carmignac Portfolio Emerging Patrimoine A EUR Ydis. Risk Scale from the KID (Key Information Document). Risk 1 does not mean a risk-free investment. This indicator may change over time. (2) Exchange Rate EUR/USD as of 31/03/2025. (3) Until 31/12/2012, the reference indicators' equity indices were calculated ex-dividend. Since 01/01/2013, they have been calculated with net dividends reinvested. Until 31/12/2021, the reference indicator was 50% MSCI Emerging Markets index, 50% JP Morgan GBI - Emerging Markets Global Diversified Index. The performances are presented using the chaining method.

CARMIGNAC PORTFOLIO EMERGING PATRIMOINE A EUR YDIS

ASSET ALLOCATION

quities	37.5%
Emerging Markets	37.5%
Latin America	7.5%
Asia	29.5%
Eastern Europe	0.4%
Bonds	62.0%
Developed Countries Government Bonds	0.5%
Emerging Markets Government Bonds	51.2%
Developed Countries Corporate Bonds	0.2%
Emerging Markets Corporate Bonds	10.0%
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Derivatives Operations	0.6%

TOP TEN HOLDINGS (EQUITY & BONDS)

Name	Country	Sector / Rating	%
POLAND 2.00% 25/08/2036	Poland	Investment Grade	7.8%
TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR MANUFACTURING CO LTD	Taiwan	Information Technology	6.2%
CENTRAIS ELETRICAS BRASILEIRAS SA	Brazil	Utilities	4.8%
SOUTH AFRICA 8.50% 31/01/2037	South Africa	High Yield	3.7%
POLAND 6.00% 25/10/2033	Poland	Investment Grade	3.1%
PETROLEOS MEXICANOS 4.75% 26/02/2029	Mexico	High Yield	3.0%
INDONESIA 7.50% 15/08/2032	Indonesia	Investment Grade	3.0%
IVORY COAST 6.88% 17/10/2040	Ivory Coast	High Yield	2.9%
VIPSHOP HOLDINGS LTD	China	Consumer Discretionary	2.4%
BRAZIL 6.00% 15/05/2027	Brazil	High Yield	2.1%
Total			39.0%

NET CURRENCY EXPOSURE OF THE FUND



Look through currency exposure, based on the home market of the foreign company.

EQUITY COMPONENT

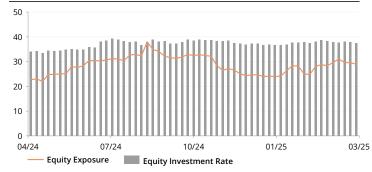
GEOGRAPHIC BREAKDOWN







NET EQUITY EXPOSURE - 1 YEAR HORIZON (% AUM) $^{(1)}$



BOND COMPONENT

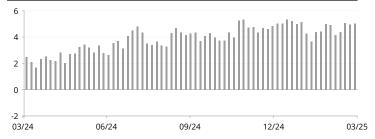
MODIFIED DURATION BY YIELD CURVE (IN BPS)



RATING BREAKDOWN



MODIFIED DURATION - 1 YEAR PERIOD





FUND MANAGEMENT ANALYSIS

- 1

MARKET ENVIRONMENT

- The main announcement of the month came from the German parliament, which adopted a reform of its debt brake policy in order to increase its military spending while validating the creation of a 500 billion euro infrastructure fund.
- In the United States, the statistics have been mixed, with disappointment over the leading indicators, which reflect less dynamic growth prospects and more vigorous inflation.
- On the other hand, US economic statistics remain robust, with strong household and business consumption ahead of the implementation of tariffs.
- The change in German fiscal policy doctrine resulted in a massive rate shock, as illustrated by the +33bp rise in the German 10-year rate, unlike its US counterpart, which remained stable in view of the uncertainties weighing on growth.
- On the emerging markets front, both equity and fixed income markets declined, with credit spreads widening.
- On the currency front, the euro appreciated strongly against the dollar, with the market anticipating a negative impact of tariffs on US growth, resulting in a favourable economic growth differential for Europe. The weakness of the dollar benefited certain emerging currencies.



