CARMIGNAC PORTFOLIO EMERGING PATRIMOINE F CHF ACC HDG







LUXEMBOURG SICAV SUB-FUND

LU0992631720 Monthly Factsheet - 28/11/2025

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

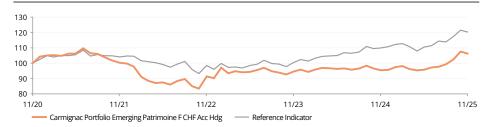
Flexible multi-asset emerging market fund combining three performance drivers: emerging equities, bonds and currencies. With the ability to adjust the net equity exposure up to 50% and the modified duration [-4;+10], the Fund seeks to benefit from market upturns while limiting drawdowns. The fund adopts a sustainable, responsible approach, favouring countries and companies that deliver solutions to environmental and social challenges, consistently taking into account ESG criteria. The Fund aims to outperform its reference indicator over a recommended investment horizon of 5 years.

Fund management analysis can be found on P.3

PERFORMANCE

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance. Performances are net of fees (excluding possible entrance fees charged by the distributor).

FUND PERFORMANCE VS. REFERENCE INDICATOR OVER 5 YEARS (Basis 100 - Net of fees)



CUMULATIVE AND ANNUALIZED PERFORMANCE (as of 28/11/2025 - Net of fees)

	Cumulative Performance (%)					Annualised Performance (%)			
	Since 31/12/2024	1 Month	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
F CHF Acc Hdg	11.02	-1.33	11.35	16.24	6.25	41.44	5.15	1.22	3.53
Reference Indicator	8.59	-0.86	9.46	22.17	20.32	58.00	6.91	3.77	4.68

ANNUAL PERFORMANCE (%) (Net of fees)

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
F CHF Acc Hdg	-0.11	6.25	-9.57	-4.89	20.39	18.77	-14.25	7.38	9.63	-0.90
Reference Indicator	8.25	6.65	-8.39	1.61	1.51	18.23	-5.84	10.58	13.97	-5.09

STATISTICS (%)

Calculation: Weekly basis

31A11311C3 (70)	STATISTICS (70)						
	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years				
Fund Volatility	7.2	9.8	9.4				
Indicator Volatility	7.1	8.2	10.3				
Sharpe Ratio	0.3	-0.0	0.3				
Beta	0.8	1.0	0.6				
Alpha	-0.0	-0.0	-0.0				
Tracking Error	2.7	2.5	3.3				

VAR

Fund VaR	5.2%
Indicator VaR	6.9%

PERFORMANCE CONTRIBUTION

Equity Portfolio	-1.8%
Bond Portfolio	0.4%
Equity Derivatives	0.1%
Bond Derivatives	-0.3%
Currency Derivatives	0.5%
Cash and Others	-0.0%
Total	-1.1%

Gross monthly performance





X. Hovasse

A. Alecc

KEY FIGURES

Equity Investment Rate	44.6%
Net Equity Exposure	41.7%
Modified Duration	3.0
Yield to Maturity ⁽¹⁾	6.4%
Average Rating	BBB-
Number of Equity Issuers	32
Number of Bond Issuers	31
Number of Bonds	44
Active Share	89.9%

(1) Calculated at the fixed income bucket level.

FUND

SFDR Fund Classification: Article 8

Domicile: Luxembourg **Fund Type:** UCITS **Legal Form:** SICAV

SICAV Name: Carmignac Portfolio

Fiscal Year End: 31/12

Subscription/Redemption: Daily Order Placement Cut-Off Time: Before 18:00

(CET/CEST)

Fund Inception Date: 31/03/2011 Fund AUM: 316M€ / 366M\$ (2) Fund Currency: EUR

SHARE

Dividend Policy: Accumulation Date of 1st NAV: 15/11/2013 Base Currency: CHF Share class AUM: 0.23M CHF NAV (share): 150.25CHF

FUND MANAGER(S)

Xavier Hovasse since 25/02/2015 Alessandra Alecci since 03/11/2025

REFERENCE INDICATOR⁽³⁾

40% MSCI EM NR index + 40% JPM GBI-EM Global Diversified Composite index + 20% €STR capitalized index. Quarterly Rebalanced.

