# CARMIGNAC PORTFOLIO EMERGENTS IW EUR ACC





LOWER RISK HIGHER RISK 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

**LUXEMBOURG SICAV SUB-FUND** 

LU2420651072 Monthly Factsheet - 28/11/2025

# **INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE**

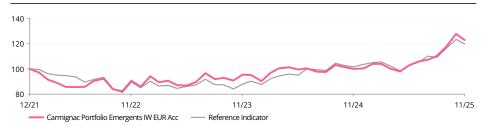
Emerging market equity fund combining a fundamental top-down approach with a disciplined bottom-up analysis in order to identify the attractive opportunities within the emerging universe. The fund adopts a sustainable, responsible approach, favouring countries and companies offering long-term growth potential, that deliver solutions to environmental and social challenges and that derive major part of their revenues from goods and services related to business activities which align positively with United Nations Sustainable Development Goals. The Fund aims to outperform its reference indicator over a recommended investment horizon of 5 years, while achieving its sustainability objective, consistently taking into account ESG criteria.

Fund management analysis can be found on P.3

# **PERFORMANCE**

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance. Performances are net of fees (excluding possible entrance fees charged by the distributor).

### FUND PERFORMANCE VS. REFERENCE INDICATOR SINCE LAUNCH (Basis 100 - Net of fees)



### CUMULATIVE AND ANNUALIZED PERFORMANCE (as of 28/11/2025 - Net of fees)

	Cumulative Performance (%)				Annualised Performance (%)		
	Since 31/12/2024	1 Month	1 Year	3 Years	Since 31/12/2021	3 Years	Since 31/12/2021
IW EUR Acc	22.56	-3.70	22.94	35.63	23.03	10.70	5.44
Reference Indicator	15.71	-2.93	17.86	33.94	19.89	10.24	4.75
Category Average	14.41	-2.47	15.97	31.68	14.65	9.61	3.55
Ranking (Quartile)	1	4	1	2	1	2	1

Source: Morningstar for the category average and quartiles.

# ANNUAL PERFORMANCE (%) (Net of fees)

	2024	2023	2022
IW EUR Acc	5.56	10.81	-14.19
Reference Indicator	1160	6 11	1/105

#### STATISTICS (%)

Calculation: Weekly basis

31A11311C3 (70)					
	1 Year	3 Years	Launch		
Fund Volatility	15.8	16.1	17.7		
Indicator Volatility	15.2	13.7	14.8		
Sharpe Ratio	1.3	0.5	0.2		
Beta	1.0	1.0	1.1		
Alpha	0.1	-0.0	0.0		
Tracking Error	5.5	5.2	7.7		

# VAR

Fund VaR Indicator VaR	9.6% 11.0%
marcator van	11.070

# PERFORMANCE CONTRIBUTION

Equity Portfolio	-3.6%
Equity Derivatives	0.0%
Currency Derivatives	0.0%
Cash and Others	-0.1%
Total	-3.6%

Gross monthly performance





X. Hovasse

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# **KEY FIGURES**

Equity Investment Rate	94.9%
Net Equity Exposure	94.9%
Number of Equity Issuers	40
Active Share	80.9%

#### FUND

SFDR Fund Classification: Article 9

**Domicile:** Luxembourg **Fund Type:** UCITS **Legal Form:** SICAV

**SICAV Name:** Carmignac Portfolio **Fiscal Year End:** 31/12

Subscription/Redemption: Daily

Order Placement Cut-Off Time: Before 15:00

(CET/CEST)

Fund Inception Date: 15/11/2013 Fund AUM: 514M€ / 597M\$ <sup>(1)</sup> Fund Currency: EUR

# SHARE

Dividend Policy: Accumulation Date of 1st NAV: 31/12/2021 Base Currency: EUR Share class AUM: 123M€ NAV (share): 123.03€

Morningstar Category™: Global Emerging

Markets Equity

#### **FUND MANAGER(S)**

Xavier Hovasse since 25/02/2015 Naomi Waistell since 07/05/2025

### REFERENCE INDICATOR

MSCI EM NR index.

