



PROSPECTUS

CARMIGNAC S.A. SICAV - PART II UCI

Carmignac S.A. SICAV - Part II UCI is an undertaking for collective investment subject to Part II of the 2010 Law and, accordingly, is subject to product supervision by the Luxembourg supervisory authority of the financial sector (CSSF).

IMPORTANT NOTICE

The Shares in Carmignac S.A. SICAV - Part II UCI (the "**Fund**") are offered solely on the basis of the information contained in this Prospectus (as defined hereinafter), in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement (as defined hereinafter) and the information contained in the reports referred to therein.

In connection with the offer made in this Prospectus, no person is authorised to give any information or to make any representations other than those contained in this Prospectus and the documents referred to herein, and any subscription or purchase of Shares made by any person on the basis of statements or representations not contained in or inconsistent with the information contained herein shall be solely at the risk of the subscriber or purchaser.

This Prospectus does not purport to be all-inclusive and does not necessarily contain all the information that a prospective investor may desire in deciding whether or not to subscribe to or purchase the Shares. No representation or warranty, express or implied, is or will be made in relation to, and no responsibility or liability is or will be accepted by the Fund, the Board of Directors, the AIFM or the Investment Manager as to or in relation to the accuracy or completeness of this Prospectus or any other written or verbal information made available to any recipient or his/her/its advisors in connection with any further investigation of the Fund.

The Board of Directors is responsible for the information contained in this Prospectus. To the best of its knowledge, it has taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case, the information contained herein is accurate as at the date stated herein. The Fund, the Board of Directors, the AIFM and the Investment Manager expressly disclaim any and all liability based on such information, errors in such information, or omissions in such information. In particular, no representation or warranty is given as to the accuracy of any financial information contained in this Prospectus or as to the achievement or reasonableness of any forecasts, projections, management targets, prospects or returns. Recipients shall be entitled to rely solely on any representations and warranties made to them by the Fund in any definitive subscription agreement for Shares entered into with the Fund (a "**Subscription Agreement**").

Any losses in the Fund will be borne solely by the Investors in the Fund. Investors should be able to bear the economic consequences of an investment in the Fund, including the possibility of the loss of their entire investment.

Prospective investors should not construe the contents of this Prospectus as investment, legal, business, accounting, tax or other advice. In making an investment decision, prospective investors must rely on their own examination of the Fund and the terms of the offering, including the merits and risks involved. Each prospective investor should consult his/her/its own attorneys, business advisors and/or tax advisors as to legal, business, accounting, tax and related matters concerning an investment in the Fund. An investment in the Fund involves significant risks. Prospective investors should have the financial ability and willingness to accept the risk characteristics of the Fund.

Neither the distribution of this Prospectus nor any offering of the Shares shall under any circumstances imply that the information contained in this Prospectus is correct as of a date subsequent to the date of this Prospectus or create any implication or constitute a representation that there has been no change in the business or affairs of the Fund or any other information contained in the Prospectus since the date of this Prospectus.

The Fund has an umbrella structure consisting of one or more sub-funds (each, a "**Sub-Fund**"). Prospective investors have the opportunity to invest in one or more Sub-Funds which may be created from time to time and the terms of which may differ significantly, including in relation to their investment strategy, fee structure, distribution policy, investor prerequisites, terms of payment or other specific attributes. The rights and obligations of the Investors are limited to the assets of the Sub-Fund(s) in which they invest. The assets of each Sub-Fund shall only be liable to the

extent that the Investors are invested in the respective Sub-Fund and in line with the extent of the claims of those creditors, whose claims arose upon the creation of the relevant Sub-Fund or in connection with the management or the liquidation of the Sub-Fund. In terms of the relationship between the Investors, each Sub-Fund is treated as an independent entity pursuant to article 181(8) of the 2010 Law. Each Sub-Fund may be liquidated individually, without this resulting in the liquidation of another Sub-Fund. The characteristics of each Sub-Fund are described in greater detail in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement. Furthermore, certain Sub-Funds may be ELTIF Sub-Funds (as defined below).

To the extent that, in the European Economic Area ("**EEA**"), or the United Kingdom, the Shares are made available to retail investors, the Fund will issue a key information document for packaged retail and insurance-based investment products (PRIIPs KID) in line with Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 November 2014 on key information documents for packaged retail and insurance-based investment products (the "**PRIIPs Regulation**") and the relevant provisions applicable in the United Kingdom.

This Prospectus is qualified in its entirety by the terms of the articles of incorporation of the Fund (the "**Articles**").

Restrictions on offer of Shares

This Prospectus does not constitute an offer to issue or sell to, or a solicitation of an offer to subscribe from, anyone in any country or jurisdiction (i) in which such an offer or solicitation is not authorised, (ii) in which any person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so, or (iii) in which such an offer or solicitation would otherwise be unlawful.

The offering of Shares does not constitute a direct or an indirect offering of interests in any of the investments, and purchasers of Shares offered hereby will not have any direct interest in or have any voting rights in such investments. The investments, or institutions related to the investments, may have other business relationships with the Fund, the Board of Directors, the AIFM, the Investment Manager and its Affiliates, or any investment advisor, where applicable.

No action has been taken that would, or is intended to, permit a public offer of the Shares in any country or jurisdiction where any such action for that purpose is required. Accordingly, Shares may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, and neither this Prospectus nor any other information, form of application, advertisement or other document may be distributed or published in any country or jurisdiction, except under circumstances that would result in compliance with any applicable laws and regulations. Persons into whose possession this Prospectus comes must inform themselves about and observe any legal restrictions affecting any subscription of Shares. None of the Fund, the Board of Directors, the AIFM or the Investment Manager makes any representation or warranty to any prospective investor regarding the legality of an investment in the Fund by such person under appropriate securities or similar laws.

Notice to residents of the European Economic Area (the "EEA")

Pursuant to Directive 2011/61/EU on Alternative Investment Fund Managers (the "**AIFMD**"), the Fund and each of its Sub-Funds will constitute an EU AIF whose AIFM is itself an EU AIFM. Each Member State of the European Economic Area has adopted legislation implementing the AIFMD into national law. Under the AIFMD, marketing of the Shares of the relevant Sub-Fund to any (prospective) Investor domiciled or with a registered office in the European Economic Area will be restricted by such laws, and no such marketing shall take place except as permitted by such laws. Potential investors should ensure they are able to subscribe for Shares in the relevant Sub-Fund in accordance with the above laws.

When marketed under the AIFMD marketing passport provided for in article 32 of the AIFMD, Shares in the Fund are only available for purchase by Professional Investors, being Investors that are considered to be professional clients or may, on request, be treated as professional clients, within the meaning of Annex II to Directive 2014/65/EU ("**MiFID II**").

To the extent permitted under the local laws and regulations of the given Member State of the European Economic Area, Shares of a Sub-Fund can also be offered pursuant to the so-called national private placement regime.

The AIFM shall be able to market the Shares of the ELTIF Sub-Fund (as defined below) in the EEA subject to the conditions set out in Article 31 of the ELTIF Regulation and Articles 31 and 32 of the AIFMD. Accordingly, when an ELTIF Sub-Fund is marketed in the EEA as an ELTIF, Shares are available for purchase by (i) Professional Investors and (ii) Retail Investors (as defined below). In this respect, all Retail Investors are subject to an assessment of suitability prior to investing in that ELTIF Sub-Fund, whether the Retail Investor is to acquire Shares through the Distributor or via the secondary market in accordance with Article 19 of the ELTIF Regulation.

A Retail Investor must in addition provide written consent prior to investing, indicating they understand the risks of investing in a Sub-Fund, when all of the following are true:

- the assessment of suitability is not provided in the context of investment advice;
- the relevant ELTIF Sub-Fund is considered not suitable on the basis of the above assessment; and
- the Retail Investor wishes to proceed with the transaction despite the fact that the relevant ELTIF Sub-Fund is considered not suitable for such investor.

Notice to residents outside the EEA

Switzerland: The offer and the marketing of the Fund in Switzerland will be exclusively made to, and directed at, qualified investors (the "**Qualified Investors**"), as defined in Article 10(3) and (3ter) of the Swiss Collective Investment Schemes Act ("**CISA**") and its implementing ordinance, to the exclusion of qualified investors who have opted-out pursuant to Article 5(1) of the Swiss Federal Act on Financial Services and without any portfolio management or advisory relationship with a financial intermediary pursuant to Article 10(3ter) of CISA ("**Excluded Qualified Investors**"). Accordingly, the Fund has not been and will not be registered with the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority, and no representative or paying agent has been or will be appointed in Switzerland. This Prospectus and/or any other offering or marketing materials relating to the Fund may be made available in Switzerland solely to Qualified Investors, to the exclusion of Excluded Qualified Investors. The legal documents of the Fund may be obtained free of charge from the Investment Manager.

United Kingdom: The Prospectus and each Sub-Fund Supplement are not available to the public in the United Kingdom ("**UK**") because the Fund is an unregulated collective investment scheme whose promotion is restricted by sections 238 and 240 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 ("**FSMA**"). The Fund has not been approved by and is not regulated by the UK Financial Conduct Authority. This Prospectus has not been approved by a person authorised under FSMA for the purposes of section 21 of FSMA.

The Prospectus and each Sub-Fund Supplement are directed only at (i) persons having professional experience in matters relating to investments, being investment professionals within the meaning of Article 19(5) of the UK Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotions) Order 2005, as amended (the "**FPO**"), (ii) high-net-worth companies, unincorporated associations and other bodies within the meaning of Article 49 of the FPO and who meet the requirements thereunder, and (iii) other persons to whom they may lawfully be made available (together the "**Relevant Persons**").

The Prospectus and any Sub-Fund Supplement are not to be acted on or relied on by persons who are not Relevant Persons.

Any potential investment or investment activity to which this document relates is available only to Relevant Persons and will be engaged in only with Relevant Persons. Prior to accepting an application from any applicant who claims to fall within any of the above categories, verifiable evidence of the applicant's status may be required.

Potential investors in the UK are advised that all, or most, of the protections afforded by the UK regulatory system will not apply to the possible investment opportunity to which this document relates and that compensation will not be available under the UK financial services compensation scheme.

United States: The Fund has not been and will not be registered under the 1933 Act or the securities laws of any of the states of the United States. The Fund may not be offered, sold or delivered directly or indirectly in the United States or to or for the account or benefit of any "U.S. Person" except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the 1933 Act and any applicable state laws.

The Shares described herein have not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act. Unless otherwise specified in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, the Shares (i) are being offered in reliance on the exemption from registration provided by Regulation S promulgated under the Securities Act, (ii) will be sold only to an investor who represents before subscribing, among other things, that: (a) it is acquiring the Shares for its own account, for investment purposes only and not with a view to the resale or distribution thereof; (b) it is aware that the Shares have not been registered under the Securities Act, and that its right to transfer the Shares will be restricted, and it is aware of the absence of a market for the Shares; and (c) it is not a "U.S. Person" within the meaning of Regulation S promulgated under the Securities Act, and (iii) may not be transferred or resold except in accordance with the provisions of Regulation S promulgated under the Securities Act.

Neither the Fund nor the AIFM will provide any information to any Investors that would enable such Investor subject to U.S. income tax to designate the Fund as a qualified electing fund in respect of U.S. income tax.

Eligibility of Investors

The Shares in the Fund may only be subscribed by Eligible Investors. The Fund, the AIFM, or any of its delegates, where applicable, at its full discretion, may refuse the issue or transfer of Shares, if there is not sufficient evidence that the person to whom the Shares are sold or transferred is an Eligible Investor.

Interpretation

All references in this Prospectus to time are to Luxembourg time, unless otherwise stated. In this Prospectus, "EUR" or "€" means the currency of the Member States of the European Union that have adopted the single currency in accordance with the Treaty establishing the European Community (signed in Rome on 25 March 1957) as amended by the Treaty on European Union (signed in Maastricht on 7 February 1992). Unless the context requires otherwise, terms defined in the plural include the singular and vice versa. In the case of inconsistency between this Prospectus and the Articles, the documents will take precedence in the following order to the fullest extent permitted by law: (a) the Articles and (b) this Prospectus. This Prospectus should be read in conjunction with the Articles.

Capitalised words used in this Prospectus will have the meaning ascribed thereto in Section 2 "Definitions and Interpretation" hereof or elsewhere in this Prospectus.

Cautionary note regarding forward-looking statements

This Prospectus contains forward-looking statements, which provide current expectations or forecasts of future events. Words such as "may", "believes", "expects", "plans", "future" and "intends", and similar expressions, may identify forward-looking statements, but the absence of these words does not mean that the statement is not forward-looking. Forward-looking statements include statements about the Fund's plans, objectives, expectations and intentions and other statements that are not historical facts. Forward-looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks and uncertainties and inaccurate assumptions that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expected or implied by the forward-looking statements. Prospective investors should not unduly rely on these forward-looking statements, which apply only as of the date of this Prospectus.

Data protection policy

Prospective investors should note that by completing the Subscription Agreement, they are providing information that may constitute personal data within the meaning of European data protection legislation (including the EU General Data Protection Regulation (Regulation (EU) 2016/679) (the "GDPR") and any other EU or national legislation which implements or supplements the foregoing). The use of the personal data investors provide to the Board of Directors in the Subscription Agreement is governed by the GDPR and the terms of a privacy notice. Investors will be provided with such privacy notice.

Anti-money laundering and fighting terrorism regulations

In accordance with international regulations and Luxembourg laws and regulations (including, but not limited to, the amended law of 12 November 2004 on the fight against money laundering and financing of terrorism (the "**2004 Law**"), the Grand-ducal Regulation dated 1 February 2010, CSSF Regulation No 12-02 of 14 December 2012 concerning the fight against money laundering and terrorist financing, as amended by CSSF Regulation No 20-05 of 14 August 2020, Circular CSSF 15/609 concerning developments in automatic exchange of tax information and anti-money laundering in tax matters, and any respective amendments or replacements), obligations have been imposed on all professionals of the financial sector to prevent the use of undertakings for collective investment for money laundering purposes. The AIFM, the Fund, the Board of Directors and the other Service Providers of the Fund have policies and procedures in place to comply with applicable anti-money laundering laws and regulations in relation to Investors, prospective Investors, or Investments.

The AIFM and/or Investment Manager, where applicable, fully comply with applicable anti-money laundering laws and regulations in relation to the Fund's Investments.

Where the investment in the Fund is made through an intermediary as set forth in article 3 of CSSF Regulation No 12-02, as amended by CSSF Regulation No 20-05, the AIFM will ensure that the Administrator has in place enhanced customer due diligence measures in accordance with article 3-2 of the 2004 Law. An enhanced due diligence process will be carried out by the Administrator specifically in the cases of investments through intermediaries.

As a result of such provisions, the register and transfer agent of a Luxembourg undertaking for collective investment (UCI) must ascertain the identity of the subscriber in accordance with Luxembourg laws and regulations. The AIFM, or any relevant Service Provider, must also apply due diligence measures on the assets of the Fund in accordance with a risk-based approach. The Administrator may require subscribers to provide any document it deems necessary to effect such identification. From time to time, Shareholders may be asked to supply additional or updated

identification documents in accordance with clients' ongoing due diligence obligations according to the relevant laws and regulations.

The Fund, the AIFM, or any delegate thereof, will further provide the Luxembourg beneficial owner register (the "RBO") created pursuant to the law of 13 January 2019 establishing a register of beneficial owners with relevant information about any Shareholder or, as applicable, beneficial owner(s) thereof, qualifying as beneficial owner(s) of the Fund within the meaning of the 2004 Law. Such information will be made available to the general public through access to the RBO, as required by, and under the conditions set forth in, the Luxembourg anti-money laundering laws and regulations. In addition, the subscriber acknowledges that failure by a Shareholder, or, as applicable, beneficial owner(s) thereof, to provide the Fund, the AIFM, or any delegate thereof, with any relevant information and supporting documentation necessary for the Fund to comply with its obligation to provide the same information and supporting documentation to the RBO is subject to criminal fines in Luxembourg.

Risk factors

Prospective investors should read this Prospectus carefully before deciding whether to purchase Shares of the Fund and a Sub-Fund and should pay particular attention to the information under Section 21 "Risk Factors" and in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement. The Sub-Funds and their respective investments are long-term speculative investments and involve significant risks.

There can be no assurance that a Sub-Fund's investment objective will be achieved, and investment results may vary substantially over time. Investment in the Fund is not intended to be a complete investment programme for any investor. Prospective investors should carefully consider whether an investment in Shares is suitable for them in light of their circumstances and financial resources.

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1. DIRECTORY

FUND	Carmignac S.A. SICAV - Part II UCI
BOARD OF DIRECTORS	Mr. Mirko DIETZ Mr. Edouard BOSCHER Mr. Jean-Philippe GOURVENEK
AIFM	CARMIGNAC GESTION S.A. A public limited company (<i>société anonyme</i>) 24, Place Vendôme 75001 Paris France RCS Paris B 349 501 676
INVESTMENT MANAGER	As indicated in the Sub-Fund Supplement
INVESTMENT ADVISOR	As indicated in the Sub-Fund Supplement
DEPOSITARY	BNP PARIBAS, Luxembourg Branch A public limited company (<i>société anonyme</i>) 60, Avenue J.F. Kennedy L-1855 Luxembourg Grand Duchy of Luxembourg RCS Luxembourg B23968
ADMINISTRATOR	BNP PARIBAS, Luxembourg Branch A public limited company (<i>société anonyme</i>) 60, Avenue J.F. Kennedy L-1855 Luxembourg Grand Duchy of Luxembourg RCS Luxembourg B23968
DOMICILIATION AGENT	BNP PARIBAS, Luxembourg Branch A public limited company (<i>société anonyme</i>) 60, Avenue J.F. Kennedy L-1855 Luxembourg Grand Duchy of Luxembourg RCS Luxembourg B23968
GLOBAL DISTRIBUTOR	CARMIGNAC GESTION S.A. A public limited company (<i>société anonyme</i>) 24, Place Vendôme 75001 Paris France RCS Paris B 349 501 676
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR	PricewaterhouseCoopers A cooperative company (<i>société coopérative</i>) 2, rue Gerhard Mercator L-2182 Luxembourg Grand Duchy of Luxembourg RCS Luxembourg B65477

LEGAL ADVISOR IN LUXEMBOURG	Linklaters LLP A limited liability partnership 35, Avenue John F. Kennedy L-1855 Luxembourg Grand Duchy of Luxembourg
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2. DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATION

Unless defined elsewhere in this Prospectus or unless the context indicates otherwise, capitalised words and expressions in this Prospectus have the meaning as described below.