- Over the month, the fund delivered a negative performance, slightly below its benchmark.
- Over the period, we suffered from the decline in our fixed income and equity investments.
- In fixed income, we were impacted by our positions in local rates in Eastern European countries (Hungary, Czech Republic).
- Our exposure to credit made a negative contribution, mainly impacted by the widening of credit spreads on our selection of emerging external debt (in hard currencies) such as Ukraine, Ecuador and Egypt. This negative impact was only partially offset by the protections we put in place to reduce our exposure to this market.
- In equities, we suffered from the decline of our Asian stocks, particularly Taiwanese (TSMC, Elite), Malaysian (IHH Healthcare) and Chinese (Beike).
- Finally, on the currency front, the strong rise of the euro had a negative impact on our exposure to the US dollar, even though we maintained a cautious exposure throughout the month, as well as on our long positions on the Colombian peso and the Hong Kong dollar.

OUTLOOK AND INVESTMENT STRATEGY

- Despite the uncertainties related to D. Trump's policies, we remain constructive on emerging assets, believing that current valuations reflect a pessimistic scenario. Moreover, emerging markets are benefiting from the uncertainty in the United States: Trump's policies seem to have the opposite effect, benefiting to emerging markets.
- In a context characterised by uncertainty regarding customs tariffs, European defence budgets and geopolitical issues, and increasingly tense valuations in certain markets, we expect the main central banks of developed and emerging countries to gradually continue their monetary easing. We are therefore maintaining a relatively high level of modified duration (around 500 basis points).
- On rates, we favour emerging central banks that are lagging the cycle, such as Brazil, which also benefits from high real rates and an allocation to some Eastern European countries. We also have positions on real rates in the US, as economic data in a context of tariff imposition point to a slowing economy.
- On credit, we see opportunities mostly among high yield issuers such as the Ivory Coast and Colombia, which presents an attractive carry source. On the other hand, we are cautious due to high valuations and maintain a significant level of hedging on the iTraxx Xover to protect the portfolio from the risk of widening spreads.
- We remain constructive on China, given the change in perception. Technological progress, particularly in Al and productivity, should provide further stimulus to the economy. This is why we are maintaining our equity investments in China.
- We are keeping a significant allocation to India, where the long-term outlook remains promising (strong
 growth, political stability) despite the recent weakness. Our trip to India confirmed the country's promising
 outlook and the recent correction offers us some interesting entry points. We took advantage of this
 correction to increase our exposure to India by strengthening our positions in the e-commerce, tech and
 insurance sectors. Finally, we remain constructive on our Latin American portfolio, where valuations remain
 attractive.
- In terms of currencies, we are maintaining a significant exposure to the euro. On the contrary, we have a
 relatively low allocation to the US dollar and limited exposure to emerging market currencies. Our currency
 selection includes Latin American currencies (BRL, CLP) and Eastern European currencies (PLN, CZK, HUF).







PORTFOLIO ESG SUMMARY

This financial product is classified as an Article 8 fund under the EU's Sustainable Financial Disclosures Regulation("SFDR"). The binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product are:

- A minimum of 10% of the Sub-Fund's net assets are invested in sustainable investments aligned positively with the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals;
- The minimum levels of sustainable investments with environmental and social objectives are respectively 1% and 3% of the Sub-Fund's net assets:
- The equity and corporate bond investment universe is actively reduced by at least 20%;
- ESG analysis applied to at least 90% of issuers.

PORTFOLIO ESG COVERAGE	
Number of issuers in the portfolio	71
Number of issuers rated	70
Coverage Rate	98.6%

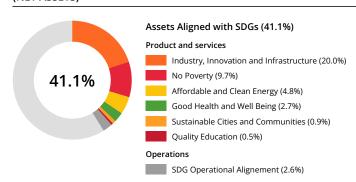
Source: Carmignac

ESG SCORE

Carmignac Portfolio Emerging Patrimoine A EUR Ydis Reference Indicator*

Source: MSCLESG

ALIGNMENT WITH THE UN SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS (NET ASSETS)



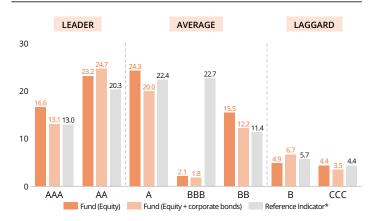
United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

SDG alignment is defined for each investment by meeting at least one of the following three thresholds.

- 1. Company derives at least 50% of its revenue from goods and services that are related to one of the following nine SDGs: (1) No Poverty, (2) No Hunger, (3) Good Health and Well Being, (4) Quality Education, (6) Clean Water, (7) Affordable and Clean Energy, (9) Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure, (11) Sustainable Cities and Communities, (12) Responsible Consumption and Production.
- 2. Company invests at least 30% of its capital expenditure in business activities that are related to one of the aforementioned nine SDGs.
- 3. Company achieves aligned status for operational alignment for at least three out of all seventeen of the SDGs and does not achieve misalignment for any SDG. Evidence is provided by the investee company's policies, practices and targets addressing such SDGs.