# OTHER ESG CHARACTERISTICS

Minimum % Taxonomy Alignment	· 0%
Minimum % Sustainable Investme	nts 80%
Principal Adverse Impact Indicator	rs Yes



<sup>\*</sup> For the share class Carmignac Portfolio Emergents IW EUR Acc. Risk Scale from the KID (Key Information Document). Risk 1 does not mean a risk-free investment. This indicator may change over time. (1) Exchange Rate EUR/USD as of 28/11/2025.

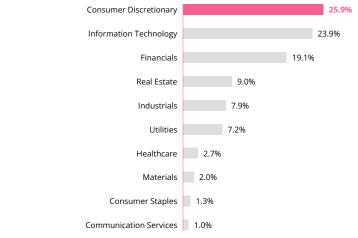
# CARMIGNAC PORTFOLIO EMERGENTS IN EUR ACC

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# **ASSET ALLOCATION**

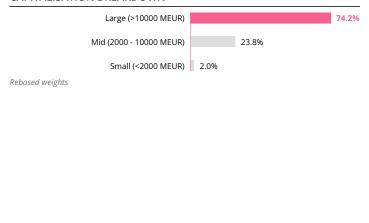
Equities	94.9%	
Emerging Markets	94.9%	
Latin America	16.4%	
Asia	77.6%	
Eastern Europe	0.9%	
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Derivatives Operations	5.1%	

# SECTOR BREAKDOWN

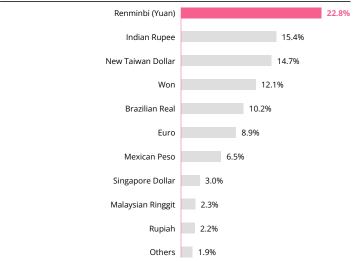


Rebased weights

#### **CAPITALISATION BREAKDOWN**



#### NET CURRENCY EXPOSURE OF THE FUND

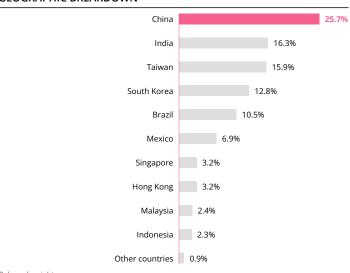


Look through currency exposure, based on the home market of the foreign company.

#### **TOP TEN**

Name	Country	Sector	%
TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR MANUFACTURING CO LTD	Taiwan	Information Technology	9.3%
SK HYNIX INC	South Korea	Information Technology	6.4%
AXIA ENERGIA	Brazil	Utilities	5.1%
DIDI GLOBAL INC	China	Industrials	4.6%
GRUPO FINANCIERO BANORTE SA DE CV	AB Mexico	Financials	4.5%
VIPSHOP HOLDINGS LTD	China	Consumer Discretionary	4.2%
HYUNDAI MOTOR CO	South Korea	Consumer Discretionary	3.9%
EMBASSY OFFICE PARKS REIT	India	Real Estate	3.7%
PROSUS NV	China	Consumer Discretionary	3.6%
KOTAK MAHINDRA BANK LTD	India	Financials	3.2%
Total			48.5%

#### **GEOGRAPHIC BREAKDOWN**



Rebased weights



# **FUND MANAGEMENT ANALYSIS**





- In November, emerging markets declined, dragged down mainly by the underperformance of Asian markets (China, South Korea, Taiwan), while Latin American markets advanced, supported in particular by Brazil and Mexico
- The technology sector—from Asia to Wall Street—corrected over the month, affected by a combination of factors: stretched valuations in the United States, weakening expectations of Fed rate cuts, and persistent uncertainty around the true impact of artificial intelligence on corporate productivity and profitability.
- This dynamic weighed more heavily on markets highly exposed to the AI value chain, such as Taiwan and South Korea, which rank among the most sensitive to the semiconductor cycle.
- In China, October macroeconomic data deteriorated markedly: the decline in property prices deepened, while industrial production and investment disappointed. These indicators highlight the persistent fragility of the economy despite ongoing support measures.
- In Brazil, markets appreciated, buoyed by easing inflation and a more accommodative communication from the central bank, which strengthened optimism regarding the continuation of monetary easing.