1915 Law	the Luxembourg law dated 10 August 1915 on commercial companies, as amended from time to time.
2004 Law	the law of 12 November 2004 on the fight against money laundering and financing of terrorism, as amended from time to time.
2010 Law	the Luxembourg law of 17 December 2010 on undertakings for collective investment, as amended from time to time.
2013 Law	the Luxembourg law dated 13 July 2013 on alternative investment fund managers transposing the AIFMD into Luxembourg law, as amended from time to time.
Administration Agreement	the administration agreement entered into by and between the Fund, the AIFM and the Administrator in relation to the Fund, as amended from time to time.
Administrator	BNP PARIBAS, acting through its Luxembourg branch.
Advisers Act	the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended.
Affiliate(s)	<p>(a) if the Person concerned is a body corporate:</p> <p>(i) the holding company of such Person or a subsidiary of such Person or a subsidiary of any such holding company or any company which controls, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediate companies, such Person;</p> <p>(ii) any other body corporate in which the Person holds, directly or indirectly, fifty percent (50%) or more of any class of equity share capital;</p> <p>(b) if the Person concerned is a limited liability partnership:</p> <p>(i) any subsidiary of such Person;</p> <p>(ii) any other body corporate in which the Person holds, directly or indirectly, fifty percent (50%) or more of any class of equity share capital;</p> <p>(c) if the Person concerned is a limited partnership:</p> <p>(i) the general partner of such Person; and</p> <p>(ii) if the general partner of such Person is a body corporate, any Person who is an Affiliate of the general partner within the meaning of (a) above; or</p> <p>(d) if the Person concerned is an individual, trust or other unincorporated body:</p>

	<p>(i) any body corporate in which the Person holds, directly or indirectly, fifty percent (50%) or more of any class of equity share capital; or</p> <p>(ii) the spouse of such Person,</p> <p>provided that any Investment shall not be deemed to be an Affiliate of the Fund or the Manager by reason only of the Fund owning such Investment.</p>
AIF	an alternative investment fund as defined in the AIFMD.
AIFM	CARMIGNAC GESTION S.A.
AIFM Agreement	the alternative investment fund manager agreement entered into by and between the Fund and the AIFM in relation to the Fund, as amended from time to time.
AIFMD	Directive 2011/61/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on Alternative Investment Fund Managers, as amended from time to time.
AIFMR	Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 231/2013 of 19 December 2012 supplementing the AIFMD with regard to exemptions, general operating conditions, depositaries, leverage, transparency and supervision, as amended from time to time.
Articles	the articles of incorporation of the Fund, as amended from time to time.
ATAD I	the rules against tax avoidance practices that directly affect the functioning of the internal market laid down in Council Directive (EU) 2016/1164 of 12 July 2016 laying down rules against tax avoidance practices that directly affect the functioning of the internal market, as amended from time to time.
ATAD II	Council Directive (EU) 2017/952 of 29 May 2017 amending ATAD I as regards hybrid mismatches with third countries, as amended from time to time.
Auditor	PricewaterhouseCoopers.
Business Day	a day on which banks are open for business in Luxembourg, except as otherwise defined in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.
Capital Call	has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 6 "Issue of Shares" of this Prospectus.
Capital Call Notice	has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 6 "Issue of Shares" of this Prospectus.
Carmignac	CARMIGNAC GESTION S.A. and any Affiliate or subsidiary thereof.
Carried Interest	the share of the Sub-Fund's profits allocated to the relevant carried interest recipient, as further set out in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, where applicable.

Class	each class of Shares in issue or to be issued in each Sub-Fund of the Fund.
Closing Date(s)	the closing date(s) which the Sub-Fund may have, if provided for in the Sub-Fund Supplement, once the Fund has been established.
Commitment	in relation to each Investor, the aggregate amount committed by it to the Sub-Fund and accepted by the Board of Directors or any person to whom such powers have been delegated (whether or not such amount has been contributed in whole or in part), as such amount may be amended from time to time in accordance with the Articles, this Prospectus and the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.
Contribution	with respect to any Investor, an amount contributed to a Sub-Fund pertaining to a Commitment by it in such Sub-Fund.
CRS	Common Reporting Standard.
CRS Law	the Common Reporting Standard which the OECD adopted on 29 October 2014.
CSSF	the <i>Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier</i> , the Luxembourg supervisory authority of the financial sector.
DAC	Luxembourg's implementation of the provisions of Council Directive 2014/107/EU amending Directive 2011/16/EU as regards mandatory automatic exchange of information in the field of taxation, as notably amended by DAC 6.
DAC 6	Council Directive (EU) 2018/822 of 25 May 2018 as regards mandatory automatic exchange of information in the field of taxation in relation to reportable cross-border arrangements.
Dealing Cut-Off	has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 8 "Redemption and Withdrawal" of this Prospectus.
Default	has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 6 "Issue of Shares" of this Prospectus.
Default Amount	has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 6 "Issue of Shares" of this Prospectus.
Defaulting Investor	has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 6 "Issue of Shares" of this Prospectus.
Depository	BNP PARIBAS, acting through its Luxembourg branch.
Depository Agreement	the depository agreement entered into by and between the Fund, the Depository and the AIFM in relation to the Fund, as amended from time to time.
Distribution Agreement	the distribution agreement entered into by and between the Distributor and the AIFM in relation to the Fund, as amended from time to time.

Distributor	any distributor appointed by the Global Distributor.
Domiciliation Agent	BNP PARIBAS, acting through its Luxembourg branch.
Due Date	the date specified in a Capital Call Notice by which Investors are to advance the Contribution specified in the Capital Call Notice.
EEA	the European Economic Area.
Eligible Investment Jurisdiction	any potential investment jurisdiction of the Fund.
Eligible Investment Assets	has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 5.1.2.
Eligible Investor	an investor who satisfies all eligibility requirements for a specific Class, as specified for the Class in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement or in the general part of the Prospectus.
ELTIF	European Long-Term Investment Fund.
ELTIF Regulation	Regulation (EU) 2015/760 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2015 on European long-term investment funds, as amended from time to time.
ELTIF RTS	Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2024/2759 of 19 July 2024 supplementing Regulation (EU) 2015/760 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards specifying when derivatives will be used solely for hedging the risks inherent to other investments of the European long-term investment fund (ELTIF), the requirements for an ELTIF's redemption policy and liquidity management tools, the circumstances for the matching of transfer requests of units or shares of the ELTIF, certain criteria for the disposal of ELTIF assets, and certain elements of the costs disclosure, as amended from time to time.
ELTIF Sub-Fund	a Sub-Fund qualifying as an ELTIF pursuant to the ELTIF Regulation.
ELTIF Sub-Fund Capital	The aggregate amount of Subscriptions, calculated on the basis of amounts investible after deduction of all fees, charges and expenses that are directly or indirectly borne by the Investors, with respect to a Sub-Fund.
EMIR	Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on OTC derivatives, central counterparties and trade repositories, as amended from time to time.
ESG	Environmental, Social and Governance.
ESMA	the European Securities and Markets Authority.

EU	the European Union.
EUR or €	the Euro.
FATCA	the U.S. Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act.
FATCA Law	the Luxembourg law dated 24 July 2015 implementing the obligations resulting from the IGA into Luxembourg domestic law, as amended from time to time.
Financial Intermediary	an intermediary, such as a distributor, clearing system or correspondent bank, which will act as a financial intermediary and acquire Shares on behalf of an Eligible Investor.
FINMA	the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority.
Fiscal Year	the first fiscal year of the Fund shall end on 31 December 2024 and on 31 December in each year thereafter (each, a " Fiscal Year ").
Fund	Carmignac S.A. SICAV - Part II UCI.
Fund Documents	collectively: (a) this Prospectus and any of its Sub-Fund Supplements; (b) the Articles; and (c) the PRIIPs KID (if applicable).
GDPR	the EU General Data Protection Regulation (Regulation (EU) 2016/679) of 27 April 2016, as amended from time to time.
Global Distributor	CARMIGNAC GESTION S.A.
Information Reporting Regime	CRS, DAC, FATCA and any: (i) legislation, treaty, agreement, regulations or guidance entered into or enacted or promulgated by any jurisdiction or international organisation which seeks to implement the foregoing or similar reporting and/or withholding tax regimes; (ii) other intergovernmental agreement between any jurisdictions concerning the collection and sharing of information; and (iii) current or future legislation, regulations or guidance promulgated by or between any jurisdiction or jurisdictions or international organisations (including, without limitation, the OECD) relating to or giving rise to or effect to any item described in clause (i) or (ii) of this definition.
Investment Advisor(s)	the entity/entities to whom the duties of investment advisor in respect of the Fund and/or specific Sub-Funds may be entrusted.
Investment Advisor Agreement	where applicable, the investment advisory agreement entered into by and between the AIFM and the Investment Advisor in relation to the Fund, with respect to a Sub-Fund, as amended from time to time.

Investment Management Agreement	where applicable, the investment management agreement entered into by and between the Fund with respect to a Sub-Fund, the AIFM and the Investment Manager in respect of the delegation of the portfolio management function by the AIFM in relation to the Fund, with respect to a Sub-Fund, as amended from time to time.
Investment Manager	as indicated in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, where applicable.
Investor	any person who enters into a Subscription Agreement accepted on behalf of the Fund to subscribe for Shares in a Sub-Fund in accordance with the terms of the Fund Documents.
Luxembourg GAAP	the Luxembourg generally accepted accounting principles.
Luxembourg RCS	the Luxembourg Trade and Companies Register (<i>Registre de commerce et des sociétés</i>).
MiFID II	Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 on markets in financial instruments, as amended from time to time.
Net Asset Value or NAV	the net asset value of the Fund, the net asset value of each Sub-Fund, the net asset value of each Class of Shares and the net asset value per Share (as the case may be), calculated as provided for in the Articles and in this Prospectus.
OECD	the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development.
Part II of the 2010 Law	Part II of the Luxembourg law of 17 December 2010 relating to undertakings for collective investment, as amended from time to time.
Performance Fee	has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 13 "Costs and Expenses" of this Prospectus.
PRIIPs KID	Packaged Retail Investment and Insurance-Based Products Key Information Document in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2021/2259 (including, where the context requires, such Regulation as it applies in the United Kingdom pursuant to the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018, as amended from time to time).
Principal	a Person for whom a Defaulting Investor holds its interests as a Financial Intermediary.
Professional Investor	an investor who is considered to be a professional client or may, on request, be treated as a professional client within the meaning of Annex II to MiFID.
Prohibited Person	has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 6.3 "Subscription Process" of this Prospectus.
Prospectus	this Prospectus issued in respect of the Fund or a specific Sub-Fund, including the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement(s), as amended from time to time. For the avoidance of doubt, this Prospectus shall constitute an offering document within the meaning of the 2010 Law.

Qualifying Portfolio Undertaking	<p>An undertaking that fulfils, at the time of the initial investment, the following requirements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • it is not a financial undertaking, unless it is a financial undertaking, other than a financial holding company or a mixed-activity holding company, that has been authorised or registered more recently than five (5) years before the date of the investment; • it is an undertaking which: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ is not admitted to trading on a Regulated Market or on a multilateral trading facility; or ◦ is admitted to trading on a Regulated Market or on a multilateral trading facility and has a market capitalisation of no more than EUR 1,500,000,000; • it is established in a Member State, or in a third country provided that the third country: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ is not identified as a high-risk third country listed in the Delegated Act adopted pursuant to Article 9(2) of Directive (EU) 2015/849; ◦ is not mentioned in Annex I to the Council conclusions on the revised EU list on non-cooperative jurisdictions for tax purposes. <p>By way of derogation, a qualifying portfolio undertaking may be a financial undertaking that exclusively finances qualifying portfolio undertakings as referred to in the ELTIF Regulation.</p>
Quarter	a three (3) month period ending on a Quarter End.
Quarter End	each of 31 March, 30 June, 30 September and 31 December in each calendar year.
Real Asset	an asset that has an intrinsic value due to its substance and properties.
RBO	the Luxembourg beneficial owner register created pursuant to the Luxembourg law of 13 January 2019 establishing a register of beneficial owners.
Redeeming Investor	has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 8 "Redemption and Withdrawal" of this Prospectus.
Redemption Date	has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 8 "Redemption and Withdrawal" of this Prospectus.
Redemption Price	in relation to the redemption of Shares held by a Shareholder, a price reflecting the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class as at the relevant Redemption Date at which the redemption is satisfied.
Redemption Request	has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 8 "Redemption and Withdrawal" of this Prospectus.
Retail Investor	a retail investor within the meaning of Directive 2014/65/EU of 15 May 2014 on markets in financial instruments and Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 of 15 May 2014 on markets in financial instruments.

SEC	the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.
Securities Act	the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended from time to time.
Service Providers	the service providers appointed by or in relation to the Fund or any Sub-Fund, including the AIFM, the Investment Manager, any Investment Advisor, the Depositary, the Administrator, the Global Distributor, Distributor, any placement agents, the Auditor and any other entity contemplated by the Prospectus or the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement or otherwise appointed to provide services in relation to the Fund or any Sub-Fund.
SFDR	Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 November 2019 on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector, as amended from time to time.
Share(s)	registered share(s) in issue of any Class and in any Sub-Fund.
Shareholder	a holder of Shares recorded as such in the Fund's register of Shareholders.
Sub-Fund(s)	any existing or future sub-fund(s) of the Fund, to which specific Shares and/or Class(es) relate.
Sub-Fund Supplement	the particular specifications pertaining to a given Sub-Fund, as amended from time to time, each time set forth in a particular supplement to this Prospectus.
Subscription Agreement	(i) in relation to an open-ended Sub-Fund, an application form to be executed by the Investor and submitted to the Administrator as part of a subscription request and (ii) in relation to a closed-ended Sub-Fund, a commitment agreement to be entered into between the Investor and the Fund at a Closing Date, each in the form approved by the Board of Directors from time to time.
Substituted Shareholder	has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 6 "Issue of Shares" of this Prospectus.
Sustainability Risks	the environmental, social or governance events or conditions that, if they occur, could cause an actual or a potential material negative impact on the value of the investment.
Sustainable Investment	an investment in an economic activity that (i) contributes to environmental or social objectives, (ii) does not significantly harm any other sustainable objectives (i.e. both environmental and social objectives) and (iii) follows good governance practices, in particular with respect to sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.
Target Fund	any of the collective investment schemes into which the Fund, including any of its Sub-Funds, may invest.
Taxonomy Regulation	Regulation (EU) 2020/852 on the establishment of a framework to facilitate sustainable investment, and amending Regulation (EU) 2019/2088, as amended from time to time.

Term	the duration of each Sub-Fund as set out in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.
Total Commitment	the aggregate of the Commitments.
Transfer	the transfer made in any manner by an Investor of all or any part of its Shares.
Transferee	the Person to whom a Transfer is to be made.
Transferor	the Investor that proposes to effect a Transfer.
UCI	an undertaking for collective investment.
UCITS	an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities as defined in the 2010 Law.
UCITS Eligible Assets	In accordance with Article 9(1)(b) of the ELTIF Regulation, assets referred to in Article 50(1) of Directive 2009/65/EC.
U.S. or United States	the United States of America, including its territories and possessions or areas subject to its jurisdiction.
U.S. Person(s)	as defined under the Securities Act, and the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission promulgated thereunder.
UK	the United Kingdom.
Underlying Investors	investors that indirectly invest in the Fund through a Financial Intermediary.
Undrawn Commitment	in respect of each Investor, the amount of its Commitment that at any given time is available to be drawn down, including, for the avoidance of doubt, those amounts repaid and available for further drawdown.
Valuation Day	a day as of which the NAV per Share of any Class of any Sub-Fund is calculated, being at least once per year, unless otherwise set forth in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.
VAT	a value-added tax.
Warehoused Investment	an arrangement where a Sub-Fund may purchase from a Warehousing Entity an asset which has been held by such Warehousing Entity through such means as the Warehousing Entity may have separately determined, including, but not limited to, the issuance of guarantees, letters of credit, or otherwise by means of direct acquisition or acquisition by the Sub-Fund, funded through additional investment to be repaid on transfer of the Warehoused Investment.

Warehousing Entities

any affiliates of the AIFM or the Investment Manager, including any collective investment schemes managed by the AIFM, the Investment Manager or any of their respective affiliates, acting as a warehousing facility vehicle as the Board of Directors, the AIFM or the Investment Manager may determine, and which hold a Warehoused Investment for the benefit of a Sub-Fund.

3. THE FUND

The following provides a general overview of the structure and principal features of the Fund. It should be read in conjunction with and is qualified in its entirety by the Articles and the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement. The Articles are available at the Fund's registered office upon request and are an integral part of this offering. In the event that the terms described herein are inconsistent with or contrary to the terms of the Articles, the terms of the Articles shall prevail. The Fund is an umbrella fund composed of one or more Sub-Funds, which may be created from time to time. This Section contains the general terms applicable to the Fund and all of its Sub-Funds and should be read together with each Sub-Fund Supplement.

The Fund was originally incorporated in Luxembourg on 5 April 2024 as an umbrella investment company with variable share capital (*société d'investissement à capital variable - SICAV*) organised in the form of a public limited company (*société anonyme*) governed by the 1915 Law and established pursuant to the Luxembourg law of 23 July 2016 on reserved alternative investment funds. It was registered with the Luxembourg RCS under number B285278. On 20 January 2025, a resolution of shareholders in the Fund was passed in order to convert the Fund from a reserved alternative investment fund to an undertaking for collective investment governed by Part II of the 2010 Law.

The Fund and its Sub-Funds qualify as an AIF under the 2013 Law. The Fund has appointed the AIFM as its alternative investment fund manager. The subscription, sale and holding of Shares is restricted to Eligible Investors subscribing on their own behalf or to Eligible Investors subscribing on behalf of other Eligible Investors (subject to any discretion afforded to the Board of Directors or any person to whom such powers have been delegated by the Board of Directors as set out in this Prospectus and/or the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement).

The Fund has been incorporated for an unlimited duration with an initial share capital of thirty thousand Euro (EUR 30,000) divided into thirty (30) Shares. The Articles have been filed with the Luxembourg RCS, where they will be available for inspection and where copies can be made. Copies may also be obtained at the registered office of the Fund, free of charge.

The share capital of the Fund shall be variable and shall at all times be equal to the NAV of the Fund and its Sub-Funds and is expressed in Euro (EUR). It is represented by Shares issued with no par value either partly or fully paid-up. Variations in the capital shall be effected ipso jure, and there are no provisions requiring publication and filing of such variations with the Luxembourg RCS.

The minimum equity share capital shall be one million two hundred and fifty thousand Euro (EUR 1,250,000) or its equivalent in another currency, such amount to be reached within twelve (12) months from the date on which the Fund has been established as a UCI Part II pursuant to the 2010 Law.

The Fund comprises one or more Sub-Funds which the Board of Directors may, at its sole discretion, establish from time to time. The Board of Directors may establish both open- and closed-ended Sub-Funds. Each Sub-Fund and, if applicable, each Class issued in each Sub-Fund may have its own investment, subscription, and profit allocation and/or distribution policy. The introduction of a Sub-Fund is effected pursuant to a decision to that end by the Board of Directors setting the terms and conditions of the relevant Sub-Fund. Each Sub-Fund may have similar or different investment strategies and other specific features (including, but not limited to, specific investment advisor(s)/manager(s)/administrator(s), if any, specific fee structures, permitted investments, investment restrictions, distribution policies and permitted eligible investors) as the Board of Directors shall determine from time to time in respect of each Sub-Fund and as contained in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement. In addition, the Fund may include Sub-Funds that qualify and have been approved by the CSSF as an ELTIF pursuant to the ELTIF

Regulation. This Prospectus and the relevant Supplement of such ELTIF Sub-Funds contain the information required under the ELTIF Regulation. For the avoidance of doubt, any reference to a Sub-Fund in this Prospectus should be deemed including reference to an ELTIF Sub-Fund, unless stated otherwise herein.