To find out more about the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, please visit https://sdgs.un.org/goals.

MSCI ESG SCORE PORTFOLIO VS REFERENCE INDICATOR (%)



Source: MSCI ESG Score. ESG Leaders represent companies rated AAA and AA by MSCI. ESG Average represent companies rated A, BBB, and BB by MSCI. ESG Laggards represent companies rated B and CCC by MSCI. Portfolio ESG Coverage: 81.8%

TOP 5 ESG RATED PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

ESG Rating
AAA
AA
AA
AA
AA

Source: MSCI ESG

TOP 5 ACTIVE WEIGHTS AND ESG SCORES

Company	Weight	ESG Score
CENTRAIS ELTRICAS BRASILEIRAS SA	4.7%	ВВ
TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR MANUFACTURING CO LTD	2.7%	AAA
VIPSHOP HOLDINGS LTD	2.4%	AA
KOTAK MAHINDRA BANK LTD	1.8%	Α
GRUPO FINANCIERO BANORTE SAB DE CV	1.7%	AA

Source: MSCI ESG

^{*} Reference Indicator: 40% MSCI EM NR index + 40% JPM GBI-EM Global Diversified Composite index + 20% €STR capitalized index. Quarterly Rebalanced. Equity and corporate bond components of the fund portfolio are used for this analysis. For more information regarding product disclosure, please refer to the Sustainability-related Disclosures in accordance with Article 10 available on the Fund's webpage.



CARMIGNAC PORTFOLIO EMERGING PATRIMOINE A EUR YDIS

GLOSSARY

Active Weight: Represents the absolute value of the difference between the weight of a holding in the manager's portfolio and the same holding in the benchmark index

Alpha: Alpha measures the performance of a portfolio compared to its reference indicator. Negative alpha means the fund performed less well than its reference indicator (e.g. if the indicator increased by 10% in one year and the fund increased by only 6%, its alpha is -4). Positive alpha means the fund performed better than its reference indicator (e.g. if the indicator increased by 6% in one year and the fund increased by 10%, its alpha is 4).

Beta: Beta measures the relationship between the fluctuations of the net asset values of the fund and the fluctuations of the levels of its reference indicator. Beta of less than 1 indicates that the fund "cushions" the fluctuations of its index (beta = 0.6 means that the fund increases by 6% if the index increases by 10% and decreases by 6% if the index falls by 10%). Beta higher than 1 indicates that the fund "magnifies" the fluctuations of its reference indicator (beta = 1.4 means that the fund increases by 14% when the index increases by 10% but also decreases by 14% when the index decreases by 10%). Beta of less than 0 indicates that the fund reacts inversely to the fluctuations of its reference indicator (beta = -0.6 means that the fund falls by 6% when the index increases by 10% and vice versa).

Capitalisation: A company's stock market value at any given moment. It is obtained by multiplying the number of shares of a company by its stock exchange price.

Duration: A bond's duration is the period beyond which interest rate variations will no longer affect its return. The duration is like a discounted average lifetime of all flows (interest and capital).

High yield: A loan or bond rated below investment grade because of its higher default risk. The return on these securities is generally higher.

Investment grade: A loan or bond that rating agencies have rated AAA to BBB-, generally indicating relatively low default risk.

Investment/net exposure rate: The investment rate constitutes the volume of assets invested expressed as a percentage of the portfolio. Adding the impact of the derivatives to this investment rate results in the net exposure rate, which corresponds to the real percentage of asset exposure to a certain risk. Derivatives can be used to increase the underlying asset's exposure (stimulation) or reduce it (hedging).

Modified duration: A bond's modified duration measures the risk attached to a given change in the interest rate. Modified duration of +2 means that for an instantaneous 1% rate increase, the portfolio's value would drop by 2%.

Net asset value: Price of all units (in an FCP) or shares (in a SICAV).

Rating: The rating measures the creditworthiness of a borrower (bond issuer).

Sharpe ratio: The Sharpe ratio measures the excess return over the risk-free rate divided by the standard deviation of this return. It thus shows the marginal return per unit of risk. When it is positive, the higher the Sharpe ratio, the more risk-taking is rewarded. A negative Sharpe ratio does not necessarily mean that the portfolio posted a negative performance, but rather that it performed worse than a risk-free investment.