#### PERFORMANCE COMMENTARY

- In this environment, our strategy delivered a negative performance in November, underperforming its reference indicator.
- The main detractor during the month was our position in the Chinese company Didi. The stock fell sharply at the beginning of the period, hurt by a negative market sentiment linked to elevated spending on the expansion of its food delivery operations in Latin America. It recovered toward month-end, supported by the release of solid quarterly results, which helped partially offset its earlier losses.
- Our exposure to technology stocks also weighed on performance, particularly through our investments in Taiwan (TSMC, Lite-On) and South Korea, where SK Hynix delivered a negative contribution. The sector broadly suffered from a widespread correction.
- Our investments in Southeast Asia (India, Indonesia, Singapore) also modestly detracted from performance.
- Conversely, our positions in Brazil—particularly Eletrobras and Equatorial Energia—contributed positively and helped cushion the portfolio's overall decline.

#### **OUTLOOK AND INVESTMENT STRATEGY**

- After several years of underperformance relative to developed markets, emerging-market equities are now
  showing signs of a structural recovery. We identify several supportive factors that could underpin a
  sustained rebound: a weaker US dollar, anticipated rate cuts, improving corporate governance, greater
  visibility on global trade flows, and resilient earnings growth.
- Asia remains our largest regional allocation, with a targeted exposure to the Al value chain—most notably through SK Hynix and TSMC, two key players in the sector.
- In China, we expect necessary policy support to materialize over the next 2–3 months, as a high comparison base and still-soft demand continue to weigh on growth. There, we maintain a selective approach focused on innovation leaders in the battery sector (CATL) and future mobility (Didi).
- Latin America remains a strategic allocation for us, primarily anchored in Brazil and Mexico. We maintain strong convictions in Brazilian infrastructure companies and Mexican banks.
- Although India has underperformed in the short term, we remain confident in its long-term growth
  potential. We maintain a targeted exposure to high-quality domestic companies in banking, insurance, and
  consumer sectors—areas largely shielded from tariff-related risks.
- During the month, we took profits on several of this year's strongest contributors to performance: SK Hynix (South Korea), Elite Material (Taiwan), and Equatorial Energia (Brazil).





# **PORTFOLIO ESG SUMMARY**

This financial product is classified as an Article 9 fund under the EU's Sustainable Financial Disclosures Regulation ("SFDR"). The binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain the sustainable investment objective promoted by this financial product are:

- A minimum of 80% of the Sub-Fund's net assets are invested in sustainable investments aligned positively with the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals;
- The minimum levels of sustainable investments with environmental and social objectives are respectively 5% and 35% of the Sub-Fund's net assets;
- Equity investment universe is actively reduced by at least 25%;
- The universe is further reduced by the number of companies deemed not aligned according to our SDG alignment assessment;
- ESG analysis applied to at least 90% of issuers;
- 50% of carbon emissions lower than the reference indicator as measured by carbon intensity.

<b>PORTFO</b>	LIO ESG	<b>COVERAGE</b>
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Source: Carmignac

Number of issuers in the portfolio	39
Number of issuers rated	39
Coverage Rate	100.0%

ESG SCORE

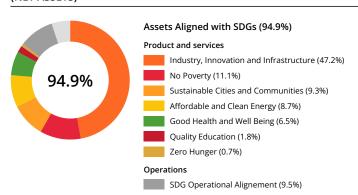
Source: MSCI ESG

Carmignac Portfolio Emergents IW EUR Acc Reference Indicator\*





# ALIGNMENT WITH THE UN SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS (NET ASSETS)



#### **United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)**

SDG alignment is defined for each investment by meeting at least one of the following three thresholds.

- 1. Company derives at least 50% of its revenue from goods and services that are related to one of the following nine SDGs: (1) No Poverty, (2) No Hunger, (3) Good Health and Well Being, (4) Quality Education, (6) Clean Water, (7) Affordable and Clean Energy, (9) Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure, (11) Sustainable Cities and Communities, (12) Responsible Consumption and Production.
- 2. Company invests at least 30% of its capital expenditure in business activities that are related to one of the aforementioned nine SDGs.
- 3. Company achieves aligned status for operational alignment for at least three out of all seventeen of the SDGs and does not achieve misalignment for any SDG. Evidence is provided by the investee company's policies, practices and targets addressing such SDGs.