ELTIF Sub-Funds are intended to be invested in long-term assets in accordance with the specific rules laid down in the ELTIF Regulation. Investors should be aware that long-term assets are typically assets that are of an illiquid nature, require patient capital based on capital injections: commitments that are made for a considerable period of time, often provide late return on investments and generally have an economic profile of a long-term nature. As a result, Investors in an ELTIF Sub-Fund should carefully consider the appropriate amount of their overall investment portfolio to be invested, and it is recommended that Investors only invest a small proportion of their overall investment portfolio in such ELTIF Sub-Fund. ELTIF Sub-Funds are only appropriate for Investors who are able to sustain a long-term and illiquid commitment.

The assets and liabilities of each Sub-Fund shall be segregated from the assets and liabilities of the other Sub-Funds, with creditors having recourse only to the assets of the Sub-Fund concerned. As between the Shareholders, each Sub-Fund will be deemed to be a separate entity. The rights and obligations of the Investors are limited to the assets of the Sub-Fund(s) in which they invest. The assets of each Sub-Fund shall only be liable to the extent that the Investors are invested in the respective Sub-Fund and in line with the extent of the claims of those creditors, whose claims arose upon the creation of the relevant Sub-Fund or in connection with the management or the liquidation of the Sub-Fund. In terms of the relationship between the Investors, each Sub-Fund is treated independently. Each Sub-Fund may be liquidated individually, without this resulting in the liquidation of another Sub-Fund.

The Shares to be issued in relation to each Sub-Fund may, as specified in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, be attributed to different Classes, which Classes may correspond to specific features, as further described in this Prospectus.

The different Classes in issue or to be issued in each Sub-Fund of the Fund (if any) may differ inter alia in their fee structure, distribution policy or any other criteria to be determined by the Board of Directors and as contained in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

The proceeds of the issue of Shares in respect of each Sub-Fund will be invested for the exclusive benefit of the relevant Sub-Fund in accordance with the investment policy determined by the AIFM or the Investment Manager from time to time in respect of the relevant Sub-Fund and as set forth in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement. All Shares of the same Class in a particular Sub-Fund shall have equal rights as to dividends declared (if any), income, realised and unrealised investment gains, redemption rights, redemption proceeds and liquidation proceeds, subject to any arrangements or side letters to the contrary as may be agreed from time to time with an Investor when permitted under the relevant laws and regulations.

4. MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

4.1. THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors of the Fund has overall responsibility for the management, the administration as well as the investment policies and strategies of the Fund and each Sub-Fund.

The Board of Directors is vested with the broadest powers to perform all acts of disposition and administration within the Fund's purpose. All powers not expressly reserved by law or the Fund Documents to the general meeting of Shareholders fall within the competence of the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors retains full discretion in appointing new service providers or taking any other necessary measures which would be required under the 2010 Law, the 2013 Law and the ELTIF Regulation. In particular, the Board of Directors retains full discretion in appointing a new authorised alternative investment fund manager in replacement of the AIFM or taking any other measures it deems to be in the best interest of the Fund in order to continue complying with applicable laws and regulations. In this respect, the Board of Directors has delegated certain functions in relation to the Fund or a specific Sub-Fund to certain third-party Service Providers, notably as described in this Prospectus.

The Board of Directors of the Fund is currently composed of the following members:

- Mr. Mirko DIETZ;
- Mr. Edouard BOSCHER; and
- Mr. Jean-Philippe GOURVENEK.

The use of a corporate director provides the Fund with access to a broader range of expertise than would otherwise be the case and provides an extra layer of support where required.

The members of the Board of Directors are appointed by the general meeting of Shareholders and are not required to be Shareholders themselves. At a general meeting, the Shareholders may at any time and *ad nutum* (i.e. without naming a reason) recall or replace one or more members of the Board of Directors in accordance with the Articles.

4.2. THE AIFM

Description of the Company

Carmignac is an independent asset management firm established in 1989 on three core principles that still stand true today: entrepreneurial spirit, human-driven insight and active commitment.

Carmignac is as entrepreneurial today as it has always been, with a team of fund managers keeping the freedom and courage to perform independent risk analysis, translate it into strong convictions and implement them.

Its collaborative culture of debate, on-the-ground work and in-house research means we will always enhance data analysis with human-driven insight to better manage complexity and evaluate hidden risks.

Carmignac is both an active manager and an active partner, committed to its clients, providing transparency on its investment decisions while being always accountable for them.

With a capital entirely held by the family and staff, Carmignac is now one of Europe's leading asset managers, operating from seven different offices.

Today, as throughout our history, Carmignac is committed to trying harder and better to actively manage its clients' savings over the long term.

General

Pursuant to the AIFM Agreement, the Board of Directors has on behalf of the Fund, appointed the AIFM to act as an alternative investment fund manager within the meaning of the 2010 Law, the 2013 Law and the ELTIF Regulation for the primary purposes of providing portfolio and risk management services to the Fund. The AIFM is authorised and regulated by the French supervisory authority of the financial sector (*AMF*) with permission to manage alternative investment funds.

Description of Duties

Under the AIFM Agreement, the AIFM has been entrusted with the following duties as per the AIFMD and Annex I to the 2013 Law, namely:

- a) the portfolio management function on behalf of each Sub-Fund, which includes the selection and the making of investments on behalf of each Sub-Fund in accordance with the respective investment strategy of each Sub-Fund;
- b) the risk management function for each Sub-Fund, which includes the risk management on a discretionary basis of the making, holding and realisation of investments, having regard to the investment objective and investment strategy of the Fund and each Sub-Fund;
- c) reporting obligations of the Fund under applicable laws and regulations as set out in the AIFM Agreement;
- d) certain marketing-related activities on behalf of the Fund; and
- e) all such other functions as may be agreed between the Board of Directors on behalf of the Fund, on the one hand, and the AIFM, on the other hand, from time to time or as may be required in order for the AIFM to comply with its obligations as the "AIFM" (as defined in the AIFMD) of the Fund.

For ELTIF Sub-Funds, the AIFM is further responsible for compliance with the ELTIF Regulation.

The duties of the AIFM are fully described in the AIFM Agreement.

While managing, administering, and marketing the Fund, the AIFM shall act in accordance with the Board of Directors' recommendations and instructions as to the structure, promotion, administration, investment management and marketing of the Fund.

Professional Liability

In accordance with the requirements of Article 9.7 of the 2013 Law, in order to cover its professional liability risk resulting from the activities it may carry out, the AIFM holds sufficient additional own funds which are appropriate to cover potential liability risks arising from professional negligence.

Delegation

The AIFM has been permitted by the Board of Directors to appoint delegates in relation to its functions in accordance with the terms of the AIFMD and the 2013 Law. Information about conflicts of interest that may arise from these delegations is available at the registered office of the AIFM.

The AIFM will monitor on a continued basis the activities of the third parties to which it has delegated functions. The agreements entered into by and between the AIFM and the relevant third parties provide that the AIFM can give at any time further instructions to such third parties, and that it can withdraw their mandates under certain circumstances and with notification to the Board of Directors without any undue delay.

All delegations shall be carried out in accordance with the terms of the AIFMD, the AIFMR and the 2013 Law.

The AIFM may appoint an external valuer to perform the valuation function. However, the AIFM's liability towards the Fund and its investors shall not be affected by the fact that the AIFM has appointed an external valuer.

Valuation

The AIFM will remain responsible for the valuation of the Fund's and the Sub-Funds' assets in compliance with the AIFMD. The AIFM will provide certain valuation services in relation to the assets of the Fund and its subsidiaries and will be responsible for establishing, maintaining, implementing, and reviewing related valuation policies and procedures. The AIFM team responsible for the valuation of the assets of the Fund is functionally independent from the portfolio management and the remuneration policy of the Fund.

The AIFM and the Fund may mutually agree to appoint an external valuer in relation to the Sub-Funds, but shall not be required to do so.

Neither the Depositary nor the Administrator will appraise investments for valuation. However, the Administrator will provide certain NAV calculation services as agreed between the AIFM and the Administrator under the Administration Agreement.

Management of Conflicts of Interest

In the conduct of its business, the AIFM's policy is to identify, manage and where necessary prohibit any action or transaction that may pose a conflict between the interests of the AIFM and the Fund or its Investors and between the interests of one or more Investors and the interests of one or more other Investors. The AIFM has implemented procedures designed to ensure that business activities involving a conflict which may harm the interests of the Fund or its Investors are carried out with an appropriate level of independence and that conflicts are resolved fairly.

Notwithstanding its due care and best effort, there is a risk that the organisational or administrative arrangements made by the AIFM for the management of conflicts of interest are not sufficient to ensure that risks of damage to the interests of the Fund or its Investors will be prevented. In such case, these non-neutralised conflicts of interest as well as the decisions taken will be reported to Investors.

In addition, with respect to the Shares marketed to Retail Clients, the AIFM will seek to ensure equal treatment of investors in the same Class of Investors in accordance with the ELTIF Regulation.

Remuneration

The AIFM has established a remuneration policy which shall be applicable to all identified staff members as specified in the AIFM Delegated Regulation and the ESMA Guidelines 2013/201. Any relevant disclosures shall be made in the financial statements, if applicable, in accordance with the 2013 Law.

Fees and Expenses

The AIFM will be entitled to receive the Management Fee (as further defined below) out of the assets of the Fund, the terms and conditions of which shall be set forth in the AIFM Agreement. The AIFM will also be entitled to receive fees in respect of ancillary services as described in and provided under the AIFM Agreement, details of which are

disclosed in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement. In addition to receiving its Management Fee, the AIFM shall be entitled to reimbursement of its out-of-pocket expenses in accordance with the AIFM Agreement and the Prospectus.

4.3. THE INVESTMENT MANAGER

The AIFM may appoint for each Sub-Fund an Investment Manager to act as an investment manager for the primary purposes of providing the delegated portfolio management services to the Fund or relevant Sub-Fund and certain other services pursuant to the Investment Management Agreement (as further described in this Prospectus). For the avoidance of doubt, the risk management functions for the Fund shall remain with the AIFM. Information on any so appointed Investment Manager is provided in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

In the absence of any Investment Manager appointed by the AIFM, the term "Investment Manager" shall refer to the AIFM.

4.4. THE INVESTMENT ADVISOR

The AIFM may appoint for each Sub-Fund an Investment Advisor to carry out certain advisory functions in connection with the relevant Sub-Fund. Any such Investment Advisor shall be at all times subject to the overall direction and control of the AIFM, and the AIFM remains responsible for the investments of the Sub-Fund.

4.5. THE INVESTMENT COMMITTEE

The Investment Manager may establish for each Sub-Fund an investment committee (the "**Investment Committee**" or "**IC**") that will evaluate and either approve or reject investment opportunities for such Sub-Fund. Further details regarding the composition and processes of the relevant Investment Committees are disclosed in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplements.

4.6. THE ADMINISTRATOR

General

The Fund has appointed the Administrator to act as a central administrator of the Fund pursuant to the Administration Agreement. The principal activity of the Administrator is to provide financial services based on fund administration.

Description of Duties

Pursuant to the terms of the Administration Agreement, the Administrator is responsible for fund accounting, preparation and reporting of the Net Asset Value of the Fund for each Class, as required, preparation of financial statements and assistance in relation to the completion of tax filings to be made in relation to the Fund and each Sub-Fund and in association with the management of the audit process. As directed by the Fund, the Administrator will provide investor communications and reports, maintain a shares register, and undertake know-your-customer and anti-money laundering checks as required by the Luxembourg regulatory authorities.

For the purposes of calculating the NAV, the Administrator will rely on the valuations provided by (i) the AIFM or (ii) any entity appointed by the AIFM to prepare such valuations, provided that such valuations have been approved by the AIFM and will follow the valuation policies and procedures adopted by the AIFM. Subject to performing any required compliance checks on pricing sources (i.e. independent providers), the Administrator shall have no responsibility or liability for the pricing/valuation of any asset supplied by the AIFM or the Fund that forms the basis for the final net asset value calculation performed by the Administrator. The Administrator shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Fund for any loss incurred by, or legal action brought against the Administrator due to acceptance of, and acting in accordance with, the instructions and pricing/valuation supplied by the Fund, the Board of Directors

or the AIFM and the finalisation of the net asset value calculation on the basis of, and in a manner consistent with, those instructions and pricing/valuation.

The Administrator is not involved, directly or indirectly, with the business affairs, organisation, sponsorship, or management of the Fund and is not responsible for the preparation of this Prospectus and accepts no responsibility for any information contained in this Prospectus other than the above description.

All the above duties are more fully described in the Administration Agreement, a copy of which is available at the registered office of the Fund.

4.7. THE DEPOSITARY

General

The assets of the Fund shall be entrusted to a single Depositary for safekeeping purposes, in accordance with article 88-3 of the 2010 Law, article 19 of the 2013 Law and the ELTIF Regulation. In this respect, the Fund has appointed the Depositary to act as a depositary of its assets in accordance with the 2013 Law, the 2010 Law, the ELTIF Regulation and pursuant to the Depositary Agreement, which regulates the flow of information deemed necessary to allow the Depositary to perform its functions for the Fund and includes all the elements required under article 83 (1) of the AIFMR. The Depositary is appointed by the Fund with the consent of the AIFM.

The Depositary is responsible for (i) the custody of all financial instruments of the Fund and each Sub-Fund required to be held in custody in accordance with the AIFMR, (ii) the verification of ownership of other assets of the Fund and each Sub-Fund, (iii) the monitoring of the cash of the Fund and each Sub-Fund, and (iv) such additional oversight functions as set out under Article 21(9) of the AIFMD, namely:

- (a) ensuring that the sale, issue, repurchase, redemption and cancellation of Shares are carried out in accordance with applicable laws, rules and regulations, this Prospectus and the Fund Documents;
- (b) ensuring that the value of the Shares is calculated in accordance with applicable rules and regulations, this Prospectus, the Fund Documents and the valuation procedures adopted in respect of the Fund in accordance with the AIFMD;
- (c) carrying out authorised instructions, provided that such authorised instructions do not conflict with applicable rules, this Prospectus and the Fund Documents;
- (d) ensuring that in transactions involving the assets of the Fund, the consideration is remitted to the Fund within the usual time limits; and
- (e) ensuring that the income of the Fund is applied in accordance with applicable laws, rules and regulations, this Prospectus and the Fund Documents.

The assets of the Fund held in custody by the Depositary shall not be reused by the Depositary, or by any third party to which the custody function has been delegated, for their own account. Reuse comprises any transaction of assets held in custody including, but not limited to, transferring, pledging, selling and lending.

All the above duties are more fully described in the Depositary Agreement, a copy of which is available at the registered office of the Fund.

The overriding objective of the Depositary is to protect the interests of the Shareholders of the Fund, which always prevail over any commercial interests.

Conflicts of interest may arise if and when the AIFM or the Fund maintains other business relationships with BNP PARIBAS, Luxembourg Branch in parallel with an appointment of BNP PARIBAS, Luxembourg Branch acting as Depositary.

Such other business relationships may cover services in relation to:

- the outsourcing/delegation of middle- or back-office functions (e.g. trade processing, position keeping, post-trade investment compliance monitoring, collateral management, OTC valuation, fund administration inclusive of net asset value calculation, transfer agency, fund dealing services) where BNP PARIBAS or its affiliates act as agent of the Fund or the AIFM, or
- the selection of BNP PARIBAS or its affiliates as counterparty or ancillary service provider for matters such as foreign exchange execution, securities lending, bridge financing.

The Depositary is required to ensure that any transaction relating to such business relationships between the Depositary and an entity within the same group as the Depositary is conducted at arm's length and is in the best interests of Shareholders.

To address any situations of conflicts of interest, the Depositary has implemented and maintains a management of conflicts of interest policy, aiming namely at:

- identifying and analysing potential situations of conflicts of interest; and
- recording, managing and monitoring the situations of conflicts of interest either in:
 - o relying on the permanent measures in place to address conflicts of interest, such as the segregation of duties, the separation of reporting lines, insider lists for staff members;
 - o implementing a case-by-case management to (i) take the appropriate preventive measures, such as drawing up a new watch list, implementing a new Chinese wall (i.e. by separating functionally and hierarchically the performance of its Depositary duties from other activities), making sure that operations are carried out at arm's length and/or informing the concerned Shareholders of the Fund, or (ii) refuse to carry out the activity giving rise to the conflict of interest;
 - o implementing a deontological policy;
 - o recording a cartography of conflicts of interest permitting to create an inventory of the permanent measures put in place to protect the Fund's interests; or
 - o setting up internal procedures in relation to, for instance, (i) the appointment of service providers which may generate conflicts of interest, (ii) new products/activities of the Depositary in order to assess any situation entailing a conflict of interest.

In the event that conflicts of interest do arise, the Depositary will undertake to use its reasonable endeavours to resolve any such conflicts of interest fairly (having regard to its respective obligations and duties) and to ensure that the Fund and the Shareholders are fairly treated.

The Depositary may delegate to third parties the safekeeping of the Fund's assets subject to the conditions laid down in the 2010 Law, the 2013 Law, the ELTIF Regulation and any other regulations applicable hereupon and the provisions of the Depositary Agreement. The process of appointing such delegates and their continuing oversight follows the highest quality standards, including the management of any potential conflict of interest that should arise from such an appointment. Such delegates must be subject to effective prudential regulation (including minimum capital requirements, supervision in the jurisdiction concerned and external periodic audit) for the custody of financial instruments. In accordance with the 2010 Law, the ELTIF Regulation, and the provisions of the Depositary Agreement, the Depositary shall be liable to the Fund and/or the Shareholders for the loss of a financial instrument held in custody by the Depositary or by a third party to whom the Depositary has delegated custody of such financial instrument. The liability of the Depositary is not affected by the delegation. In accordance with the provisions of the 2010 Law, the Depositary will not be liable for the loss of a financial instrument, if such loss has arisen as a result of an external event beyond its reasonable control, the consequences of which would have been unavoidable despite all reasonable efforts to the contrary.

A potential risk of conflicts of interest may occur in situations where the delegates may enter into or have separate commercial and/or business relationships with the Depositary in parallel to the custody delegation relationship.

In order to prevent such potential conflicts of interest from crystallising, the Depositary has implemented and maintains an internal organisation whereby such separate commercial and/or business relationships have no bearing on the choice of the delegates or the monitoring of the delegates' performance under the delegation agreement.

A list of these delegates and sub-delegates for its safekeeping duties is available on <https://securities.cib.bnpparibas/regulatory-publications/>.

Such list may be updated from time to time.

Updated information on the Depositary's custody duties, a list of delegations and sub-delegations and conflicts of interest that may arise, may be obtained, free of charge and upon request, from the Depositary.

BNP PARIBAS, Luxembourg Branch, being part of a group providing clients with a worldwide network covering different time zones, may entrust parts of its operational processes to other BNP PARIBAS Group entities and/or third parties, whilst keeping ultimate accountability and responsibility in Luxembourg. The entities involved in the support of internal organisation, banking services, central administration and transfer agency services are listed on <https://securities.cib.bnpparibas/luxembourg/> under our "Publication Corner". Further information on the BNP PARIBAS, Luxembourg Branch international operating model linked to the Fund may be provided upon request by the Fund and/or the AIFM.