OTHER ESG CHARACTERISTICS

Minimum % Taxonomy Alignment	0%
Minimum % Sustainable Investments 1	0%
Principal Adverse Impact Indicators Y	'es



^{*} For the share class Carmignac Portfolio Emerging Patrimoine F CHF Acc Hdg. Risk Scale from the KID (Key Information Document). Risk 1 does not mean a risk-free investment. This indicator may change over time. (2) Exchange Rate EUR/USD as of 28/11/2025. (3) Until 31/12/2012, the reference indicators' equity indices were calculated ex-dividend. Since 01/01/2013, they have been calculated with net dividends reinvested. Until 31/12/2021, the reference indicator was 50% MSCI Emerging Markets index, 50% JP Morgan GBI - Emerging Markets Global Diversified Index. The performances are presented using the chaining method.

CARMIGNAC PORTFOLIO EMERGING PATRIMOINE F CHF ACC HDG

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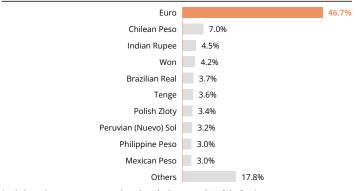
ASSET ALLOCATION

Equities	44.6%
Emerging Markets	44.6%
Latin America	7.0%
Asia	37.2%
Eastern Europe	0.4%
Bonds	45.2%
Developed Countries Government Bonds	0.5%
Emerging Markets Government Bonds	37.7%
Developed Countries Corporate Bonds	0.2%
Emerging Markets Corporate Bonds	6.8%
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Derivatives Operations	10.2%

TOP TEN HOLDINGS (EQUITY & BONDS)

Name	Country	Sector / Rating	%
TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR MANUFACTURING CO LTD	Taiwan	Information Technology	9.0%
POLAND 2.00% 25/08/2036	Poland	Investment Grade	7.7%
SOUTH AFRICA 9.00% 31/01/2040	South Africa	High Yield	4.2%
AXIA ENERGIA	Brazil	Utilities	4.1%
PETROLEOS MEXICANOS 4.75% 26/02/2029	Mexico	Investment Grade	3.3%
IVORY COAST 6.88% 17/10/2040	lvory Coast	High Yield	3.1%
DIDI GLOBAL INC	China	Industrials	3.0%
SK HYNIX INC	South Korea	Information Technology	2.7%
HYUNDAI MOTOR CO	South Korea	Consumer Discretionary	2.2%
LG CHEM LTD	South Korea	Materials	2.1%
Total			41.4%

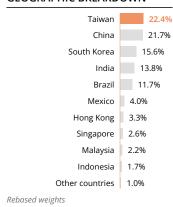
NET CURRENCY EXPOSURE OF THE FUND



Look through currency exposure, based on the home market of the foreign company.

EQUITY COMPONENT

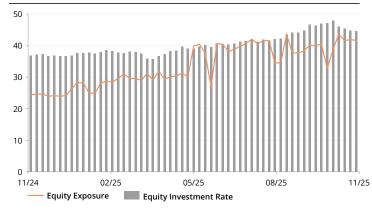
GEOGRAPHIC BREAKDOWN







NET EQUITY EXPOSURE - 1 YEAR HORIZON (% AUM) (1)