To find out more about the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, please visit https://sdgs.un.org/goals.

#### MSCI ESG SCORE PORTFOLIO VS REFERENCE INDICATOR (%)



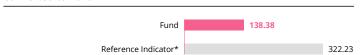
Source: MSCI ESG Score. ESG Leaders represent companies rated AAA and AA by MSCI. ESG Average represent companies rated A, BBB, and BB by MSCI. ESG Laggards represent companies rated B and CCC by MSCI. Portfolio ESG Coverage: 91.9%

#### **TOP 5 ESG RATED PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS**

Company	Weight	ESG Rating
HONG KONG EXCHANGES CLEARING LTD.	3.0%	AAA
ICICI LOMBARD GENERAL INSURANCE CO. LTD.	2.7%	AAA
VIPSHOP HOLDINGS LTD.	4.2%	AA
ANTA SPORTS PRODUCTS LTD.	1.5%	AA
SWIGGY LTD.	0.2%	AA

Source: MSCI ESG

# CARBON EMISSION INTENSITY (T CO2E/USD MN REVENUES)



Source: MSCI, 28/11/2025. The reference indicator of each Fund is hypothetically invested with identical assets under management as the respective Carmignac equity funds and calculated for total carbon emissions and per million Euro of revenues.

#### **TOP 5 ACTIVE WEIGHTS AND ESG SCORES**

Company	Weight	ESG Score	
AXIA ENERGIA SA	5.0%	BB	
DIDI GLOBAL INC.	4.6%	В	
SK HYNIX INC.	4.4%	AA	
GRUPO FINANCIERO BANORTE SAB DE CV	4.3%	AA	
VIPSHOP HOLDINGS LTD.	4.1%	AA	

Source: MSCI ESG

**Carbon emissions figures** are based on MSCI data. The analysis is conducted using estimated or declared data measuring Scope 1 and Scope 2 carbon emissions, excluding cash and holdings for which carbon emissions are not available. To determine carbon intensity, the amount of carbon emissions in tonnes of CO2 is calculated and expressed per million dollar of revenues (converted to Euro). This is a normalized measure of a portfolio's contribution to climate change that enables comparisons with a reference indicator, between multiple portfolios and over time, regardless of portfolio size.

Please refer to the glossary for more information on the calculation methodology

<sup>\*</sup> Reference Indicator: MSCI EM NR index. The reference to a ranking or prize, is no guarantee of the future results of the UCIS or the manager. For more information regarding product disclosure, please refer to the Sustainability-related Disclosures in accordance with Article 10 available on the Fund's webpage.



converted to Furo

# **GLOSSARY**

Active Management: An investment management approach where a manager aims to beat the market through research, analysis and their own judgement.

Active share: Portfolio active share measures how different from the reference indicator the portfolio is. The closer the active share is to 100%, the less identical stocks a portfolio has compared to its reference indicator, thus the more active the portfolio manager is compared to the market.

Active Weight: Represents the absolute value of the difference between the weight of a holding in the manager's portfolio and the same holding in the benchmark index.

Alpha: Alpha measures the performance of a portfolio compared to its reference indicator. Negative alpha means the fund performed less well than its reference indicator (e.g. if the indicator increased by 10% in one year and the fund increased by only 6%, its alpha is -4). Positive alpha means the fund performed better than its reference indicator (e.g. if the indicator increased by 6% in one year and the fund increased by 10%, its alpha is 4).

**Beta:** Beta measures the relationship between the fluctuations of the net asset values of the fund and the fluctuations of the levels of its reference indicator. Beta of less than 1 indicates that the fund "cushions" the fluctuations of its index (beta = 0.6 means that the fund increases by 6% if the index increases by 10% and decreases by 6% if the index falls by 10%). Beta higher than 1 indicates that the fund "magnifies" the fluctuations of its reference indicator (beta = 1.4 means that the fund increases by 14% when the index increases by 10% but also decreases by 14% when the index decreases by 10%). Beta of less than 0 indicates that the fund reacts inversely to the fluctuations of its reference indicator (beta = -0.6 means that the fund falls by 6% when the index increases by 10% and vice