The Depositary is authorised and regulated by the CSSF to act as depositary of an AIF, and any change of the Depositary is subject to prior approval of the CSSF.

In accordance with articles 36 and 95 of the 2010 Law, the duties of the Depositary shall cease, inter alia, upon termination of the Depositary Agreement between the Fund, the AIFM and the Depositary in accordance with the provisions of the Depositary Agreement. The duties of the Depositary shall survive any termination of its appointment until it is replaced, which must happen within two (2) months. The Depositary Agreement provides for the notice period after which the Depositary must be replaced. If a new Depositary has not been appointed by the said notice period, the Fund shall be put into liquidation. The Depositary which last acted as depositary to the Fund will take all measures necessary to ensure that the interests of Shareholders are properly safeguarded, including the obligation to keep open or to open all accounts necessary for the safekeeping of the various assets of the Fund until the liquidation has been completed.

4.8. THE ADMINISTRATOR'S AND DEPOSITARY'S FEE

For each Sub-Fund, the Depositary and the Administrator are entitled to a fee plus VAT (if any). In addition, the Fund will be charged with any reasonable expenses incurred by these parties in providing services to the Fund or any Sub-Fund.

4.9. THE AUDITOR

The accounting data related in the annual report of the Fund shall be examined by an approved statutory auditor (*réviseur d'entreprises agréé*) appointed by the Shareholders of the Fund and remunerated by the Fund. The Fund has appointed the Auditor as its auditor. The Auditor shall fulfil the duties prescribed by the 2013 Law, the 2010 Law, where applicable, the ELTIF Regulation, the 1915 Law and any other instruments of law taken in application thereof.

The Fund shall be audited on an annual basis.

4.10. THE GLOBAL DISTRIBUTOR

The Global Distributor will manage the global distribution of the Sub-Funds' offering and may appoint Distributors in accordance with the terms of the AIFM Agreement. Each Sub-Fund shall be responsible for all fees payable to the Global Distributor (or its delegates), in its capacity as Global Distributor in respect of such Sub-Fund. For the avoidance of doubt, such fees shall fall within the scope of the Operating Expenses of such Sub-Fund.

4.11. THE PLACEMENT AGENTS

Shares may be offered through distribution agents appointed by the Global Distributor from time to time.

4.12. FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES

Investors will invest in the Fund either (i) directly or (ii) via an intermediary holding the Shares on behalf of or as trustee for such investor (such intermediary being hereinafter referred to as a "**Financial Intermediary**"). Therefore, in respect of those investors that invest indirectly in the Fund through a Financial Intermediary (the "**Underlying Investors**"), any reference in this Prospectus to "investors" is a reference to the relevant Financial Intermediary and/or, where appropriate, the Underlying Investors, and any penalties, sanctions and requirements that can be imposed on an investor will be, in respect of the relevant Financial Intermediary, applied to the relevant pro rata portion of the relevant Financial Intermediary's Shares corresponding to the relevant Underlying Investor(s), in accordance with, and subject to the terms of, this Prospectus. Likewise, voting rights will be exercised by Financial Intermediaries through, depending on the terms of the relevant arrangement with each of the Underlying Investors, either a split vote following voting instructions from the Underlying Investors or exercising voting rights further to a general power of attorney to vote on behalf of the relevant Underlying Investors. Unless the Financial Intermediary is not acting as a mere nominee but as a Professional Investor investing on behalf of the Underlying Investor, any such Underlying Investor must qualify as an Eligible Investor which will be verified by the Financial Intermediary. In addition, each participation by a Financial Intermediary on account of any single Underlying Investor will be treated as a separate participation from that Financial Intermediary's other participations (e.g. for equalisation purposes and the treatment of subsequent and existing Investors, for distribution purposes and reinvestment, investor's clawback purposes, default provisions, etc.) in accordance with, and subject to the terms of, this Prospectus.

The Fund draws Investors' attention to the fact that each Investor can only assert each of their Investor rights (in particular the right to take part in Shareholders' meetings) in their entirety directly against the Fund if such Investor is enrolled in his/her/its own name in the Fund's register of Shareholders. In cases where an Underlying Investor makes his/her/its investment in the Fund via a Financial Intermediary, which makes the investment in its own name but for the Underlying Investor's account, not all Investor rights can necessarily be asserted by the Underlying Investor directly against the Fund. Indeed, except in certain circumstances related to the Default of the Financial Intermediary or an Underlying Investor, the Underlying Investor will not act as a Shareholder in the Fund and will have no direct rights of recourse against the Fund or the AIFM. Therefore, Shareholders should note that their rights may be affected when compensation is paid out in case of errors/non-compliance at the level of the Fund, or a Sub-Fund thereof. Investors are advised to obtain information on their rights.

4.13. INDEMNIFICATION

The Fund shall, subject to compliance with applicable laws and regulations, indemnify the members of the Board of Directors, the AIFM, the Investment Manager, the Distributor, any other Service Providers of the Fund, their affiliates as well as any officer and their heirs, executors and administrators (each, an "**Indemnified Person**") against expenses reasonably incurred by them in connection with any action, suit or proceeding to which they may be made a party by reason of their being or having been members of the Board of Directors, the AIFM, the Investment

Manager, the Distributor, their affiliates and any other Service Providers of the Fund, their affiliates or officer or, on its request, being or having been a member of any other entity of which the Fund or a Sub-Fund is an Investor or creditor and from which they are not entitled to be indemnified, except in relation to matters in respect of which they may be finally determined by the non-appealable judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction to be liable for wilful misconduct, bad faith or gross negligence; in the event of a settlement, indemnification shall be provided only in connection with such matters covered by the settlement as to which the Fund is advised by counsel that the person to be indemnified did not commit such a wilful misconduct, bad faith or gross negligence. Indemnification shall be provided only where such person has acted pursuant to the receipt of proper instructions and within the terms and conditions of any contractual agreement in full force and in effect between the Indemnified Person and the Fund, provided, *however*, that such proper instructions were not manifestly erroneous. The foregoing right of indemnification shall not exclude other rights to which any Indemnified Person may be entitled.

Agents and Service Providers of the Fund and their directors, managers, officers and employees may also benefit from indemnification from the Fund, as may be further provided for in the Prospectus and subject to the terms and provisions of the relevant service agreements.

An Indemnified Person seeking indemnification pursuant to this clause shall, upon reasonable request, be advanced by the Fund, expenses (including legal fees and costs) reasonably incurred by such Indemnified Person in defence of any proceeding against such Indemnified Person prior to the final disposition thereof, provided that such Indemnified Person has agreed in writing to repay such amount to the Fund within three (3) months of the date it is ultimately determined that such Indemnified Person is not entitled to be indemnified as authorised in this Section.

5. INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE AND STRATEGY

5.1. INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE, STRATEGY AND RESTRICTIONS

5.1.1. GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS

The Fund has a primary investment objective to provide Investors with access to private markets strategies, including through investments in both open- and closed-ended funds, equity and debt or other instruments. The asset classes may include private equity, private credit, real estate, infrastructure, and impact, as well as other forms of alternative investments, and may include secondary investments, direct investments, and co-investments, as well as alternatives not in the private markets space, such as hedge funds and liquid alternative strategies, all of which target a favourable rate of return, while controlling risk through the Sub-Funds. Each Sub-Fund will invest in accordance with the investment objective and the investment strategy as set out in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

Certain Sub-Funds may invest into and/or alongside one or more underlying funds (each, a "**Target Fund**"). Any details on such investments in Target Funds will be included in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, as the case may be. In any such circumstance, the offering of Shares in the Fund does not constitute a direct or indirect offering of interests in any Target Fund, and purchasers of Shares offered hereby will not have any direct interest in or have any voting rights in a Target Fund. Each Target Fund, or service providers related to each Target Fund, may have other business relationships with the Fund, the Board of Directors, the AIFM, the Investment Manager and their Affiliates.

Furthermore, certain Sub-Funds, if so provided in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, may invest in asset-backed securities, mortgage-backed securities and/or collateralised loan obligations, including any securitisation covered by Regulation (EU) 2017/2402 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2017 laying down a general framework for securitisation and creating a specific framework for simple, transparent and standardised securitisation, all of the foregoing on the terms set out in such relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

Each Sub-Fund's specific investment objective and investment strategy, and any specific investment restrictions (including those restrictions required to comply with the CSSF Circular applicable to a particular strategy), will be set out in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

The Fund shall specify, in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, more detailed and specific investment policies and restrictions on a Sub-Fund by Sub-Fund basis subject to the following general guidelines in compliance with Circular CSSF 02/80, whereby any given Sub-Fund shall not invest, inter alia, more than twenty percent (20%) of its net assets or commitments in subscribing for securities issued by the same issuer as measured at the time of the acquisition, provided that such diversification will be assessed on a look-through basis, and no remedial action will be required if such restriction is exceeded for any reason other than the acquisition of new investment (including the exercise of rights attaching to an investment). In such circumstances, the AIFM and/or the Investment Manager shall take reasonable steps to bring the Sub-Fund within this twenty percent (20%) diversification requirement, except where the AIFM reasonably believes that doing so would be prejudicial to the interests of the Sub-Fund or any of its Shareholders.

Circular CSSF 02/80 is not applicable to Sub-Funds of certain predominant AIF types (as contemplated under the AIFM Regulation). Such Sub-Funds will comply with the guidelines set out in Circular IML 91/75, and as described in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

Subject to the individual restrictions of the respective Sub-Fund Supplement, each Sub-Fund may, in the event of cash excess and for cash management purposes, hold cash, commercial paper (including short-term papers issued

by credit institutions), short-term government bonds (including short-term debt issued by governments), short-term fixed income securities, exchange-traded funds and other money market instruments, certificates of deposit, and money market funds including the ability to post such assets as collateral.

Subject to the individual restrictions of the respective Sub-Fund Supplement and subject to applicable law, each Sub-Fund may also enter into, for portfolio management purposes, financial derivatives transactions, complex derivatives or structured instruments.

Unless otherwise provided for in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, Sub-Funds may use securities financing transactions only where disclosed in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement and within the limits set out therein in compliance with Regulation (EU) 2015/2365 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 November 2015 on transparency of securities financing transactions and of reuse, as amended from time to time.

Unless stated otherwise in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, the Fund does not intend to use indices covered by Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2016 on indices used as benchmarks in financial instruments and financial contracts or to measure the performance of investment funds and amending Directives 2008/48/EC and 2014/17/EU and Regulation (EU) No 596/2014. Notwithstanding the preceding, the Fund may use indices in its marketing materials or other documents in order to give Investors an overview of the Fund's performance compared to such indices. The Fund will not act as a benchmark administrator within the meaning of the aforementioned Regulation (EU) 2016/1011.

5.1.2. INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS PERTAINING TO ELTIF SUB-FUNDS

The following investment restrictions are applicable to ELTIF Sub-Funds only.

5.1.2.1. ELTIF ELIGIBLE ASSETS

At least fifty-five percent (55%) of an ELTIF Sub-Fund Capital must qualify as eligible investment assets in accordance with articles 9(1)(a), 10 and 11 of the ELTIF Regulation (the "**Eligible Investment Assets**"), which include:

- (a) equity or quasi-equity instruments which have been issued by Qualifying Portfolio Undertakings:
 - (i) and acquired by the ELTIF Sub-Fund from those Qualifying Portfolio Undertakings or from a third party via the secondary market, or
 - (ii) in exchange for an equity or quasi-equity instrument previously acquired by the ELTIF Sub-Fund from those Qualifying Portfolio Undertakings or from a third party via the secondary market;
- (a)(bis) equity or quasi-equity instruments which have been issued by an undertaking in which a Qualifying Portfolio Undertaking holds a capital participation in exchange for an equity or quasi-equity instrument acquired by the ELTIF Sub-Fund in accordance with point (i) or (ii) above;
- (b) debt instruments issued by a Qualifying Portfolio Undertaking;
- (c) loans granted by the ELTIF Sub-Fund to a Qualifying Portfolio Undertaking with a maturity that does not exceed the life of the ELTIF Sub-Fund (with the "end of life" being specified in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement);
- (d) listed Qualifying Portfolio Undertakings, provided that their market capitalisation, at the time of the investment, does not exceed EUR 1,500,000,000;
- (e) target units or shares in ELTIFs, EuVECAs or EuSEFs, UCITS, and EU AIFs managed by an EU AIFM, provided that those ELTIFs, EuVECAs or EuSEFs, UCITS, and EU AIFs managed by an EU AIFM invest in Eligible

Investment Assets and have not themselves invested more than ten percent (10%) of their assets in any other collective investment undertaking;

- (f) Real Assets;
- (g) securitisation with underlying exposure to (i) residential loans, commercial loans and credit facilities provided to any type of enterprise or corporation, or (ii) trade receivable and other exposure considered as a distinct asset, provided that the proceeds from the securitisation bonds are used for financing or refinancing long-term assets, and both (i) and (ii) as understood under the Regulation (EU) 2017/2402 laying down a general framework for securitisation and creating a specific framework for simple, transparent and standardised securitisation, as amended from time to time; and
- (h) environmentally sustainable bonds issued by a Qualifying Portfolio Undertaking.

For the avoidance of doubt, when determining compliance with the fifty-five percent (55%) limit described above, an investment in ELTIFs, EuVECAs or EuSEFs, UCITS, and EU AIFs managed by EU AIFMs shall only be accounted for the amount of the investment of these collective investment undertakings in Eligible Investment Assets defined above in points (a), (a)(bis), (b), (c), (f), (g) and (h).

In accordance with Article 9(1)(b) of the ELTIF Regulation, up to forty-five percent (45%) of an ELTIF Sub-Fund Capital may be UCITS Eligible Assets in assets referred to in Article 50(1) of Directive 2009/65/EC (the "**UCITS Eligible Assets**").

5.1.2.2. ELTIF RISK SPREADING RULES

The following risk spreading rules shall apply (following a ramp-up period set forth in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement) to Eligible Investment Assets:

- (a) No single investment shall exceed twenty percent (20%) of the ELTIF Sub-Fund Capital. For the avoidance of doubt, where an investment by a Sub-Fund is made through a special purpose investment vehicle, aggregator, holding entity or similar vehicle, such vehicle shall be disregarded in the application of this provision.
- (b) The aggregate value of simple, transparent, and standardised securitisations in an ELTIF Sub-Fund's portfolio shall not exceed twenty percent (20%) of the value of the Sub-Fund's Capital.
- (c) The aggregate risk exposure to a counterparty of an ELTIF Sub-Fund stemming from over-the-counter (OTC) derivative transactions, repurchase agreements, or reverse repurchase agreements shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the value of the capital of that ELTIF Sub-Fund.

The following risk spreading rules shall apply to UCITS Eligible Assets:

- (d) An ELTIF Sub-Fund shall not invest more than ten percent (10%) of its Capital in any single UCITS Eligible Asset. By way of derogation, an ELTIF Sub-Fund may raise the ten percent (10%) limit referred to herein to twenty-five percent (25%) where bonds are issued by a credit institution that has its registered office in a Member State and that is subject by law to special public supervision designed to protect bondholders. In particular, sums deriving from the issue of those bonds shall be invested in accordance with the law in assets which, during the whole period of validity of the bonds, are capable of covering claims attaching to the bonds and which, in the event of failure of the issuer, would be used on a priority basis for the reimbursement of the principal and payment of the accrued interest.

Companies which are included in the same group for the purposes of consolidated accounts, as regulated by Directive 2013/34/EU or in accordance with recognised international accounting rules, shall be regarded as a single Qualifying Portfolio Undertaking or a single body for the purpose of calculating the limits referred to in points (a), (b), (c) and (d).

The investment restrictions provided under points (a), (b), (c) and (d) shall not apply where an ELTIF Sub-Fund is marketed solely to Professional Investors.

5.1.2.3. CONCENTRATION LIMITS

An ELTIF Sub-Fund may acquire no more than thirty percent (30%) of the units or shares of a single ELTIF, EuVECA, EuSEF, UCITS or of an EU AIF managed by an EU AIFM. That limit shall not apply where ELTIFs are marketed solely to professional investors, nor shall it apply to a feeder ELTIF investing in its master ELTIF.

The concentration limits laid down in Article 56(2) of the UCITS Directive shall apply to investments in UCITS Eligible Assets, except where an ELTIF Sub-Fund is marketed solely to professional investors.

ELTIF Additional Investment Restrictions

An ELTIF Sub-Fund shall not undertake any of the following activities:

- (a) short selling of assets;
- (b) taking direct or indirect exposure to commodities, including via financial derivative instruments, certificates representing them, indices based on them or any other means or instrument that would give an exposure to them;
- (c) entering into securities lending, securities borrowing, repurchase transactions, or any other agreement which has an equivalent economic effect and poses similar risks, if thereby more than ten percent (10%) of the assets of the ELTIF Sub-Fund are affected;
- (d) using financial derivative instruments, except where the use of such instruments solely serves the purpose of hedging the risks inherent to other investments of the ELTIF Sub-Fund; and
- (e) where a Qualifying Portfolio Company, after having been invested in, no longer fulfils the condition to be either unlisted, or if listed, having a market capitalisation below EUR 1,500,000,000 such Qualifying Portfolio Company shall continue to be accounted for as an Eligible Investment Asset for a maximum duration of three (3) years from the time when the condition above is no longer fulfilled.

5.2. BORROWING

The Fund may use financial leverage for direct and/or indirect investments and general working capital and fund expenses in accordance with the applicable provisions of law on a Sub-Fund by Sub-Fund basis only. The maximum borrowing (if any) at Sub-Fund level shall not exceed the leverage limits provided for in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement and, where applicable, in accordance with the ELTIF Regulation.

The Board of Directors or any person to whom such powers have been delegated by the Board of Directors may, acting on behalf of and for the account of a Sub-Fund, secure the borrowings of the relevant Sub-Fund by inter alia pledging the relevant Sub-Fund's assets and/or the Undrawn Commitments of Investors.

5.3. LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT

The AIFM has a liquidity management policy which is designed to enable it to monitor the liquidity risk of the Sub-Funds. The systems and procedures employed by the AIFM in this regard allow it to apply various tools and arrangements necessary to respond appropriately to redemption requests. If so provided in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement and in accordance with the terms set out therein, a Sub-Fund may be authorised to create the so-called "side pockets" by segregating certain assets that are impacted by exceptional circumstances or factors rendering them illiquid. The foregoing shall not apply to unleveraged closed-ended Sub-Funds in accordance with the AIFM Regulation and the ESMA Guidelines 2012/844.