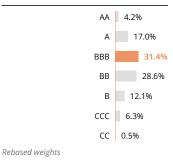


BOND COMPONENT

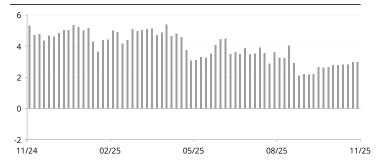
MODIFIED DURATION BY YIELD CURVE



RATING BREAKDOWN



MODIFIED DURATION - 1 YEAR PERIOD





FUND MANAGEMENT ANALYSIS

MARKET ENVIRONMENT

- The end of the longest U.S. government shutdown allowed economic data to be released again, giving investors more visibility. Expectations for a rate cut in December were very volatile: they fell below 50% after hawkish comments and strong increases in services prices, before rising again above 70% at the end of the month following more dovish remarks from the New York Fed President.
- In the United States, recent data showed a mixed picture. Activity in the services sector improved, while manufacturing remained in contraction. The labor market also sent mixed signals, with job creation above expectations but more announced layoffs and slightly higher unemployment.
- In this context, the US yield curve steepened, with the 2-year and 10-year Treasury yields falling by 8 bps and 6 bps respectively, while German yields moved in the opposite direction, rising by 6 bps on both the 2-year and the 10-year. Credit generally performed well, with the iTraxx Xover tightening by 10 bps to 256 bps, while European IG credit lagged, pressured both by rising rates and a very heavy primary market supply throughout the month.
- In November, emerging-market monetary policies diverged: Brazil and Indonesia kept rates unchanged, while Mexico and South Africa cut by 25 bps. This backdrop supported emerging-market debt performance, benefiting hard-currency bonds and especially local-currency markets.
- EM equity markets weakened due to the sharp correction in Asian equities and the broader pullback in the global technology sector, while Latin American markets delivered positive returns.
- On the currency front, November saw mixed performances across emerging markets. Latin American currencies such as the Colombian peso, Mexican peso and Argentine peso, as well as Central European currencies including the Hungarian forint and Czech koruna, outperformed against the U.S. dollar. In contrast, several Asian currencies notably the Indonesian rupiah, New Taiwan dollar and South Korean won modestly underperformed over the month.

PERFORMANCE COMMENTARY

- Over the month, the Fund delivered a negative performance, below its reference indicator, suffering from its equity investments.
- The Fund's hard-currency sovereign exposure benefited from our position in Ecuador this month, but this contribution was offset by the impact of our credit protection as spreads tightened.
- On the Equity side, our portfolio posted a negative performance, mainly due to the sharp early-month decline in Didi and the broad correction in global technology stocks—particularly impacting our positions in Taiwan (TSMC, Lite-On) and South Korea (SK Hynix).
- Our local rate strategies contributed positively to performance, driven by our long position in South Africa and Poland rates. On the other hand, our exposure to Colombian rates weighed on performance.
- On the currency front, the Fund benefited from its Latin American currency exposures, such as the Chilean and Colombian pesos, along with its exposure to the Hungarian forint.

OUTLOOK AND INVESTMENT STRATEGY

- In the context of easing inflation, diverging monetary policies, persistent geopolitical risks, and the end of the US government shutdown in November, we expect central banks to maintain an accommodative bias. We are maintaining a constructive view on Emerging markets assets with a relatively high equity exposure (around 40%) and a moderate level of modified (around 290 basis points), combining local and hard-currency bonds.
- We maintain our exposure to local debt, favoring countries with high real yields such as Czech Republic, Hungary, South Africa, Poland, and several in Latin America, including Brazil and Peru, as well as Indonesia in Asia. Conversely, we hold short positions in developed markets, notably the United States and Japan.
- Regarding hard currency emerging debt, we favor high-yield (HY) issuers, with diversified exposure to
 countries such as Ivory Coast, Egypt, and Romania, which offer attractive yields despite solid fundamentals
 and therefore appear mispriced by the market.
- Although the credit segment continues to offer attractive carry, particularly in the energy and financial sectors, we have reinforced our credit hedges through the iTraxx Crossover index, given tight spread valuations.
- On the Equity side, we maintain our significant exposure to Asia particularly through exposure to the artificial intelligence value chain, with high-conviction positions in SK Hynix and TSMC, together with some diversification into China, India and Latin America. After the solid YTD run, we're staying disciplined taking profits on outperformers like Equatorial, Hynix, and Elite Materials.
- Finally, we remain cautious on currencies, maintaining significant exposure to the euro and a relatively limited allocation to the US dollar. We remain selective on EM currencies, particularly those of commodity exporting countries such as the Chilean peso and the Brazilian real.









PORTFOLIO ESG SUMMARY

This financial product is classified as an Article 8 fund under the EU's Sustainable Financial Disclosures Regulation("SFDR"). The binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product are:

- A minimum of 10% of the Sub-Fund's net assets are invested in sustainable investments aligned positively with the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals;
- The minimum levels of sustainable investments with environmental and social objectives are respectively 1% and 3% of the Sub-Fund's net assets:
- The equity and corporate bond investment universe is actively reduced by at least 20%;
- ESG analysis applied to at least 90% of issuers.