Bottom up investing: Investment based on analysis of individual companies, whereby that company's history, management, and potential are considered more important than general market or sector trends (as opposed to top down investing)

Capitalisation: A company's stock market value at any given moment. It is obtained by multiplying the number of shares of a company by its stock exchange

**Investment/net exposure rate:** The investment rate constitutes the volume of assets invested expressed as a percentage of the portfolio. Adding the impact of the derivatives to this investment rate results in the net exposure rate, which corresponds to the real percentage of asset exposure to a certain risk. Derivatives can be used to increase the underlying asset's exposure (stimulation) or reduce it (hedging).

Net asset value: Price of all units (in an FCP) or shares (in a SICAV).

Rating: The rating measures the creditworthiness of a borrower (bond issuer).

Sharpe ratio: The Sharpe ratio measures the excess return over the risk-free rate divided by the standard deviation of this return. It thus shows the marginal return per unit of risk. When it is positive, the higher the Sharpe ratio, the more risk-taking is rewarded. A negative Sharpe ratio does not necessarily mean that the portfolio posted a negative performance, but rather that it performed worse than a risk-free investment.

SICAV: Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable (Open-ended investment company with variable capital)

**Top-down investing:** An investment strategy which finds the best sectors or industries to invest in, based on analysis of the corporate sector as a whole and general economic trends (as opposed to bottom up investing).

VaR: Value at Risk (VaR) represents an investor's maximum potential loss on the value of a financial asset portfolio, based on a holding period (20 days) and confidence interval (99%). This potential loss is expressed as a percentage of the portfolio's total assets. It is calculated on the basis of a sample of historical data (over a two-year period).

**Volatility:** Range of price variation of a security, fund, market or index, which enables the measurement of risk over a given period. It is determined using the standard deviation obtained by calculating the square root of the variance. The variance is obtained by calculating the average deviation from the mean, which is then squared. The greater the volatility, the greater the risk.

# **ESG DEFINITIONS & METHODOLOGY**

ESG: E for Environment, S for Social, G for Governance

ESG score Calculation: Only the Equity and Corporate Bond holdings of the fund considered. Overall Fund Rating calculated using MSCI Fund ESG Quality Score methodology: excluding cash and non ESG-rated holdings, performing a weighted average of the normalized weights of the holdings and the Industry-Adjusted Score of the holdings, multiplied by (1+Adjustment%) which consists of the weight of positively trending ESG ratings minus the weight of ESG Laggards minus the weight of negatively trending ESG ratings. For a detailed explanation see "MSCI ESG Fund Ratings Methodology", Section 2.3. Updated June 2023. https://www.msci.com/documents/1296102/34424357/MSCI+ESG+Fund+Ratings+Methodology.pdf

MSCI methodology: MSCI uses company disclosed emissions where available. In the instance these are not available, they use their proprietary model to estimate emissions. The model has three distinct modules, production model (used for power-generating utilities), company-specific intensity model (used for companies that have reported carbon emissions data in the past but not for all years), & industry segment-specific intensity model (used for companies that have not reported any carbon emissions data in the past). For further information, please visit MSCI's latest "Climate Change Metrics Methodology" document.

**Principal Adverse Impacts (PAI):** Negative, material, or potentially material effects on sustainability factors that result from, worsen, or are directly related to investment choices or advice performed by a legal entity. Examples include GHG emissions and carbon footprint.

Scope 1: Greenhouse gas emissions generated from burning fossil fuels and production processes which are owned or controlled by the company.

Scope 2: Greenhouse gas emissions from consumption of purchased electricity, heat or steam by the company.

Scope 3: Other indirect Greenhouse gas emissions, such as from the extraction and production of purchased materials and fuels, transport-related activities in vehicles not owned or controlled by the reporting entity, electricity-related activities (e.g. T&D losses) not covered in Scope 2, outsourced activities, waste disposal, etc.