Where relevant, in accordance with the ELTIF Regulation and the ELTIF RTS, the AIFM should implement liquidity management tools for an ELTIF Sub-Fund as further detailed in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

5.4. RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES

The AIFM risk management process has been prepared to reflect those regulations issued by the AMF in addition to applicable European directives and regulations as they may change from time to time. This is achieved through a permanent risk management function, supported by broader group oversight alongside a governance escalation route up to the supervisory board of the AIFM. This is underpinned with a governance framework established by the AIFM to manage risk and interdependencies between the major risk categories (e.g. market, counterparty, credit, valuation, operational and liquidity risk (including sustainability risks)) as well as any further material risk type relevant for the AIFs being managed. The main objective of the risk governance is to ensure compliance of the AIFM with its fiduciary obligation to act in the best interests of clients in accordance with applicable contractual, regulatory, and fiduciary standards as well as to protect the capital and reputation of the group. It covers both (i) the UCITS as well as AIF product range, and (ii) aspects of corporate risk management and risk appetite management. It also defines corporate level expectations with the activities performed on a product level.

The risk management process is updated at least annually or more frequently when required, which means each fund is assessed and the risk management process adjusted where applicable to ensure the risk management process is suitable. A key objective being to ensure that any remedial actions in the event of an actual or anticipated breach of a risk limit are timely, in the best interests of the Investors, and in consultation with the portfolio management function. The business unit of the AIFM responsible for the risk management function is functionally and hierarchically separated from the business units performing operating services.

In case any violations of pre-defined limits are identified, these are escalated to both the AIFM and the governance bodies as well as to the AMF when required by the AIFMD.

5.5. SUSTAINABILITY-RELATED DISCLOSURES

On 27 November 2019, SFDR was published. SFDR seeks to provide greater transparency, in the disclosures made to investors, on: (i) how sustainability risks are integrated within the management of the fund; and (ii) any environmental/social characteristics or sustainable investment objectives promoted by a fund.

Therefore, disclosures have been added to this Prospectus in order to reflect the disclosure requirements resulting from SFDR.

Integration of sustainability risks into the investment decisions

The AIFM acknowledges, in reference to article 6 of SFDR, that the investments of the Fund are exposed to sustainability risks which represent a potential or actual material risk to maximising the long-term risk-adjusted returns. The AIFM has consequently integrated identification and assessment of sustainability risks into its investment decisions and risk management processes through a three (3) step process, as described below.

- (1) **EXCLUSION** – Investments in companies that the AIFM considers not meeting sustainability standards of the Sub-Funds are excluded. The AIFM has established an exclusion policy which provides, among others, for company exclusions and threshold tolerances for activities in areas such as controversial weapons, tobacco, adult entertainment, thermal coal producers and power generating companies. For further information, please refer to the exclusion policy of the AIFM available at www.carmignac.com, under the section "Sustainable Investment" (sub-section "Policies & Reports").

- (2) **ANALYSIS** – the AIFM integrates ESG-related analysis alongside conventional financial analysis to identify sustainability risks of investee companies within the investment universe with a coverage of above ninety percent (90%) of corporate bond and equity holdings. The proprietary ESG research system of Carmignac, START, is used by the AIFM to assess sustainability risks. For further information, please refer to the ESG integration policy of the AIFM available at www.carmignac.com, under the section "Sustainable Investment" (sub-section "Policies & Reports").
- (3) **ENGAGEMENT** – the AIFM engages with investee companies or issuers on ESG-related issues to raise awareness and understanding on sustainability risks within portfolios. These engagements may involve a specific environmental, social or governance thematic, a sustainable impact, controversial behaviours or proxy voting decisions. For further information, please refer to the engagement policy of the AIFM available at www.carmignac.com, under the section "Sustainable Investment" (sub-section "Policies & Reports").

Potential impacts of sustainability risks on the returns of the Sub-Funds

Sustainability risks may cause adverse sustainability impacts in terms of an actual or a potential material negative impact on the value of the investments, the Net Asset Value of the Sub-Funds and ultimately, on the return on investors' investment.

There are multiple manners in which the AIFM can monitor and gauge the financial materiality of sustainability risks on an investee company's financial return.

Environment: The AIFM believes that if a company does not consider the environmental impact of its operations, and in the production of its goods and services, it could experience natural capital deterioration, environmental fines or declining client demand for its goods and services. Therefore, the carbon footprint, water and waste management, and sourcing and suppliers are monitored where relevant to the investee company.

Social: The AIFM considers that social indicators are important to monitor a company's long-term growth potential and financial stability. Such policies on human capital, product safety controls, and client data protection are some of the important practices that are monitored.

Governance: The AIFM considers that weak corporate governance can lead to financial risk. Therefore, board independence, management committee composition and skills, minority shareholder treatment and remuneration are key factors investigated. Also, corporate behaviour of accounting practices, tax and anti-bribery are verified.

6. ISSUE OF SHARES

6.1. SUB-FUND SUPPLEMENT

Specific matters relating to the offering of Shares of each Sub-Fund are referred to in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

6.2. SHARES

Unless otherwise provided for in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, the Board of Directors, or any person to whom such powers have been delegated by the Board of Directors, shall be authorised, without limitation, at any time and for any period, to issue an unlimited number of fully or partly paid-up Shares of any Class at a price in accordance with the conditions and procedures provided for in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, without granting to existing Shareholders a preferential right to subscribe for the Shares to be issued.

These Classes may be subject to different terms and conditions, including, but not limited to, potentially different currencies, hedging strategy, different dividend policy, different fee, dealing, transfer, information disclosure or liquidity arrangements. Subject to the ELTIF Regulation in respect of the ELTIF Sub-Funds, such different terms and conditions may be preferential to the Shareholders of the relevant Classes. Such Classes may be made available to any type of Shareholder, whether or not such Shareholder has legal or economic links to the AIFM or the Fund. The Fund shall only issue registered Shares.

The Board of Directors may also at any time, as far as there are economic and legal grounds, elect to dissolve a Class or exchange Shares of a Class to Shares in another Class of the Sub-Fund. Unless otherwise provided for in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, fractions of Shares may be issued up to five (5) decimal places.

The issue of Shares is prohibited (i) during any period where there is no Depositary and (ii) where the Depositary is put into liquidation or declared bankrupt or seeks an arrangement with creditors, a suspension of payment or a controlled management or is the subject of similar proceedings.

A Sub-Fund may be characterised as being of an open-ended type or a closed-ended type. Although either type may share certain features with the other, they have certain principal differences. Fundamentally, an open-ended Sub-Fund allows Investors to request the redemption of their Shares under the conditions set out in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement. It typically has the inherent ability by its terms to increase or decrease its paid-in share capital over its lifetime in response to Investor-requested subscriptions and redemptions, respectively.

A closed-ended Sub-Fund will not grant Investors a right to redeem their Shares. In practice, this fundamentally means that its maximum paid-in share capital is defined in one or more closings at the outset of the Sub-Fund, and Investors do not thereafter have the ability to request the redemption of their Shares. Shares may be issued in one or more Classes in each Sub-Fund, each Class having features or being offered to different types of Eligible Investors as more fully described in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

6.3. SUBSCRIPTION PROCESS

The subscription process applicable in respect of each Class in each Sub-Fund will generally be made by means of paid-in subscription, in the case of open-ended Sub-Funds, or capital calls, in the case of closed-ended Sub-Funds, subject to any further provisions as set forth in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

The subscription, transfer or conversion of Shares and any future transactions shall not be processed until the applicant has provided in writing or by means of electronic communication accepted by the Board of Directors or any person to whom such powers have been delegated by the Board of Directors, at their entire discretion:

- (a) a duly completed and executed Subscription Agreement; and
- (b) the information required by the Fund or agents acting on its behalf, including, but not limited to, the required know-your-customer and anti-money laundering documentation and any other required information.

No prospective investor will be admitted as an Investor in the relevant Sub-Fund until the Board of Directors, or any person to whom such powers have been delegated by the Board of Directors, has explicitly accepted the Subscription Agreement.

By duly completing and signing a Subscription Agreement, each Investor fully adheres to and accepts the Fund Documents which determine the contractual relationship between the Investors, the Fund, the Board of Directors, the AIFM and any other agents of the Fund, as well as among the Investors themselves. All Shareholders are entitled to the benefit of, are bound by, and are deemed to have notice of, the provisions of the Articles, copies of which are available as described above, free of charge. The provisions of the Articles are binding on the Fund, the Shareholders and all persons claiming through them. The Fund Documents are governed by Luxembourg law, and the courts of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg shall have exclusive jurisdiction in relation to them.

The Board of Directors shall have the power to impose such restrictions as it may think necessary for the purpose of ensuring that no Shares are acquired or held by or on behalf of (a) any person in breach of the law or requirements of any country or governmental or regulatory authority or (b) any person in circumstances which, in the opinion of the Board of Directors, might result in the Fund or any Sub-Fund incurring any liability to taxation, or suffering any other pecuniary disadvantage which the Fund or the relevant Sub-Fund might not otherwise have incurred or suffered or (c) any U.S. Person (together referred to as a "**Prohibited Person**").

In the case of both open-ended and closed-ended Sub-Funds, no subscription in kind will be accepted unless otherwise stated in a Sub-Fund Supplement or if approved by the Board of Directors or any person to whom such powers have been delegated by the Board of Directors, if they consider it to be in the best interest of a Sub-Fund.

Subject to a separate agreement with the Distributor or sub-distributor, the Board of Directors, or any person to whom such powers have been delegated by the Board of Directors, may accept a new Investor in the Sub-Fund based on the information provided separately from the Subscription Agreement and in the form determined by the Board of Directors or a delegate as sufficient for that purpose.

The subscription, transfer or conversion of Shares and any future transactions shall not be processed until the information required by the Fund or the Service Providers, including, but not limited to, know-your-customer and anti-money laundering checks, is received.

In the case of both open-ended and closed-ended Sub-Funds, Retail Investors subscribing to Shares of an ELTIF Sub-Fund may, within two (2) weeks after the signature of their subscription agreement, cancel their subscription and have their capital contribution returned without interest or penalty.

A) Open-Ended Sub-Funds

In the case of open-ended Sub-Funds, each Investor whose subscription is accepted and that is admitted as an Investor will be required to make a cash payment up front or, in some cases, one or several cash payments from time to time (as described further below), to the relevant Sub-Fund in satisfaction of such Investor's subscription as further described in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement. In the event the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement declares that a Sub-Fund is open-ended, such Sub-Fund will be established for an unlimited period of time.

In the case of an open-ended Sub-Fund, Investors will be admitted to such Sub-Fund and may subscribe to and redeem from such Sub-Fund at such times and on such basis as described in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement. Typically, an Investor may request subscriptions of Shares at defined intervals (each, a "**Subscription Date**") and by serving at least a defined time of written notice in advance of the relevant Subscription Date on which the Investor wishes to subscribe for Shares or during an offering period. Subject to the terms of the relevant Sub-Fund, subscription requests on the relevant Subscription Date may be accepted, deferred, queued and/or rejected, in whole or in part. The Board of Directors shall ensure that Investors are treated fairly (or, in respect of Investors of an ELTIF Sub-Fund invested in the same Class available to Retail Investors, equally).

The relevant Sub-Fund Supplement may require a minimum subscription amount, and may distinguish between a minimum initial subscription amount and a minimum subsequent subscription amount, and such subscription amount may also cover the fees described in the Sub-Fund Supplement, if any (including any applicable taxes thereon) and such Investor's pro rata share of all fees, costs and expenses of the Fund, including organisational, operational and offering expenses, as further described in Section 13 "Costs and Expenses" of this Prospectus. To the extent possible under applicable laws, the Board of Directors or any person to whom such powers have been delegated by the Board of Directors may decide at its sole discretion to accept a lesser amount from any particular Investor.

In the event the Board of Directors or any person to whom such powers have been delegated by the Board of Directors determines that the total initial subscription amount in relation to a Sub-Fund is insufficient, the offering of Shares may be terminated at the sole discretion of the Board of Directors or any person to whom such powers have been delegated by the Board of Directors. In such event, the relevant Investors shall be released from their obligation to pay their subscription amounts, and any amounts already contributed to the Sub-Fund shall be returned to the Investors without penalty or interest. The Board of Directors may, however, decide to reopen the offering and to establish the Sub-Fund at a later date.

Some open-ended Sub-Funds may operate in a similar manner to typical closed-ended Sub-Funds by holding multiple closings and/or by requiring Investors to make several cash payments to the relevant Sub-Fund from time to time in satisfaction of such Investors' Commitment.

B) Closed-Ended Sub-Funds

In the case of closed-ended Sub-Funds, each Investor whose Subscription Agreement is accepted and that is admitted as an Investor will typically be required to make one or several cash payments to the relevant Sub-Fund from time to time (as required) in satisfaction of such Investor's Commitment as further described in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

The relevant Sub-Fund Supplement may require a minimum Commitment, and such Commitment may also cover the fees described in the Sub-Fund Supplement, if any (including any applicable taxes thereon) and such Investor's pro rata share of all fees, costs and expenses of the Fund, including organisational, operational and offering

expenses, as further described in Section 13 "Costs and Expenses" of this Prospectus. To the extent possible under applicable laws, the Board of Directors may decide at its sole discretion to accept a lesser amount from any particular Investor.

Once the Fund has been established, each closed-ended Sub-Fund may have one or more closings (each, a "**Closing Date**"), as described in, and in accordance with, each Sub-Fund Supplement and as determined by the Board of Directors at its sole and absolute discretion, upon which Investors will be admitted to the Fund in respect of the relevant Sub-Fund.

In the event a closed-ended Sub-Fund has more than one Closing Date and the Board of Directors or any person to whom such powers have been delegated by the Board of Directors determines that the Total Commitment in relation to a closed-ended Sub-Fund is insufficient, the offering of Shares in relation to such Sub-Fund may be terminated retroactively at the sole discretion of the Board of Directors. In such event, the relevant Investors shall be released from their obligation to comply with a Capital Call Notice, and any amounts already contributed to the Sub-Fund shall be returned to the Investors without interest. The closed-ended Sub-Fund may, however, be reopened by a decision of the Board of Directors.

6.4. CONTRIBUTION AND DRAWDOWN

For Sub-Funds with a commitment structure (whether closed-ended or open-ended), the Commitment will be fully or partially drawn down from Investors over time or in a single payment, on an as-needed basis to make investments and to make payments in respect of fees, costs, other obligations, liabilities and expenses of the Fund. Each request made by the Board of Directors or any person to whom such powers have been delegated by the Board of Directors upon an Investor is referred to herein as a "**Capital Call**".

Unless specified in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, Investors will receive at least ten (10) Business Days' prior written notice for each drawdown (the "**Capital Call Notice**"). Each Capital Call Notice shall specify the amount required to be paid by such Investor to the Sub-Fund, whether such capital is called in satisfaction of such Investor's Commitment, and the due date for such payment. Drawdowns will be made in the base currency of the relevant Class.

The AIFM, in consultation with the Investment Manager, shall not be permitted to call an aggregate amount from an Investor which is in excess of such Investor's Commitment, unless otherwise set forth in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement. Commitments shall be drawn down from Investors in a given Class on a pro rata basis to their Undrawn Commitments. Subject to the principle of equal treatment of Investors, Commitments may be drawn down by the AIFM on a different basis than pro rata as the AIFM deems necessary or advisable to meet tax, regulatory, or other requirements applicable to:

- (i) the Fund; or
- (ii) any Investor, provided that in case of this clause (ii), a deviation from the pro rata principle is only permissible upon the request of the relevant Investor and receipt of such Investor's written statement explaining the specific reason for the relevant Investor's inability to take part in the relevant drawdown.

Upon payment by an Investor of the amount specified in the Capital Call Notice to the account specified in such Capital Call Notice, the Fund shall issue to such Investor such number of Shares as are calculated in accordance with the proportion between the amount contributed by the Investor and the subscription price per Share as set out in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

Failure to dispatch any Capital Call Notice to any Investor or the non-receipt of any such notice by an Investor shall not mean, by itself, that such Investor is not required to meet such Capital Call. In relation to any such Investor, the notice period for payment shall commence on the date on which the call is actually made, and the notice thereof has been dispatched and received or deemed to be received by the Investor, no interest shall be charged to such Investor and such Investor shall not constitute a Default by the Investor if the call is met within such notice period.

Failure to timely satisfy an obligation to make payments pursuant to a Capital Call will constitute a Default by the Investor and subject such Investor to the consequences described in more detail under the following Section and as set forth in the Fund Documents.

6.5. WAREHOUSING

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Section "Investment Objectives and Strategy" and the terms and conditions set out under the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, the Fund shall be authorised to acquire any Warehoused Investment from any Warehousing Entity at a purchase price equal to the sum of (i) the acquisition cost which shall be the fair market value of such Warehoused Investment as of the date of its acquisition by the Warehousing Entity (or the relevant portion thereof) in the funding currency, including any and all fees, expenses and costs incurred by the Warehousing Entity in connection with the purchase, holding and transfer of such Warehoused Investment (less any per annum calculated proceeds, income or capital gains, net of taxes, if any, received by the Warehousing Entity from such Warehoused Investment) and (ii) an additional amount determined by the Fund as set forth in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

Each Investor will be deemed to have consented to the transfer of any Warehoused Investments by such Investor's subscription to the relevant Sub-Fund.

For the purposes of acquiring a Warehoused Investment, the AIFM shall use its own valuation policy and will not have recourse to an auditor or an external valuer.

6.6. CO-INVESTMENTS

From time to time, the AIFM and the Investment Manager may offer a co-investment opportunity (a "**Co-Investment Opportunity**") in order for a Sub-Fund to co-invest with one or more third parties, including other Sub-Funds and Target Funds, where relevant (such investment, a "**Co-Investment**").

Co-Investment Opportunities will be made at the discretion of the AIFM and the Investment Manager on a case-by-case basis. Such Co-Investment Opportunities may be accepted where the AIFM or the Investment Manager, acting reasonably, determines that they are consistent with the terms and conditions as set forth in the Articles and described herein or in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

The AIFM and the Investment Manager are not required to offer any Co-Investment Opportunity to a Sub-Fund or the Investors and may, at their discretion, offer all or any portion of a Co-Investment Opportunity to one or more third parties, including to persons that are not Investors.

If the AIFM and the Investment Manager offer to Investors a Co-Investment Opportunity, and if sufficient demand exists, then they may establish one or more investment vehicles, including a Sub-Fund, for the purposes of making the Co-Investment that will track the performance of the specific Co-Investment. The AIFM and the Investment Manager may not assess the opportunity or conduct any due diligence with respect to any proposed Co-Investment.

Investors interested in an available Co-Investment Opportunity should consult with their own advisors and request and obtain any additional information they may need to consider the particular Co-Investment Opportunity.

Unless otherwise agreed in writing signed by the parties, neither the AIFM, the Investment Manager, the Fund nor the applicable Sub-Fund shall be deemed to be recommending or endorsing any Co-Investment Opportunity, nor shall they be held liable in any respect for any loss or damage resulting from a Co-Investment. No Investor shall be obliged to participate in any Co-Investment.

Amounts contributed by an Investor in relation to a Co-Investment shall be in addition to such Investor's Commitment in the relevant Sub-Fund. Accordingly, such Investor's Undrawn Commitment will not be reduced by the amount contributed with respect to any such Co-Investment.

6.7. DEFAULT

Unless provided otherwise in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement of the Sub-Fund that is of the closed-ended type, if at any time any Investor fails to timely pay in full any requested Contribution as specified in the Capital Call Notice (a "**Default**"), the amount of such Default (the "**Default Amount**") shall accrue interest equal to the amount set out in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

Upon the occurrence of any Default, the Fund shall promptly notify the Investor who has committed such Default of the occurrence of such Default, provided that a failure by the Fund to deliver such notice shall not constitute a waiver of such Default and no notice shall be required for the accrual of interest as set forth in this paragraph.