SICAV: Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable (Open-ended investment company with variable capital)

VaR: Value at Risk (VaR) represents an investor's maximum potential loss on the value of a financial asset portfolio, based on a holding period (20 days) and confidence interval (99%). This potential loss is expressed as a percentage of the portfolio's total assets. It is calculated on the basis of a sample of historical data (over a two-year period).

Volatility: Range of price variation of a security, fund, market or index, which enables the measurement of risk over a given period. It is determined using the standard deviation obtained by calculating the square root of the variance. The variance is obtained by calculating the average deviation from the mean, which is then squared. The greater the volatility, the greater the risk.

Yield to Maturity: Yield to Maturity (YTM) is the estimated annual rate of return expected on a bond if held until maturity and assuming all payments made as scheduled and reinvested at this rate. For perpetual bonds, the next call date is used for computation. Note that the yield shown does not take into account the FX carry and fees and expenses of the portfolio. The portfolio's YTM is the weighted average individual bonds holdings' YTMs within the portfolio.

ESG DEFINITIONS & METHODOLOGY

ESG: E for Environment, S for Social, G for Governance

ESG score Calculation: Only the Equity and Corporate Bond holdings of the fund considered. Overall Fund Rating calculated using MSCI Fund ESG Quality Score methodology: excluding cash and non ESG-rated holdings, performing a weighted average of the normalized weights of the holdings and the Industry-Adjusted Score of the holdings, multiplied by (1+Adjustment%) which consists of the weight of positively trending ESG ratings minus the weight of ESG Laggards minus the weight of negatively trending ESG ratings. For a detailed explanation see "MSCI ESG Fund Ratings Methodology", Section 2.3. Updated June 2023. https://www.msci.com/documents/1296102/34424357/MSCI+ESG+Fund+Ratings+Methodology.pdf

Principal Adverse Impacts (PAI): Negative, material, or potentially material effects on sustainability factors that result from, worsen, or are directly related to investment choices or advice performed by a legal entity. Examples include GHG emissions and carbon footprint.

SFDR Articles - Fund Classification: Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation, an EU Act that requires asset managers to classify funds into categories: "Article 8" funds promote environmental and social characteristics, "Article 9" funds have sustainable investments as a measurable objective.

Sustainable Investments: The SFDR defines sustainable investment as an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

Taxonomy Alignment: In the context of an individual company, taxonomy alignment is defined as the proportion of a company's revenue that comes from activities that meet certain environmental criteria. In the context of an individual fund or portfolio, alignment is defined as the portfolio-weight weighted average taxonomy alignment of included companies. For more information, please follow this link:

https://eć.europa.eu/info/sites/default/files/business_economy_euro/banking_and_finance/documents/sustainable-finance-taxonomy-faq_en.pdf



CHARACTERISTICS

Share Class	Date of 1st NAV	Bloomberg	ISIN	Management Fee	Entry costs ⁽¹⁾	Exit costs ⁽²⁾	Management fees and other administrative or operating costs ⁽³⁾	Transaction costs ⁽⁴⁾	Performance fees ⁽⁵⁾	Minimum Initial Subscription ⁽⁶⁾
A EUR Acc	31/03/2011	CAREPAC LX	LU0592698954	Max. 1.5%	Max. 4%	_	1.82%	0.76%	20%	_
A EUR Ydis	19/07/2012	CAREPDE LX	LU0807690911	Max. 1.5%	Max. 4%	_	1.82%	0.76%	20%	_
A CHF Acc Hdg	19/07/2012	CAREPCH LX	LU0807690838	Max. 1.5%	Max. 4%	_	1.82%	0.86%	20%	_
A USD Acc Hdg	31/03/2011	CAREPUC LX	LU0592699259	Max. 1.5%	Max. 4%	_	1.82%	0.86%	20%	_
E EUR Acc	31/03/2011	CAREPEC LX	LU0592699093	Max. 2.25%	_	_	2.57%	0.76%	20%	_
F EUR Acc	15/11/2013	CAREPFE LX	LU0992631647	Max. 0.85%	_	_	1.17%	0.76%	20%	_
F CHF Acc Hdg	15/11/2013	CAREPFC LX	LU0992631720	Max. 0.85%	_	_	1.17%	0.86%	20%	_
F GBP Acc	15/11/2013	CAREPFG LX	LU0992631993	Max. 0.85%	_	_	1.17%	0.76%	20%	_

- (1) of the amount you pay in when entering this investment. This is the most you will be charged. Carmignac Gestion doesn't charge any entry fee. The person selling you the product will inform you of

- (1) of the annual you pay in which charge.