**SFDR Fund Classification:** Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR) 2019/2088. EU Act that requires asset managers to classify funds into categories, "Article 8" funds promote environmental and social characteristics, "Article 9" funds have sustainable investments as a measurable objective. In addition to not promoting environmental or social characteristics, "Article 6" funds have no sustainable objectives. For more information, please refer to https://eurlex.europa.eu/eli/reg/2019/2088/oj

**Sustainable Investments:** The SFDR defines sustainable investment as an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

**Taxonomy Alignment:** In the context of an individual company, taxonomy alignment is defined as the proportion of a company's revenue that comes from activities that meet certain environmental criteria. In the context of an individual fund or portfolio, alignment is defined as the portfolio-weight weighted average taxonomy alignment of included companies. For more information, please follow this link:

https://ec.europa.eu/info/sites/default/files/business\_economy\_euro/banking\_and\_finance/documents/sustainable-finance-taxonomy-faq\_en.pdf



# **CHARACTERISTICS**

Share Class	Date of 1st NAV	Bloomberg	ISIN	Management Fee	Entry costs <sup>(1)</sup>	Exit costs <sup>(2)</sup>	Management fees and other administrative or operating costs <sup>(3)</sup>		Performance fees <sup>(5)</sup>	Minimum Initial Subscription <sup>(6)</sup>
A EUR Acc	19/11/2015	CARPAEA LX	LU1299303229	Max. 1.5%	Max. 4%	_	1.8%	0.53%	20%	_
A USD Acc Hdg	19/11/2015	CARPAUH LX	LU1299303575	Max. 1.5%	Max. 4%	_	1.8%	0.63%	20%	_
F EUR Acc	15/11/2013	CARPEFE LX	LU0992626480	Max. 0.85%	_	_	1.15%	0.53%	20%	_
F CHF Acc Hdg	15/11/2013	CARPEFC LX	LU0992626563	Max. 0.85%	_	_	1.15%	0.62%	20%	_
F USD Acc Hdg	15/11/2013	CARPEFU LX	LU0992626993	Max. 0.85%	_	_	1.15%	0.58%	20%	_
A EUR Ydis	05/03/2021	CARPEAY LX	LU1792391242	Max. 1.5%	Max. 4%	_	1.8%	0.53%	20%	_
I EUR Acc	31/12/2021	CACPEIE LX	LU2420650777	Max. 0.7%	_	_	0.96%	0.53%	20%	EUR 10000000
IW EUR Acc	31/12/2021	CACPEIW LX	LU2420651072	Max. 0.85%	_	_	1.11%	0.53%	_	EUR 10000000

- (1) of the amount you pay in when entering this investment. This is the most you will be charged. Carmignac Gestion doesn't charge any entry fee. The person selling you the product will inform you of

- (1) of the articular you pay in which charge.

  (2) We do not charge an exit fee for this product.

  (3) of the value of your investment per year. This estimate is based on actual costs over the past year.

  (4) of the value of your investment per year. This is an estimate of the costs incurred when we buy and sell the investments underlying the product. The actual amount varies depending on the
- (4) of the value or your investment per year. This is an estimate of the costs incurred when we buy and self the investments underlying the product. The prospection of the value of your investment per year. This is an estimate of the costs incurred when we buy and self the investments underlying the product. The prospection of the value of your investment per product the reference indicator but had a negative performance. Underperformance is clawed back for 5 years. The actual amount will vary depending on how well your investment performs. The aggregated cost estimation above includes the average over the last 5 years, or since the product creation if it is less than 5 years.

  (6) Please refer to the prospectus for the minimum subsequent subscription amounts. The prospectus is available on the website: www.carmignac.com.

# MAIN RISKS OF THE FUND

EQUITY: The Fund may be affected by stock price variations, the scale of which is dependent on external factors, stock trading volumes or market capitalization. EMERGING MARKETS: Operating conditions and supervision in "emerging" markets may deviate from the standards prevailing on the large international exchanges and have an impact on prices of listed instruments in which the Fund may invest. CURRENCY: Currency risk is linked to exposure to a currency other than the Fund's valuation currency, either through direct investment or the use of forward financial instruments. DISCRETIONARY MANAGEMENT: Anticipations of financial market changes made by the Management Company have a direct effect on the Fund's performance, which depends on the stocks selected.

The Fund presents a risk of loss of capital.

# IMPORTANT LEGAL INFORMATION

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