Any Default that shall not have been: (i) cured by the Investor who committed such Default within five (5) Business Days (or such other time as may be specified in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement) after the Fund has delivered notice of the occurrence of such Default to such Investor; or (ii) waived by the Fund on such terms as may be determined by the Fund at its discretion before such Default has otherwise become an Event of Default pursuant to (i) above shall be an "**Event of Default**" and the Investor having committed a Default that has become an Event of Default, a "**Defaulting Investor**".

Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default, subject to anything to the contrary contained herein (including in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement), the Fund, at its discretion, may exercise any or all of the rights set forth in this paragraph:

- cause the Defaulting Investor to forfeit all or any portion of distributions from the Fund made or to be made after such Event of Default;
- apply an additional penalty interest rate against the Default Amount, as set out in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, and cause distributions that would otherwise be made to the Defaulting Investor to be applied as satisfaction of such amount;
- apply to the Defaulting Investor's Share any additional costs incurred by the relevant Sub-Fund as a result of such Default;
- cause a forced sale of the Defaulting Investor's Share to any person (including, at the discretion of the Fund, one or more of the other Investors), equal to such price that the Fund reasonably determines is attainable in light of market conditions. Such person shall, if applicable, after executing such instruments and delivering such opinions and other documents as are in form and substance satisfactory to the Board of Directors or any person to whom such powers have been delegated by the Board of Directors, be admitted to the Fund as a substituted Shareholder ("**Substituted Shareholder**") or Shareholder with respect to such Shares, and shown as such in the books and records of the Fund.

After giving effect to any forced sale, the Defaulting Investor shall be treated as having no further interest in the Fund;

- cause the Defaulting Investor to forfeit its right to participate in any portion of a Sub-Fund's direct or indirect investments funded after such Event of Default;
- cause the Defaulting Investor to indemnify the Fund as a result of a Default to cover costs and expenses the Fund had to incur for having to draw the Default Amount on a bridge facility, as the case may be;
- institute proceedings against the Defaulting Investor to recover the Default Amount;
- withhold from the Defaulting Investor any reports or other information which the Defaulting Investor would otherwise be entitled to receive;
- suspend the right of the Defaulting Investor to participate in any vote, approval or consent of the Investors; or
- exercise any other remedy available under Luxembourg law.

In completion or derogation from the above, each Sub-Fund Supplement may provide for specific mechanisms in relation to an Event of Default.

The rights and remedies referred to in this Section "Default" shall be in addition to, and not in limitation of, any other rights available to the Fund or the Board of Directors under this Prospectus or at law. An Event of Default by any Investor in respect of any Contribution shall not relieve any other Investor of its obligation to make Contributions under this Prospectus. In addition, an Event of Default by such Defaulting Investor shall not relieve such Investor of its obligation to make Contributions subsequent to such Event of Default.

7. TRANSFER OF SHARES AND UNDRAWN COMMITMENTS

An investment in a closed-ended Sub-Fund is generally illiquid, and Investors will not have a right to request the redemption of their Shares (or, if relevant, the cancellation of their Commitments), unless otherwise disclosed in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement. Investors in an open-ended Sub-Fund will generally have a right to request the redemption of their Shares, provided that an Investor's ability to redeem his/her/its Shares may be subject to certain restrictions, as disclosed in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement. Except as expressly permitted in the Articles or this Prospectus or the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, no Investor may assign, sell, convey, pledge, mortgage, encumber, hypothecate or otherwise transfer in any manner whatsoever all or any part of his/her/its Shares or Undrawn Commitment in a Sub-Fund (a "**Transfer**"). Any purported Transfer by an Investor shall be subject to the satisfaction of the following conditions:

- (i) the Person to whom such Transfer is to be made (a "**Transferee**") qualifies as an Eligible Investor;
- (ii) the Transferee is not a Prohibited Person;
- (iii) the Investor that proposes to effect such Transfer (a "**Transferor**") or the Transferee shall undertake to pay all reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred by the relevant Sub-Fund, the Board of Directors or any person to whom such powers have been delegated by the Board of Directors on behalf of the relevant Sub-Fund in connection therewith;
- (iv) such Transfer shall be evidenced by a written agreement executed by the Transferor, the Transferee(s) and the Board of Directors, in form and substance satisfactory to the Board of Directors or any person to whom such powers have been delegated by the Board of Directors;
- (v) the Fund shall receive from the Transferee such documents as deemed useful or necessary by the Board of Directors or any person to whom such powers have been delegated by the Board of Directors to approve the Transfer and accept a Transferee as a Shareholder of the relevant Sub-Fund; and
- (vi) the Board of Directors has given its prior written consent to such Transfer, such consent not to be unreasonably withheld.

No attempted Transfer or substitution shall be recognised by the Fund on behalf of the relevant Sub-Fund, and any purported Transfer or substitution shall be void unless effected in accordance with and as permitted by the Articles and this Prospectus.

Subject to a separate arrangement with the Distributor or sub-distributor, the Board of Directors or any person to whom such powers have been delegated by the Board of Directors may accept a new Investor in the Sub-Fund based on the information provided separately from the Subscription Agreement and in the form determined by the Board of Directors or a delegate as sufficient for that purpose.

8. REDEMPTION AND WITHDRAWAL

8.1. SHAREHOLDER REDEMPTION IN OPEN-ENDED SUB-FUNDS

Unless otherwise provided for in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, the Fund shall apply the redemption policy set out below for open-ended Sub-Funds. The precise terms and conditions on which an Investor in an open-ended Sub-Fund will be permitted to redeem his/her/its Shares from the Sub-Fund will be specified in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement. In particular, the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement will describe the circumstances in which the Board of Directors may reject or defer Redemption Requests (as defined below).

In each open-ended Sub-Fund, the Investors may be subject to a certain lock-up period starting, for each Investor respectively, from the date on which the relevant Shares are issued to such Investor. During this period, Investors may be prohibited from requesting to redeem part or all of their Shares (a "hard" lock-up), or they may be permitted to request such a redemption subject to a penalty (a "soft" lock-up).

Subject to the terms of any lock-up period, an Investor (a "**Redeeming Investor**") may generally request redemption of Shares (a "**Redemption Request**") at defined intervals (each, a "**Redemption Date**") and by serving at least a defined time of written notice in advance of the relevant Redemption Date (the "**Dealing Cut-Off**") on which the Investor wishes its Shares to be redeemed.

Shareholders must give instructions for the redemption of Shares to the Administrator through electronic means of communication before the Dealing Cut-Off for the desired Redemption Date (except when there is a suspension of the Net Asset Value per Share calculation of the relevant Sub-Fund). If the instructions are received after the Dealing Cut-Off, the redemption will be deferred until the following Redemption Date.

The Fund will satisfy Redemption Requests on the basis and terms specified in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement. These may set limits on, for example, the amount of Redemption Requests by an individual or amongst the aggregate Redeeming Investors at the relevant Redemption Date up to the maximum amount of the relevant Sub-Fund's Net Asset Value at that point in time. Subject to the terms of the relevant Sub-Fund, Redemption Requests on the relevant Redemption Date may be accepted, deferred, queued and/or rejected, in whole or in part. The Board of Directors shall ensure that Investors are treated fairly.

The Fund, in consultation with the AIFM, may further elect to suspend redemptions for such period as it considers reasonable if the calculation of the Sub-Fund's NAV has been suspended in accordance with Section 11 "Suspension of the Calculation of the Net Asset Value" of this Prospectus.

Shares shall be redeemed at the Redemption Price.

Redemptions in kind out of a Sub-Fund shall be possible unless otherwise specifically set out in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

Any redemption in kind will be valued independently in a special report issued by the Auditor or any other independent auditor agreed by the Fund and qualifying as "*réviseur d'entreprises agréé*", and any costs incurred in connection with a redemption in kind, including the costs of issuing a valuation report, shall be borne by the redeeming Shareholder or by such other third party as agreed by the Fund.

The redemption of Shares is prohibited (i) during any period where there is no Depositary and (ii) where the Depositary is put into liquidation or declared bankrupt or seeks an arrangement with creditors, a suspension of payment or a controlled management or is the subject of similar proceedings.

With respect to an ELTIF Sub-Fund, any redemption of Shares shall be in compliance with the ELTIF Regulation and the ELTIF RTS as applicable from time to time.

8.2. CLOSED-ENDED SUB-FUNDS: INVESTOR WITHDRAWAL

Unless otherwise provided for in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, an Investor may not in the case of closed-ended Sub-Funds voluntarily withdraw any amount from the Sub-Fund or cause its Shares to be redeemed during the Term.

8.3. EARLY COMPULSORY REDEMPTION OR WITHDRAWAL

An Investor may be required by the Board of Directors to redeem or withdraw from a Sub-Fund where such Investor is in Default, when such Investor no longer meets the requirements to be an Eligible Investor in the relevant Sub-Fund or Class thereof, or when such Investor is or becomes a Prohibited Person, as further detailed in this Prospectus.

In addition, at the discretion of the Board of Directors, should any Sub-Fund's anticipated ongoing fees and expenses be deemed to amount to a material portion of such Sub-Fund's remaining exposure to its investments, or continued holding of an interest, directly or indirectly, in the Sub-Fund's investments, in each case no longer be feasible, then the Board of Directors may elect a secondary market broker and seek to dispose of any such investments at the best terms presented to the Board of Directors by any such secondary market broker. Should the Sub-Fund succeed in disposing of all of its investments, the Sub-Fund will effect an early compulsory redemption or withdrawal, as the case may be, of all Investors.

9. CONVERSION OF SHARES

Unless otherwise provided for in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, Shareholders are not entitled to require the conversion of all or part of their Shares of any Class of a Sub-Fund into Shares of the same Class in another Sub-Fund or into Shares of another existing Class of that or another Sub-Fund.

10. CALCULATION OF THE NET ASSET VALUE AND VALUATION

10.1. CALCULATION OF THE NET ASSET VALUE

The reference currency of the Fund is the Euro. Each Sub-Fund (and each Class) may have a different reference currency. The NAV of each Sub-Fund's Shares is expressed in the reference currency of the relevant Sub-Fund, and within each Sub-Fund, the NAV of each Class, if applicable, is expressed in the reference currency of the relevant Class, as further described in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement. The NAV of the Fund and each Sub-Fund (and each Class) shall be calculated at a frequency set out in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement (the "**Valuation Day**").

The Net Asset Value per Share of a Class results from dividing the value of the total net assets of a Sub-Fund attributable to that Class on any Valuation Day by the aggregate number of Shares of the same Class then outstanding. The value of the total net assets of a Sub-Fund attributable to a Class is equal to the difference between

the value of the Sub-Fund's assets attributable to a Class and the portion of liabilities of the Sub-Fund attributable to that Class.

The assets of a Sub-Fund shall include:

1. all cash in hand, receivable or on deposit, including any interest accrued thereon;
2. all bills of exchange and promissory notes payable on demand and any account due (including the proceeds of securities sold but not delivered);
3. all securities, shares, bonds, time notes, debentures, debenture stocks, contribution rights, warrants and other securities, money market instruments and similar assets owned or contracted for by the Sub-Fund;
4. all interest accrued on any interest-bearing assets, except to the extent that the same is included or reflected in the principal amount of such assets;
5. all stock dividends, cash dividends and cash distributions receivable by the Sub-Fund to the extent information thereon is reasonably available to the Sub-Fund;
6. the preliminary expenses of the relevant Sub-Fund, to the extent that such expenses have not already been written off, including the cost of issuing and distributing shares of the relevant Sub-Fund, insofar as the same have not been written off and insofar as the Sub-Fund shall be reimbursed for the same;
7. the marketing and distribution costs of the relevant Sub-Fund, which may be amortised (in respect of the accounting of the relevant Sub-Fund only) equally over a period of up to five (5) years;
8. the liquidating value of all forward contracts and all call or put options in which the Sub-Fund has an open position; and
9. all other assets of any kind and nature.

The liabilities of a Sub-Fund shall include:

1. all loans, bills and accounts payable;
2. all accrued interest on loans (including accrued fees for commitment for such loans);
3. all accrued or payable expenses (including administrative expenses, advisory and management fees, including incentive fees, depositary fees, and corporate agents' fees);
4. all known liabilities, present or future, including all matured contractual obligations for payment of money, including the amount of any unpaid distributions declared by the Sub-Fund;
5. an appropriate provision for future taxes based on capital and income up to the calculation day, as determined from time to time by the Sub-Fund, and other reserves (if any) authorised and approved by the Board of Directors, as well as such amount (if any) as the Board of Directors may consider to be an appropriate allowance in respect of any contingent liabilities of the Sub-Fund;
6. all other liabilities of whatsoever kind and nature reflected in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; and
7. the costs and disbursements of any committees incurred in relation to the furtherance of the business of the Sub-Fund (if applicable) and Shareholders' meetings.

The Fund may calculate administrative and other expenses of a regular or recurring nature on an estimated basis yearly or for other periods in advance and may accrue the same in equal proportions over any such period.

10.2. VALUATION OF THE FUND'S AND SUB-FUNDS' ASSETS

The value of the assets of the Fund will be their fair value determined by the AIFM in accordance with the AIFMD, the 2010 Law, the 2013 Law, the ELTIF Regulation and the valuation policy of the AIFM as applied to the Fund. Valuations will be determined based on the provisions of the Articles, this Prospectus and the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, where applicable.

The valuation of the assets of the Fund will be determined under the responsibility of the AIFM.

The valuation of the assets of each Sub-Fund shall be made in compliance with the AIFMD and shall be determined as follows:

1. the value of any cash in hand or on deposit, discount notes, bills and demand notes and accounts receivable, prepaid expenses, cash dividends and interest declared or accrued as aforesaid and not yet received, shall be equal to the entire amount thereof, unless the same is unlikely to be paid or received in full, in which case the value thereof shall be determined after making such discount as the AIFM (as defined below) may consider appropriate in such case to reflect the true value thereof;
2. the value of all portfolio securities, financial instruments (including, without limitation, loans and other debt instruments), money market instruments or derivatives that are listed on an official stock exchange or traded on any other regulated market will be based on the last available price on the principal market on which such securities, financial instruments, money market instruments or derivatives are traded, as supplied by a recognised pricing service approved by the AIFM. If such prices are not representative of the fair value, such securities, financial instruments, money market instruments or derivatives as well as other permitted assets may be appraised at a fair value at which it is expected that they may be resold, as determined in good faith under the direction of the AIFM;
3. the value of portfolio securities, financial instruments (including, without limitation, loans and other debt instruments) and money market instruments which are not quoted or traded on a regulated market will be appraised at a fair value at which they are expected to be resold, as determined in good faith under the direction of the AIFM. In respect of loans and other debt instruments, this may include, where determined to be appropriate, a valuation at cost plus accrued interest and/or accreted original issue discount less impairments;
4. investments in private equity securities will be valued at a fair value under the direction of the AIFM in accordance with appropriate professional standards, such as, without limitation, the International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation (the "**IPEV**") Guidelines as endorsed by Invest Europe, as further specified in a Sub-Fund Supplement;
5. investments in real estate assets shall be valued with the assistance of one or several independent valuer(s) designated by the AIFM for the purpose of appraising, where relevant, the fair value of a property investment in accordance with the AIFMD and its/their applicable standards, such as, for example, the Appraisal and Valuations Standards published by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (the "**RICS**"), as further specified in a Sub-Fund Supplement;
6. the amortised cost method of valuation for short-term transferable debt securities in certain Sub-Funds of the Fund may be used. This method involves valuing a security at its cost and thereafter assuming a constant amortisation to maturity of any discount or premium, regardless of the impact of fluctuating interest rates on the market value of the security. While this method provides certainty in valuation, it may result during certain periods in values which are higher or lower than the price which the Sub-Fund would receive if it sold the securities prior to maturity. For certain short-term transferable debt securities, the yield to a Shareholder may differ somewhat from that which could be obtained from a similar sub-fund which marks its portfolio securities to market on a daily basis;

7. the value of the participations in investment funds shall be based on the last available valuation. Generally, participations in investment funds will be valued in accordance with the methods provided by the instruments governing such investment funds. These valuations shall normally be provided by the fund administrator or valuation agent of an investment fund. To ensure consistency within the valuation of each Sub-Fund, if the time at which the valuation of an investment fund was calculated does not coincide with the valuation time of any Sub-Fund, and/or if such valuation is determined to have changed materially since it was calculated, then the NAV may be adjusted to reflect the change as determined in good faith under the direction of the AIFM. Moreover, if the valuation reported for an investment fund is not appraised at fair value, it may be adjusted to reflect the fair value in accordance with appropriate professional standards as also determined in good faith under the direction of the AIFM;
8. the valuation of OTC derivatives, such as futures, forward, swaps or option contracts not traded on exchanges or on other recognised markets, will be based on their net liquidating value determined pursuant to the policies established under the direction of the AIFM on the basis of recognised financial models in the market and in a consistent manner for each category of contracts. The net liquidating value of a derivative position is to be understood as being equal to the net unrealised profit/loss with respect to the relevant position; and
9. the value of other assets will be determined prudently and in good faith under the direction of the AIFM in accordance with the relevant valuation principles and procedures.

The AIFM, at its discretion, may authorise the use of other methods of valuation if it considers that such methods would enable the fair value of any asset of the Fund to be determined more accurately. Where necessary, the fair value of an asset is determined by the AIFM, or by a committee appointed by the AIFM, or by a designee of the AIFM. All valuation regulations and determinations shall be interpreted and made in accordance with the valuation/accounting principles specified in a Sub-Fund Supplement.

For each Sub-Fund, adequate provisions will be made for expenses incurred, and due account will be taken of any off-balance sheet liabilities in accordance with fair and prudent criteria.

For each Sub-Fund and for each Class, the NAV per Share shall be calculated in the relevant reference currency with respect to each Valuation Day by dividing the net assets attributable to such Sub-Fund or Class (which shall be equal to the assets minus the liabilities attributable to such Sub-Fund or Class) by the number of Shares issued and in circulation in such Sub-Fund or Class. Assets and liabilities expressed in foreign currencies shall be converted into the relevant reference currency, based on the relevant exchange rates.

The Fund's net assets shall be equal to the sum of the net assets of all its Sub-Funds.

For the purpose of allocating the assets and liabilities between the Sub-Funds, the Board of Directors shall establish a portfolio of assets for each Sub-Fund in the following manner:

1. the proceeds from the issue of each share of each Sub-Fund are to be applied in the books of the Fund to the portfolio of assets established for that Sub-Fund, and the assets and liabilities and income and expenditure attributable thereto are applied to such portfolio subject to the following provisions;
2. where any asset is derived from another asset, such derivative asset is applied in the books of the Fund to the same portfolio as the asset from which it was derived and on each revaluation of an asset, the increase or decrease in value is applied to the relevant portfolio;
3. where the Fund incurs a liability which relates to any asset of a particular portfolio or to any action taken in connection with an asset of a particular portfolio, such liability is allocated to the relevant portfolio;

4. where any asset or liability of the Fund cannot be considered as being attributable to a particular portfolio, such asset or liability is as a rule allocated to all the Sub-Funds pro rata to their NAV; notwithstanding the foregoing, if and when specific circumstances so justify, such asset or liability may be allocated to all Sub-Funds in equal parts;
5. upon the payment of dividends to the holders of shares in any Sub-Fund, the NAV of such Sub-Fund shall be reduced by the amount of such dividends.