PORTFOLIO ESG COVERAGE

Number of issuers in the portfolio	62
Number of issuers rated	61
Coverage Rate	98.4%

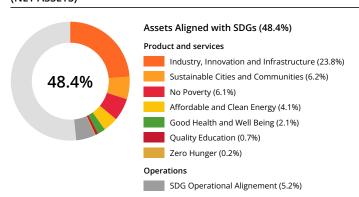
Source: Carmignac

ESG SCORE

Carmignac Portfolio Emerging Patrimoine F CHF Acc Hdg Reference Indicator*

Source: MSCLESG

ALIGNMENT WITH THE UN SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS (NET ASSETS)



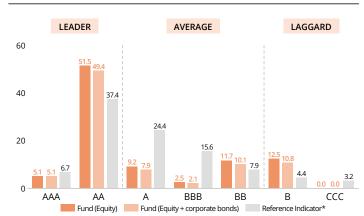
United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

SDG alignment is defined for each investment by meeting at least one of the following three thresholds.

- 1. Company derives at least 50% of its revenue from goods and services that are related to one of the following nine SDGs: (1) No Poverty, (2) No Hunger, (3) Good Health and Well Being, (4) Quality Education, (6) Clean Water, (7) Affordable and Clean Energy, (9) Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure, (11) Sustainable Cities and Communities, (12) Responsible Consumption and Production.
- 2. Company invests at least 30% of its capital expenditure in business activities that are related to one of the aforementioned nine SDGs.
- 3. Company achieves aligned status for operational alignment for at least three out of all seventeen of the SDGs and does not achieve misalignment for any SDG. Evidence is provided by the investee company's policies, practices and targets addressing such SDGs.

To find out more about the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, please visit https://sdgs.un.org/goals.

MSCI ESG SCORE PORTFOLIO VS REFERENCE INDICATOR (%)



Source: MSCI ESG Score. ESG Leaders represent companies rated AAA and AA by MSCI. ESG Average represent companies rated A, BBB, and BB by MSCI. ESG Laggards represent companies rated B and CCC by MSCI. Portfolio ESG Coverage: 85.5%

TOP 5 ESG RATED PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

Company	Weight E	SG Rating
HONG KONG EXCHANGES CLEARING LTD.	1.5%	AAA
ICICI LOMBARD GENERAL INSURANCE CO. LTD.	0.8%	AAA
B3 SABRASIL BOLSA BALCÃO	0.4%	AAA
VIPSHOP HOLDINGS LTD.	1.6%	AA
BBVA MÉXICO SA INSTITUCIÓN DE BANCA MÚLTIPLE GRUPO FINANCIERO	0.5%	AA

Source: MSCI ESG

TOP 5 ACTIVE WEIGHTS AND ESG SCORES

Company	Weight	ESG Score
TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR MANUFACTURING CO. LTD.	4.4%	AA
AXIA ENERGIA SA	4.0%	BB
DIDI GLOBAL INC.	3.0%	В
LG CHEM LTD.	2.1%	Α
HYUNDAI MOTOR CO. LTD.	2.0%	В

Source: MSCI ESG

^{*} Reference Indicator: 40% MSCI EM NR index + 40% JPM GBI-EM Global Diversified Composite index + 20% €STR capitalized index. Quarterly Rebalanced. Equity and corporate bond components of the fund portfolio are used for this analysis. For more information regarding product disclosure, please refer to the Sustainability-related Disclosures in accordance with Article 10 available on the Fund's webpage.



GLOSSARY

Active Weight: Represents the absolute value of the difference between the weight of a holding in the manager's portfolio and the same holding in the benchmark index

Alpha: Alpha measures the performance of a portfolio compared to its reference indicator. Negative alpha means the fund performed less well than its reference indicator (e.g. if the indicator increased by 10% in one year and the fund increased by only 6%, its alpha is -4). Positive alpha means the fund performed better than its reference indicator (e.g. if the indicator increased by 6% in one year and the fund increased by 10%, its alpha is 4).