 (2) We do not charge an exit fee for this product.

 (3) of the value of your investment per year. This estimate is based on actual costs over the past year.

 (4) of the value of your investment per year. This is an estimate of the costs incurred when we buy and sell the investments underlying the product. The actual amount varies depending on the
- (4) of the value or your investment per year. This is an estimate or the costs incurred when we buy and sell.
 (5) when the share class overperforms the Reference indicator during the performance period. It will be payable also in case the share class has overperformed the reference indicator but had a negative performance. Underperformance is clawed back for 5 years. The actual amount will vary depending on how well your investment performs. The aggregated cost estimation above includes the average over the last 5 years, or since the product creation if it is less than 5 years.
 (6) Please refer to the prospectus for the minimum subsequent subscription amounts. The prospectus is available on the website: www.carmignac.com.

MAIN RISKS OF THE FUND

EQUITY: The Fund may be affected by stock price variations, the scale of which is dependent on external factors, stock trading volumes or market capitalization. INTEREST RATE: Interest rate risk results in a decline in the net asset value in the event of changes in interest rates. CREDIT: Credit risk is the risk that the issuer may default. EMERGING MARKETS: Operating conditions and supervision in "emerging" markets may deviate from the standards prevailing on the large international exchanges and have an impact on prices of listed instruments in which the Fund may invest.

The Fund presents a risk of loss of capital.

IMPORTANT LEGAL INFORMATION

Source: Carmignac at 31/03/2025. This document is intended for professional clients. Copyright: The data published in this presentation are the exclusive property of their owners, as mentioned on each page. From 01/01/2013 the equity index reference indicators are calculated net dividends reinvested. This document may not be reproduced, in whole or in part, without prior authorisation from the management company. This document does not constitute a subscription offer, nor does it constitute investment advice. Access to the Fund may be subject to restrictions with regard to certain persons or countries. The Fund is not registered in North America, in South America, in Asia nor is it registered in Japan. The Funds are registered in Singapore as restricted foreign scheme (for professional clients only). The Fund has not been registered under the US Securities Act of 1933. The Fund may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, for the benefit or on behalf of a U.S. person, according to the definition of the US Regulation S and/or FATCA. The Fund presents a risk of loss of capital. The risks and fees are described in the KID (Key Information Document). The Fund's prospectus, KIDs and annual reports are available at www.carmignac.com, or upon request to the Management Company. The KID must be made available to the Fund's prospectus, KIDs and annual reports are available at www.carmignac.com, or upon request to the Management Company. The KID must be made available to the subscriber prior to subscription. The Management Company can cease promotion in your country anytime. Investors have access to a summary of their rights in English on the following link at section 5: https://www.carmignac.com/en_US/regulatory-information. - in Switzerland, the Fund's respective prospectuses, KIDs and annual reports are available at www.carmignac.ch, or through our representative in Switzerland, CACEIS (Switzerland) S.A., Route de Signy 35, CH-1260 Nyon.The paying agent is CACEIS Bank, Montrouge, Nyon Branch / Switzerland, Route de Signy 35, 1260 Nyon. - In the United Kingdom, the Funds' respective prospectuses, KIDs and annual reports are available at www.carmignac.co.uk, or upon request to the Management Company, or for the French Funds, at the offices of the Facilities Agent at BNP PARIBAS SECURITIES SERVICES, operating through its branch in London: 55 Moorgate, London EC2R. This material was prepared by Carmignac Gestion, Carmignac Gestion Luxembourg or Carmignac UK Ltd and is being distributed in the UK by Carmignac Gestion Luxembourg. Reference to certain securities and financial instruments is for illustrative purposes to highlight stocks that are or have been included in the portfolios of funds in the Carmignac range. This is not intended to promote direct investment in those instruments, nor does it constitute investment advice. The Management Company is not subject to prohibition on trading in these instruments prior to issuing any communication. The portfolios of Carmignac funds may change without previous notice. The decision to invest in the promoted fund should take into to issuing any communication. The portfolios of Carmignac funds may change without previous notice. The decision to invest in the promoted fund should take into account all its characteristics or objectives as described in its prospectus.