Towards third parties, the assets of a given Sub-Fund will be liable only for the debts, liabilities and obligations concerning that Sub-Fund. In relations between Shareholders, each Sub-Fund is treated as a separate entity.

11. SUSPENSION OF THE CALCULATION OF THE NET ASSET VALUE

The Board of Directors may suspend the determination of the NAV and/or, where applicable, the subscription, redemption and/or conversion of Shares, for one or more Sub-Funds, in the following cases:

- (i) when any exchange or regulated market that supplies the price of the assets of a Sub-Fund is closed, or in the event that transactions on such exchange or regulated market are suspended, subject to restrictions, or impossible to execute in volumes allowing the determination of fair prices;
- (ii) when the information or calculation sources normally used to determine the value of the assets of a Sub-Fund are unavailable;
- (iii) during any period when any breakdown or malfunction occurs in the means of communication network or IT media normally employed in determining the price or value of the assets of a Sub-Fund, or which is required to calculate the Net Asset Value per Share;
- (iv) when exchange, capital transfer or other restrictions prevent the execution of transactions of a Sub-Fund or prevent the execution of transactions at normal rates of exchange and conditions for such transactions;
- (v) when exchange, capital transfer or other restrictions prevent the repatriation of assets of a Sub-Fund for the purpose of making payments on the redemption of Shares or prevent the execution of such repatriation at normal rates of exchange and conditions for such repatriation;
- (vi) when the legal, political, economic, military or monetary environment, or an event of force majeure, prevents the Fund from being able to manage the assets of a Sub-Fund in a normal manner and/or prevents the determination of their value in a reasonable manner;
- (vii) when there is a suspension of the NAV calculation or of the issue, redemption or conversion rights by the investment fund(s) in which a Sub-Fund is invested;
- (viii) following the suspension of the NAV calculation and/or the issue, redemption and conversion at the level of a master fund in which a Sub-Fund invests as a feeder fund;
- (ix) when, for any other reason, the prices or values of the assets of a Sub-Fund cannot be promptly or accurately ascertained or when it is otherwise impossible to dispose of the assets of the Sub-Fund in the usual way and/or without materially prejudicing the interests of investors;
- (x) in the event of a notice to Shareholders of the Fund convening an extraordinary general meeting of Shareholders for the purposes of dissolving and liquidating the Fund or informing them about the termination and liquidation of a Sub-Fund or Class, and more generally, during the process of liquidation of the Fund, a Sub-Fund or a Class;
- (xi) during the process of establishing exchange ratios in the context of a merger, a contribution of assets, an asset or share split or any other restructuring transaction;
- (xii) during any period when the dealing of the shares of a Sub-Fund or Class on any relevant stock exchange where such Shares are listed is suspended or restricted or closed; and
- (xiii) in exceptional circumstances, whenever the Board of Directors considers it necessary in order to avoid irreversible negative effects on the Fund, a Sub-Fund or a Class, in compliance with the principle of fair treatment of Investors in their best interests. The suspension of the calculation of the NAV and/or, where applicable, of the subscription, redemption and/or conversion of Shares, shall be notified to the relevant

persons through all means reasonably available to the Fund, unless the Board of Directors is of the opinion that a publication is not necessary considering the short period of the suspension.

Such a suspension decision shall be notified to any shareholders requesting redemption or conversion of their Shares, if applicable. The CSSF shall be informed without delay in the event of suspension of issue or redemption of Shares following suspension of the calculation of the NAV.

The suspension measures provided for in this Section may be limited to one or more Sub-Funds.

12. DIVIDEND POLICY

Any distributions of a given Sub-Fund's cash proceeds or the cash proceeds allocable to a given Class in a given Sub-Fund, either during the life of such Sub-Fund or Class, or prior to or upon its liquidation, will be made at the sole discretion of the Board of Directors, or any person to whom such powers have been delegated by the Board of Directors, or as otherwise set out in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

The AIFM may make recommendations to the Board of Directors or any person to whom such powers have been delegated by the Board of Directors with respect to distributions. The Board of Directors will determine, based on such recommendations but finally at its sole discretion, the timing and amounts of any distributions from each Sub-Fund to the Investors. Any proceeds from investments and all other items of income of the relevant Sub-Fund will be distributed to Investors in accordance with their respective overall ownership stake in such Sub-Fund (calculated by reference to the invested capital of the Sub-Fund attributable to each such Investor). In the case of a Sub-Fund which invests in one or more Target Fund(s), distributions are subject to the relevant Sub-Fund having received distributions from the Target Fund(s) and having met or made provisions to meet all of the Sub-Fund's liabilities.

The Board of Directors or any person to whom such powers have been delegated by the Board of Directors may choose to make distributions or declare dividends with regard to all of the Investors. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Board of Directors or any person to whom such powers have been delegated by the Board of Directors, at its reasonable discretion, may withhold from any distribution of cash or property in kind to any Investor amounts due from such Investor to the Fund, the Board of Directors, a Financial Intermediary, or attributable to such Investor, including, without limitation, such Investor's share of fund expenses.

Distributions may also be made by way of a redemption of Shares, which must be made pro rata to all Investors of the respective Sub-Fund or Class.

13. COSTS AND EXPENSES

With respect to an ELTIF Sub-Fund, an appendix to the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement shall prominently inform investors of the level of the different costs borne directly or indirectly by the investors for each Class of Shares in accordance with article 25 of the ELTIF Regulation and article 12 of the ELTIF RTS for comparability purposes.

Unless otherwise provided for in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, any costs and expenses incurred during the launch, operation or liquidation of the Fund and any of its Sub-Funds shall be allocated as follows (it being understood that any costs and expenses which are referred to below shall also include any applicable taxes):

COSTS BORNE BY THE FUND AND ITS SUB-FUNDS

Establishment Costs

Unless otherwise stated in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, each Sub-Fund shall pay all costs and expenses attributable to the establishment, organisation and authorisation of the Sub-Fund and the offer of Shares in the Sub-Fund to the Investors, including, without limitation, legal, consulting, travel, accounting, filing, diligence reports on the underlying fund(s) and capital raising as well as: (i) costs, fees and expenses involved in filing a notification, registering and maintaining the registration of one or more of the Sub-Funds or any entity involved in the management of these Sub-Funds, including any filings to be made in this respect with any regulatory or governmental agencies in any country; (ii) costs, fees and expenses of any paying agent and/or representative; and (iii) other organisational expenses. The Board of Directors or any person to whom such powers have been delegated by the Board of Directors may further decide to allocate the costs relating to the establishment of the Fund to one or several Sub-Funds, as deemed appropriate.

Collectively, such organisational expenses payable by each Sub-Fund shall be referred to as the "**Establishment Costs**".

Management Fee

The AIFM will be entitled to receive, out of a Sub-Fund's assets, a management fee (the "**Management Fee**"), the terms and conditions as well as the maximum amount of which shall be set forth in respect of each Sub-Fund in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

Performance Payments

The AIFM (or any other entity as may be designated by the Board of Directors from time to time for such purpose) may be entitled to receive, directly or indirectly, out of the Sub-Fund's assets, a performance fee (the "**Performance Fee**"), the terms and conditions as well as the maximum amount of which shall be set forth in respect of each Sub-Fund in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement. Alternatively, or in addition to the Performance Fee, the AIFM (or any other entity as may be designated by the Board of Directors from time to time for such purpose) may be entitled to receive Carried Interest, directly or indirectly, out of the Sub-Fund's assets, the terms and conditions as well as the maximum amount of which shall be set forth in respect of each Sub-Fund in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

Distribution Fee

The Distributor may be entitled to receive a distribution fee (the "**Distribution Fee**"), the terms and conditions as well as the maximum amount of which shall be set forth in respect of each Sub-Fund in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

Transaction Fees

To the extent provided in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, transaction fees, such as acquisition, disposition, financing or other similar fees (the "**Transaction Fees**"), if any, received in connection with the operation of a Sub-Fund or Class, if applicable, may be paid to the relevant Sub-Fund or Class, if applicable, after reimbursement of any related operating expenses incurred by agents of any of the Sub-Funds.

Other Fees

Unless otherwise provided for in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement and to the extent not already covered, each Sub-Fund and Class, if applicable, shall pay all internal and external operational costs, expenses and fees incurred for its own account and in relation to its operations, including:

- (i) the fees of the AIFM, the Investment Manager, the Investment Advisor (if any), the Depositary, the Administrator, and other agents of the Fund as set out in the relevant service agreements;
- (ii) the costs of reasonable fees related to the members of the Board of Directors per person per year, as well as the costs of reasonable travel, accommodation and out-of-pocket expenses incurred by the members of the Board of Directors;
- (iii) the costs of reasonable directors' and officers' liability insurance on behalf of the members of the Board of Directors, of the AIFM, of the Investment Manager, of the Investment Advisor (if any), or any other agents of the Fund and their key officers and employees;
- (iv) the costs of meetings of any committees and reimbursements of reasonable costs incurred by the members of these committees, as well as the costs relating to the convening and holding of Shareholders' meetings (including reasonable travel, accommodation and out-of-pocket expenses);
- (v) expenses, costs and fees (including, without limitation, allocable compensation and other overheads) attributable or allocable to the provision of in-house administrative, accounting, legal and compliance services to the Sub-Fund and/or portfolio companies, provided that any such expenses, costs and fees, as determined by the AIFM, will be no greater than expenses, costs and fees charged by an unaffiliated third-party service provider;
- (vi) fees, charges and expenses charged to the Fund and a given Sub-Fund or Class, if applicable, by lawyers, tax advisors, auditors, accountants, credit institutions, financial institutions, brokers, finders, administrators, appraisers, distributors, distribution and listing platform service fees, placement agents, representatives, other professional advisors, and any industry executives, advisors, consultants (including operating consultants and sourcing consultants), any platform advisors, any ESG consultants, operating executives, subject matter experts or other persons acting in a similar capacity who provide services to or in respect of the Fund and/or a Sub-Fund or its operating entities, or other subsidiaries or related investments (including all costs, incentive compensation and expenses on account of compensation and benefits of its employees);
- (vii) the fees, costs and expenses relating to investments and potential investments (irrespective of whether any such potential investments are ultimately consummated), including the discovery, sourcing, development, evaluation, (due) diligence, negotiation, acquisition, holding, administration, monitoring, valuing and disposition thereof, as well as travel and other out-of-pocket costs and any abort costs incurred by the AIFM, the Investment Manager (where applicable) and the Investment Advisor or any personnel thereof in investigating, evaluating or monitoring Investments or investment opportunities;

- (viii) all fees and costs related to finance, portfolio management, asset and risk management, asset servicing, cash management, the maintenance of entities established to facilitate the Fund and/or Sub-Fund's investments and other services, as determined by the Board of Directors at its discretion, or by the AIFM, the Investment Manager or the Investment Advisor (if any) within the limits of their respective functions;
- (ix) all interest, fees, expenses and other amounts payable in respect of or in connection with borrowings, financings or derivative transactions (including third-party expenses relating to hedging strategies of the Sub-Fund);
- (x) the managerial fees and operational expenses that each Sub-Fund or Class, if applicable, will bear and that are attributable to its own investments;
- (xi) costs and expenses incurred in connection with obtaining market data, research and other information for the benefit of the Sub-Fund (including through the use of expert networks and information service subscriptions), including, but not limited to, the cost of licensing the reference indicator, the cost of data used for re-publication to third parties and, more generally, for investor information in addition to periodic reports, the cost of access to investor data providers, costs resulting from specific client requests, and the cost of specific data, as well as the operation and maintenance of information systems and software used to obtain such data or research and other related information;
- (xii) costs and fees payable in relation to the development, implementation, operation or maintenance of computer software or systems (including, but not limited to, licences, development and hosting), for the benefit of a Sub-Fund or Class, the Investors or a Sub-Fund's/Class's investments;
- (xiii) costs, fees and expenses involved in filing a notification, registering and maintaining the registration of one or more of the Fund and/or Sub-Funds or any entity involved in the management of these Sub-Funds, including any filings to be made in this respect with any regulatory or governmental agencies in any country, as well as costs, fees and expenses of any paying agent, representative agent and/or any other agent interfacing with distribution, and the costs of publication of the Net Asset Value;
- (xiv) the costs of any listing application, if any, as well as the costs incurred with the ongoing listing of any of the Shares of the Fund or any Sub-Fund or Class thereof;
- (xv) costs and expenses involved in promoting and marketing any Sub-Fund or Class thereof and, where applicable, effecting any fundraising operation, including any reasonable travel and other out-of-pocket costs incurred by the AIFM and the Investment Manager (where applicable);
- (xvi) the costs related to the preparation of all reports or information requests for one or more Investors, as well as shareholder notices or other information (including all fees, costs and expenses incurred in auditing such reports, provide access to a database or other internet forum and for any other operational, legal or secretarial expenses relating thereto or arising in connection with the distribution of the same), and any other financial, tax, accounting, legal or fund administration reporting functions for the benefit of the Fund and/or the Sub-Funds or Class or any Sub-Fund's subsidiary and/or special purpose vehicles;
- (xvii) fees and expenses associated with preparing and maintaining the books and records of the Fund and/or Sub-Fund, including internal costs that the AIFM, the Investment Manager (if applicable) and the Investment Advisor (if any) or any personnel thereof may incur in producing the Fund's and/or the Sub-Funds' official books and records;

- (xviii) fees, costs and expenses associated with know-your-customer (KYC) and due diligence procedures (whether initial or ongoing) in relation to Investors and potential investors, as well as for monitoring fundraisings and the investor base of the Sub-Fund;
- (xix) costs and fees in relation to the preparation of financial statements, tax returns, all fees and costs due to legal or regulatory development directly applicable to the Fund or its Investors or any of the Service Providers to the extent such legal or regulatory development requires actions from the Fund (notably FATCA, CRS and EMIR);
- (xx) expenses and costs of implementing regulatory reporting to the regulator (e.g. reporting relating to ratio breaches and compensation, AIFM report, etc.), expenses relating to compliance with regulatory obligations (e.g. monitoring of the Fund's pricing strategy, subscriptions to mandatory professional associations, operating costs for monitoring limit overruns, monitoring of delegated or outsourced activities, etc.), operating costs relating to the maintenance and implementation of the policy on voting rights at meetings of the securities making up the Sub-Fund's assets;
- (xxi) expenses and costs of compliance with the ELTIF Regulation and the ELTIF RTS (that shall be allocated to the relevant ELTIF Sub-Funds);
- (xxii) taxes payable by the Fund, if any;
- (xxiii) costs of winding up and liquidating the Sub-Fund;
- (xxiv) costs incurred in connection with any litigation, arbitration or other proceedings in relation to the Fund or the Sub-Funds;
- (xxv) costs and expenses incurred in connection with any audit, examination, investigation or other proceeding by any tax authority or incurred in connection with any governmental inquiry, investigation or proceeding, in each case, involving or otherwise applicable to the Fund and/or the Sub-Funds, including the amount of any judgments, settlements, remediation or fines paid in connection therewith;
- (xxvi) indemnification obligations (including any fees, costs and expenses incurred in connection with indemnifying Indemnified Persons and advancing fees, costs and expenses incurred by any such Indemnified Persons in defence or settlement of any claim that may be subject to a right of indemnification);
- (xxvii) all other non-recurring or extraordinary costs or expenses attributable to the activities of the Sub-Fund, such as one-off costs for recovering a debt or exercising a right (e.g. class action); and
- (xxviii) similar expenses of any investment vehicle or any other subsidiary, special purpose vehicle, blocker or holding vehicle of the Sub-Fund.

For the avoidance of doubt, the fees, costs and expenses listed above include, where applicable, (a) the salaries of the employees involved in these operations and services, (b) the real estate, insurance and general costs of the AIFM and, where applicable, of the Investment Manager and/or Investment Advisor, and (c) the information technology (IT) costs and tools required for the services provided and the operation of the Fund/Sub-Fund (including, but not limited to, cybersecurity tools and measures).

Each Sub-Fund and Class, if applicable, shall thus pay for the costs and expenses directly attributable to it, including any value-added taxes and any other applicable taxes. Costs and expenses which cannot be allotted to one specific Sub-Fund will be charged to the different Sub-Funds in equal parts or, as far as it is justified by the amounts concerned, in proportion to their respective net assets (also including any value-added taxes and any other applicable taxes).

To the extent any services, fees or costs are provided to the Fund or a Sub-Fund on one side and any other vehicle on the other side, the Fund or the Sub-Fund, as applicable, will be responsible for its allocable portion of the fees and expenses associated with all these services, which portion will be determined by the Board of Directors, the AIFM, the Investment Manager or the Investment Advisor (if any), as applicable, in good faith, based on, among other things, the compensation and benefits of the personnel providing the services as well as an allocation of overhead expenses.

14. CERTAIN TAX MATTERS

14.1. PROVISION AND DISCLOSURE OF SPECIFIC INFORMATION

Each Investor shall use all reasonable endeavours promptly to supply to the Fund such information, affidavits or certificates as the Fund reasonably requests in order for:

- the Fund to comply with applicable legal, tax or regulatory requirements, whether in connection with investments or proposed investments or otherwise (insofar as permitted by law) or to comply with any actual or anticipated requests by any regulatory authority or tax authority in any jurisdiction;
- the Fund, the Investment Manager or any of their respective Affiliates to comply with all applicable legal and/or tax obligations (including the filing of tax returns), Information Reporting Regimes, collection and sharing of information, regulatory requirements, anti-money laundering, anti-terrorist financing laws or other laws, regulations, orders or administrative guidelines of a governmental authority, whether in connection with Investments or proposed Investments or otherwise (insofar as permitted by law);
- the Fund to determine (at the level of the Fund or any intermediate vehicle) the extent of, and in fulfilling, any taxation, non-tax deduction or withholding tax obligations within the structure under any applicable law; and
- the Fund or its Affiliates to obtain any exemption, reduction or refund of any withholding or other taxes imposed by any tax authority or other governmental agency upon the Fund or any intermediate vehicle or amounts paid to the Fund or any intermediate vehicle.

Each Investor shall inform the Fund in writing of any change in such information within thirty (30) days of such change and provide the Fund with an updated form, affidavit or certificate to the extent that such form, affidavit or certificate currently in use has expired or the information provided has changed.

The Fund shall be entitled to disclose to any governmental (including tax) authorities in connection with the Fund such information about the identity of the Investors and their respective Shares as any such authorities may require it to disclose, provided that the Fund shall (insofar as permitted by law) give notice of such disclosure to the relevant Investors.