Beta: Beta measures the relationship between the fluctuations of the net asset values of the fund and the fluctuations of the levels of its reference indicator. Beta of less than 1 indicates that the fund "cushions" the fluctuations of its index (beta = 0.6 means that the fund increases by 6% if the index increases by 10% and decreases by 6% if the index falls by 10%). Beta higher than 1 indicates that the fund "magnifies" the fluctuations of its reference indicator (beta = 1.4 means that the fund increases by 14% when the index increases by 10% but also decreases by 14% when the index decreases by 10%). Beta of less than 0 indicates that the fund reacts inversely to the fluctuations of its reference indicator (beta = -0.6 means that the fund falls by 6% when the index increases by 10% and vice versal).

Capitalisation: A company's stock market value at any given moment. It is obtained by multiplying the number of shares of a company by its stock exchange price.

Duration: A bond's duration is the period beyond which interest rate variations will no longer affect its return. The duration is like a discounted average lifetime of all flows (interest and capital).

High yield: A loan or bond rated below investment grade because of its higher default risk. The return on these securities is generally higher.

Investment grade: A loan or bond that rating agencies have rated AAA to BBB-, generally indicating relatively low default risk.

Investment/net exposure rate: The investment rate constitutes the volume of assets invested expressed as a percentage of the portfolio. Adding the impact of the derivatives to this investment rate results in the net exposure rate, which corresponds to the real percentage of asset exposure to a certain risk. Derivatives can be used to increase the underlying asset's exposure (stimulation) or reduce it (hedging).

Modified duration: A bond's modified duration measures the risk attached to a given change in the interest rate. Modified duration of +2 means that for an instantaneous 1% rate increase, the portfolio's value would drop by 2%.

Net asset value: Price of all units (in an FCP) or shares (in a SICAV).

Rating: The rating measures the creditworthiness of a borrower (bond issuer).

Sharpe ratio: The Sharpe ratio measures the excess return over the risk-free rate divided by the standard deviation of this return. It thus shows the marginal return per unit of risk. When it is positive, the higher the Sharpe ratio, the more risk-taking is rewarded. A negative Sharpe ratio does not necessarily mean that the portfolio posted a negative performance, but rather that it performed worse than a risk-free investment.

SICAV: Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable (Open-ended investment company with variable capital)

VaR: Value at Risk (VaR) represents an investor's maximum potential loss on the value of a financial asset portfolio, based on a holding period (20 days) and confidence interval (99%). This potential loss is expressed as a percentage of the portfolio's total assets. It is calculated on the basis of a sample of historical data (over a two-year period).

Volatility: Range of price variation of a security, fund, market or index, which enables the measurement of risk over a given period. It is determined using the standard deviation obtained by calculating the square root of the variance. The variance is obtained by calculating the average deviation from the mean, which is then squared. The greater the volatility, the greater the risk.

Yield to Maturity: Yield to Maturity (YTM) is the estimated annual rate of return expected on a bond if held until maturity and assuming all payments made as scheduled and reinvested at this rate. For perpetual bonds, the next call date is used for computation. Note that the yield shown does not take into account the FX carry and fees and expenses of the portfolio. The portfolio's YTM is the weighted average individual bonds holdings' YTMs within the portfolio.

ESG DEFINITIONS & METHODOLOGY

ESG: E for Environment, S for Social, G for Governance

ESG score Calculation: Only the Equity and Corporate Bond holdings of the fund considered. Overall Fund Rating calculated using MSCI Fund ESG Quality Score methodology: excluding cash and non ESG-rated holdings, performing a weighted average of the normalized weights of the holdings and the Industry-Adjusted Score of the holdings, multiplied by (1+Adjustment%) which consists of the weight of positively trending ESG ratings minus the weight of ESG Laggards minus the weight of negatively trending ESG ratings. For a detailed explanation see "MSCI ESG Fund Ratings Methodology", Section 2.3. Updated June 2023. https://www.msci.com/documents/1296102/34424357/MSCI+ESG+Fund+Ratings+Methodology.pdf

Principal Adverse Impacts (PAI): Negative, material, or potentially material effects on sustainability factors that result from, worsen, or are directly related to investment choices or advice performed by a legal entity. Examples include GHG emissions and carbon footprint.

SFDR Articles - Fund Classification: Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation, an EU Act that requires asset managers to classify funds into categories: "Article 8" funds promote environmental and social characteristics, "Article 9" funds have sustainable investments as a measurable objective.

Sustainable Investments: The SFDR defines sustainable investment as an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

Taxonomy Alignment: In the context of an individual company, taxonomy alignment is defined as the proportion of a company's revenue that comes from activities that meet certain environmental criteria. In the context of an individual fund or portfolio, alignment is defined as the portfolio-weight weighted average taxonomy alignment of included companies. For more information, please follow this link:

https://ec.europa.eu/info/sites/default/files/business_economy_euro/banking_and_finance/documents/sustainable-finance-taxonomy-faq_en.pdf



CHARACTERISTICS

Share Class	Date of 1st NAV	Bloomberg	ISIN	Management Fee	Entry costs ⁽¹⁾	Exit costs ⁽²⁾	Management fees and other administrative or operating costs ⁽³⁾	Transaction costs ⁽⁴⁾	Performance fees ⁽⁵⁾	Minimum Initial Subscription ⁽⁶⁾
A EUR Acc	31/03/2011	CAREPAC LX	LU0592698954	Max. 1.5%	Max. 4%	_	1.82%	0.76%	20%	_
A EUR Ydis	19/07/2012	CAREPDE LX	LU0807690911	Max. 1.5%	Max. 4%	_	1.82%	0.76%	20%	_
A CHF Acc Hdg	19/07/2012	CAREPCH LX	LU0807690838	Max. 1.5%	Max. 4%	_	1.82%	0.86%	20%	-
A USD Acc Hdg	31/03/2011	CAREPUC LX	LU0592699259	Max. 1.5%	Max. 4%	_	1.82%	0.86%	20%	_
E EUR Acc	31/03/2011	CAREPEC LX	LU0592699093	Max. 2.25%	_	_	2.57%	0.76%	20%	_
F EUR Acc	15/11/2013	CAREPFE LX	LU0992631647	Max. 0.85%	_	_	1.17%	0.76%	20%	_
F CHF Acc Hdg	15/11/2013	CAREPFC LX	LU0992631720	Max. 0.85%	_	_	1.17%	0.86%	20%	_
F GBP Acc	15/11/2013	CAREPFG LX	LU0992631993	Max. 0.85%	_	_	1.17%	0.76%	20%	_

- (1) of the amount you pay in when entering this investment. This is the most you will be charged. Carmignac Gestion doesn't charge any entry fee. The person selling you the product will inform you of

- (1) of the amount you pay in when entering this arrests.

 (2) We do not charge an exit fee for this product.
 (3) of the value of your investment per year. This estimate is based on actual costs over the past year.
 (4) of the value of your investment per year. This is an estimate of the costs incurred when we buy and sell the investments underlying the product. The actual amount varies depending on the
- (4) of the value or your investment per year. This is an estimate of the costs incurred when we buy and self the investments underlying the product. The prospection of the value of your investment per year. This is an estimate of the costs incurred when we buy and self the investments underlying the product. The prospection of the value of your investment per product the reference indicator but had a negative performance. Underperformance is clawed back for 5 years. The actual amount will vary depending on how well your investment performs. The aggregated cost estimation above includes the average over the last 5 years, or since the product creation if it is less than 5 years.

 (6) Please refer to the prospectus for the minimum subsequent subscription amounts. The prospectus is available on the website: www.carmignac.com.

MAIN RISKS OF THE FUND

EQUITY: The Fund may be affected by stock price variations, the scale of which is dependent on external factors, stock trading volumes or market capitalization. INTEREST RATE: Interest rate risk results in a decline in the net asset value in the event of changes in interest rates. CREDIT: Credit risk is the risk that the issuer may default. EMERGING MARKETS: Operating conditions and supervision in "emerging" markets may deviate from the standards prevailing on the large international exchanges and have an impact on prices of listed instruments in which the Fund may invest.

The Fund presents a risk of loss of capital.

IMPORTANT LEGAL INFORMATION

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