If any Investor fails to provide any information requested by the Fund pursuant to this Section within a reasonable period of time or if the Fund determines in good faith that there is a material likelihood that such failure, the subsequent making of any distribution to such Investor or such Investor's continued participation in the Fund will result in:

- a material tax liability being imposed on the Fund, the Investment Manager or any of their respective Affiliates; or
- any such person(s) above being in violation of, or otherwise failing to comply with, any Information Reporting Regime or any anti-money laundering or anti-terrorist laws, conditions, guidelines, rules, regulations, directives, opinions, orders, statutes or special measures of any governmental entity to which such person(s) is(are) subject,

then the Fund will provide such Investor with written notice of his/her/its failure to comply, the material tax liability triggered, or the violation established.

If such Investor fails to comply with the Fund's request within twenty (20) Business Days of receiving such written notice or if the personal situation of an Investor would result in a tax liability being imposed on the Fund, the Investment Manager or any of their respective Affiliates, then the Fund will be entitled to:

- require the redemption of the Shares in accordance with Section 8 "Redemption and Withdrawal";

- treat such Investor as if it were a Defaulting Investor; and/or
- withhold any taxes (and other costs and expenses) required to be withheld pursuant to any applicable legislation, regulations, rules or agreements so as to ensure that the burden of any such taxes is borne by the Investor whose failure to provide the information has caused the tax liability.

If requested by the Fund, the Investor will execute any and all documents, opinions, instruments, certificates, and waivers as the Fund reasonably requests or that are otherwise required to effect the provisions in this Section.

14.2. LIABILITY FOR TAXATION

The Fund is under no obligation to consider the separate interests of individual Investors (including, without limitation, the tax consequences to individual Investors or assignees) in deciding whether to take (or decline to take) any actions which the Fund has undertaken (or not undertaken) in good faith, and, without prejudice to the remainder of this Prospectus, the Fund shall not be liable for monetary damages for losses sustained, liabilities incurred, or benefits not derived by Investors of the Fund in connection with such decisions, provided that the Fund has acted in good faith.

The Fund may require each Investor to and, if so required, each Investor severally undertakes to pay (and consents to such payment by the withholding of distributions which would otherwise be due to it, the cancellation of Shares issued to the Investor, or such other method of payment as determined to be appropriate by the Fund at its sole discretion) to the Fund or any intermediate vehicle, as the case may be, any amount which the Fund or the intermediate vehicle is required to pay or withhold by law in respect of taxes imposed directly or indirectly upon the Fund or the intermediate vehicle in respect of income or profits allocated, or distributions made, to such Investor (as determined by the Fund), whether before or after any redemption or transfer of such Shares. An Investor transferring its Shares shall remain liable for any taxes on income and gains allocated to it prior to such Transfer.

Amounts withheld (directly or indirectly) pursuant to applicable tax law with respect to any payment or distribution to the Fund, any intermediate vehicle or the Investors, or any taxes paid by the Fund or an intermediate vehicle (directly or indirectly) with respect to Investors may, at the Fund's sole discretion, in each case, be treated as amounts distributed to the Investor for all purposes under this Prospectus.

The Fund shall be entitled to withhold or cause to be withheld from each Investor's distributions from the Fund such amounts on account of taxes or similar charges as are required by applicable law.

The Investors are solely responsible for reclaiming any amounts withheld by the Fund, the intermediate vehicles, or any of their subsidiaries from the relevant tax authorities, and each Investor hereby waives any claim or right of action against the Fund, the intermediate vehicles, or any of their subsidiaries on account of such withholding.

The obligations under this Section will survive the dissolution, liquidation and termination of the Fund and will survive the partial or complete transfer or redemption of an Investor's Shares.

15. TAX STATUS

This Section is a short summary of certain important Luxembourg tax principles in relation to the Fund. The summary is based on laws and regulations in force and applied in Luxembourg at the date of this Prospectus. Provisions may change at short-notice, possibly with retroactive effect.

This Section does not purport to be a complete summary of tax law and practice currently applicable in Luxembourg. Furthermore, it does not address the taxation of the Fund in any other jurisdiction or the taxation of any subsidiaries or intermediary companies of the Fund or of any investment structure in which the Fund holds an interest in any jurisdiction.

The considerations set forth below do not constitute any tax advice, should not be relied upon and are no substitute for tax advice. Depending on individual circumstances, the taxation treatment for Shareholders may differ from the guidance below, and prospective investors are advised to consult their own professional tax advisors in respect of their investment in the Fund under the laws of their country of citizenship, residence, domicile, presence or incorporation.

Moreover, Shareholders have the sole responsibility for being aware of, and complying with, all laws and regulations which apply to them, whether imposed by their country of tax residence or any other jurisdiction. This includes understanding the potential legal and tax consequences, resolving any fines, claims or other penalties that arise from failure to comply, and filing any reports to which Shareholders are subject. Neither the Fund nor the AIFM, the Investment Manager (where applicable) and/or any of their respective Affiliates has the obligation to assist Shareholders in complying, remediating and/or filing any such tax reports to which such Shareholders are subject.

The Fund reserves the right to disclose the names of the Shareholders on the Shareholders' register, or any other relevant information relating to Shareholders, to any tax authority where required by law or where the Fund believes such disclosure is in the best interests of the Fund or the Shareholders. If it does so, it shall advise the relevant Shareholders, unless prevented from doing so by law.

15.1. TAXATION OF THE FUND

Under present Luxembourg law and administrative practice, as a Luxembourg public limited company ("**SA**") governed by Part II of the 2010 Law, the Fund is not liable to Luxembourg corporate income tax and municipal business tax (including the solidarity surcharge) or net wealth tax (including the minimum net wealth tax).

The Fund is, as a rule, subject in Luxembourg to a subscription tax (*taxe d'abonnement*) of, in principle, zero point zero five percent (0.05%) per annum, such tax being payable quarterly on the basis of the value of the aggregate net assets of the Fund at the end of the relevant calendar quarter, subject to certain exemptions, e.g. if the Fund invests in other Luxembourg portfolio funds, which in turn are subject to the Luxembourg annual subscription tax, no tax is due from the Fund on the portion of the assets invested therein.

Also, if the Fund invests in sustainable economic activities as defined in Article 3 of Regulation (EU) 2020/852, the annual subscription tax may be reduced to 0.04%, 0.03%, 0.02% or 0.01%, depending on the proportion of net assets of the Fund invested in such sustainable economic activities.

Also, if one of the Sub-Funds is approved as an ELTIF by the CSSF, the Sub-Fund, pursuant to Article 174(2)(f) of the amended Luxembourg Law of 175(f), shall benefit from a full exemption from the annual subscription tax (i.e. 0%).

No stamp duty or other tax is payable in Luxembourg on the issue of Shares. No Luxembourg tax is payable on the realised capital appreciation of the assets of the Fund.

The Fund is liable to a fixed registration duty of seventy-five Euro (EUR 75) which was paid upon establishment, and which shall also be paid upon future modification (if any) of its Articles.

Nevertheless, the income received from the Fund's portfolio (i.e. dividends, interest, capital gain) may be subject to taxation deducted at source in the country of origin. Whether the Fund may benefit from a double tax treaty concluded by Luxembourg must be analysed on a case-by-case basis. Indeed, as the Fund is structured as an investment company (as opposed to a mere co-ownership of assets), certain double tax treaties signed by Luxembourg may directly be applicable to the Fund.

There is no withholding tax on any distributions, redemptions or other payments made by the Fund to the Shareholders.

In Luxembourg, alternative investment funds are considered as taxable persons for VAT purposes. Accordingly, the Fund is considered in Luxembourg as a taxable person for VAT purposes without any input VAT deduction right. A VAT exemption applies in Luxembourg for services qualifying as fund management services. Other services supplied to the Fund could potentially trigger VAT and require the VAT registration of the Fund in Luxembourg. As a result of such VAT registration, the Fund will be in a position to fulfil its duty to self-assess the VAT regarded as due in Luxembourg on taxable services (or goods to some extent) purchased from abroad.

No VAT liability arises in principle in Luxembourg in respect of any payments by the Fund to its Shareholders, to the extent such payments are linked to their subscription to the Shares and, therefore, do not constitute the consideration received for taxable services supplied.

The Fund will undertake to ensure that it is not resident for tax purposes in any jurisdiction other than Luxembourg.

15.2. LUXEMBOURG REAL ESTATE LEVY

The Luxembourg law of 19 December 2020 introduced a lump-sum twenty percent (20%) real estate levy on gross rental income and capital gains derived from real estate assets located in Luxembourg by funds set up as tax-opaque entities and falling under Part II of the 2010 Law (such as the Fund), specialised investment funds referred to in the amended law of 13 February 2007 and reserved alternative investment funds referred to in the amended law of 23 July 2016. The rule applies in respect of real estate assets located in Luxembourg, held either directly or indirectly through one or a series of tax-transparent entities, in proportion to the stake held. Reporting formalities and information requirements also apply regardless of whether income from Luxembourg real estate is earned or not.

15.3. LUXEMBOURG TAXATION OF SHAREHOLDERS

Under current legislation, Shareholders are not subject to any capital gains, income or withholding taxes in Luxembourg (except for those domiciled, resident or having a permanent establishment in Luxembourg to which the Shares can be attributed and except also with respect to Luxembourg gift tax but only in the event that a gift is made pursuant to a deed signed before a Luxembourg notary or is registered in Luxembourg).

15.4. AUTOMATIC EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION

FATCA and CRS

Investors should note that Luxembourg signed an Intergovernmental Agreement ("**IGA**") with the U.S. in 2014 to assist with the implementation of the U.S. Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ("**FATCA**") and implemented the obligations resulting from the IGA into Luxembourg domestic law on 24 July 2015 (the "**FATCA Law**").

Luxembourg further implemented the provisions of Council Directive 2014/107/EU amending Directive 2011/16/EU as regards mandatory automatic exchange of information in the field of taxation ("**DAC**") as well as the multilateral agreement of 29 October 2014 by which the OECD adopted the Common Reporting Standard ("**CRS**") into domestic law on 18 December 2015 (the "**CRS Law**").

Under the FATCA Law and the CRS Law, the Fund – in its capacity as a financial institution – (or any other entity designated by the Fund to this end) may be obliged to identify its Investors and, as the case may be, to report certain information regarding certain Investors (qualifying as reportable persons or qualifying as passive non-financial entities controlled by such reportable persons) as well as their investment and their allocable share of income to the Luxembourg Tax Authorities (*Administration des Contributions Directes*). The Luxembourg Tax Authorities will then forward such information to the relevant foreign authorities of other participating jurisdictions in the context of CRS and to the U.S. Internal Revenue Service in the context of FATCA.

Investors have the right to access the data reported to the Luxembourg Tax Authorities and, as the case may be, to have such data rectified in case of error.

To comply with those obligations, the Fund must obtain upon subscription or when a change of circumstances is brought to its attention, a FATCA and CRS self-certification from all of its Investors. On the request of the Fund, each Investor shall agree to provide such documentation, including, in the case of a passive non-financial foreign entity/non-financial entity, on his/her/its controlling persons, along with the required supporting documentation. Similarly, each Investor shall agree to actively provide to the Fund within thirty (30) days any information that would affect his/her/its status such as, for instance, a new mailing address or a new residency address.

Although the Fund will attempt to satisfy any obligation imposed on it to avoid imposition of FATCA withholding tax, no assurance can be given that the Fund will be able to satisfy these obligations, as it also depends on the Investors' own FATCA compliance. If the Fund becomes subject to a withholding tax or penalties as a result of the FATCA regime, the value of the Shares held by the Investors may suffer material losses. Failure for the Fund to obtain such information from each Investor and to transmit it to the Luxembourg Tax Authorities may trigger the thirty percent (30%) withholding tax to be imposed on payments of U.S. source income and on proceeds from the sale of property or other assets that could give rise to U.S. source interest and dividends as well as penalties.

Any Investor that fails to comply with the Fund's documentation requests may be charged with any taxes and/or penalties imposed on the Fund as a result of such Investor's failure to provide the information and the Fund may, at its sole discretion, redeem the Shares of such Investor.

Additionally, the Fund is responsible for the processing of personal data of the Investors (and of their controlling persons if applicable). The latter have the right to access the data reported to the Luxembourg Tax Authorities and, as the case may be, to have such data rectified in case of error.

DAC 6

DAC has been amended by Council Directive (EU) 2018/822 of 25 May 2018 as regards mandatory automatic exchange of information in the field of taxation in relation to reportable cross-border arrangements ("**DAC 6**"). Under DAC 6, advice given, and services rendered regarding cross-border tax planning arrangements that qualify as so-called reportable cross-border arrangements (within the meaning of DAC 6), may need to be reported to the relevant

tax authorities by intermediaries or by the taxpayer itself. The relevant tax authorities will thereafter automatically exchange this information within the EU through a centralised database. Any person that designs, markets, organises or makes available for implementation or manages the implementation of a cross-border arrangement is to be considered an intermediary.

The Fund will closely monitor whether any arrangement relating to its activities would constitute or form part of a reportable cross-border arrangement for the purposes of DAC 6, as implemented from time to time in any relevant jurisdiction. The Fund is not responsible to consider potential DAC 6 implications regarding the Investors. Prospective Investors must consult with their own advisors with respect to the consequences of investing in the Shares in the context of DAC 6, as implemented from time to time in any jurisdictions that are relevant to them.

16. CERTAIN SHAREHOLDER MATTERS

16.1. MEETINGS, REPORTS AND FISCAL YEAR

The general meeting of Shareholders is held every year at the Fund's registered office or at any other address in Luxembourg stipulated in the convening notice. The annual general meeting of Shareholders shall be held in accordance with the Articles. The first annual general meeting will be held in 2025.

Except as otherwise provided for by Luxembourg law or the Articles, notices of all general meetings are sent by mail or electronic mail, if so agreed with the Shareholders, to all registered Shareholders, to their addresses or electronic addresses indicated in the register of Shareholders or by any other means of communication admitted by law, which Shareholders are deemed to have accepted by having (i) subscribed for shares in the Fund or (ii) received shares by way of transfer, at least eight (8) calendar days before the general meeting.

If Shareholders representing ten percent (10%) of the Fund's capital request in writing with an indication of the agenda to hold a Shareholders' meeting, the Board of Directors is obliged to convene such a Shareholders' meeting so that it is held within a period of one (1) month.

These notices shall indicate the time and place of the general meeting, the admission conditions, the agenda and the Luxembourg legal quorum and majority requirements. Each Shareholder may participate in the meetings of Shareholders by appointing in writing, transmitted by any means of communication allowing for the transmission of a written text, another person as his/her/its proxy. The Shareholders of a specified Sub-Fund or Class may, at any time, hold general meetings with the aim of deliberating on a subject which concerns only their Sub-Fund or Class (as the case may be).

At general meetings, each Shareholder has the right to one (1) vote for each whole Share held.

In the case of a joint holding, only the first named Shareholder may vote.

Unless otherwise stipulated by law or in the Articles, the decisions of the general meeting of a specified Sub-Fund or of a Class will be reached by a simple majority vote of the Shareholders present or represented.

The first Fiscal Year of the Fund will commence on its launch date and end on 31 December 2024. Any other Fiscal Year will start on the first day of January and end on the last day of December of each calendar year.

If the Board of Directors decides to prepare combined accounts, such accounts of the Fund will be expressed in Euro. For this purpose, all figures expressed in another currency than the Euro will be converted into Euro at the rates used in the NAV calculation.

The Fund will provide Shareholders by way of any durable medium, including electronic, an audited annual report of the Fund within one hundred and eighty (180) days after the close of each Fiscal Year of the Fund in accordance with the 2010 Law, the 2013 Law and, where relevant, the ELTIF Regulation which includes: (a) annual audited financial statements (which shall include a balance sheet or a statement of the assets and liabilities, a statement of incomes and expenditure, for the Fiscal Year) for the Fund prepared in accordance with Luxembourg GAAP; (b) a report on the activities of the past Fiscal Year; and (c) any significant information enabling Shareholders to make an informed judgement on the development of the activities and the results of the Fund pursuant to Article 21 of the 2013 Law. The following information will be included in the Fund's annual report, unless more frequent disclosure (e.g. through the quarterly investor reports) of such information is deemed necessary:

- the percentage of the Fund's assets subject to special arrangements due to their illiquid nature;
- any new arrangements for managing the Fund's liquidity;
- the risk profile of the Fund and the risk management systems employed to manage those risks;
- any changes to the maximum level of leverage the Fund may employ (including any right of reuse of collateral or guarantee granted under a leveraging arrangement); and
- the total amount of leverage employed by the Fund.

According to article 23(5) of the ELTIF Regulation, in addition to the information required under the 2013 Law, the annual report of an ELTIF Sub-Fund shall contain the following information:

- a cash flow statement;
- information on any participation in instruments involving Union budgetary funds;
- information on the value of the individual Qualifying Portfolio Undertaking and the value of the assets in which such ELTIF Sub-Fund has invested, including the value of financial derivative instruments used; and
- information on the jurisdiction in which the assets of such ELTIF Sub-Fund are located.

The reference currency of the Fund is the Euro. The annual report will comprise consolidated accounts of the Fund expressed in Euro.

Additionally, the Fund will provide Shareholders by way of any durable medium, including electronic, an unaudited semi-annual report for each first half of each Fiscal Year as required by the 2010 Law. In connection with the Fund's reports, the Fund may keep confidential any information concerning any investments that it deems necessary or that is in the best interests of the Fund. Accordingly, Shareholders may not be provided with certain information relating to a significant number of the investments, including, without limitation, the identities of such investments.

Retail Investors may obtain a paper copy of the annual report upon request at any time and free of charge. Retail Investors may also be provided upon request with additional information relating to the quantitative limits that apply to the risk management of the Fund, the risk management methods applied by the AIFM and the recent evolution of the main risks and yields of the different categories of assets.

16.2. NOTICES

Investors shall provide the Fund with an address to which all notices and announcements may be sent or, if the addressees have individually agreed to receive the notices and announcements by another means of communication ensuring access to the information – including any means of electronic communication – by such means of communication. Such address(es) will also be entered into the register of Shareholders.

An Investor may, at any time, change his/her/its address as entered into the register of Shareholders by means of a written notification to the Fund at its registered office, or at such other address as may be set by the Fund from time to time.

16.3. TERM, REORGANISATION AND DISSOLUTION, LIQUIDATION

The Board of Directors may create, at its sole discretion, Sub-Funds for an unlimited or limited period of time as provided for in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

The Fund may be dissolved and liquidated:

- at any time by a resolution of the general meeting of Shareholders resolving in the conditions prescribed for the amendment of the Articles;
- ipso jure upon the dissolution of the last Sub-Fund;

- by the votes of Shareholders holding fifty percent (50%) of the Shares represented at a general meeting of Shareholders convened (without a prescribed quorum) to consider the question of the dissolution of the Fund in the event the capital of the Fund falls below two-thirds (2/3) of the minimum capital determined under the 2010 Law; or
- by the votes of Shareholders holding twenty-five percent (25%) of the Shares represented at a general meeting of Shareholders convened (without a prescribed quorum) to consider the question of the dissolution of the Fund in the event the capital of the Fund falls below one-quarter (1/4) of the minimum capital determined under the 2010 Law.

The Fund will pay all costs associated with the liquidation of the Fund.

Unless otherwise provided for in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, the Shareholders of the Sub-Fund concerned may request the redemption of their Shares, in accordance with the terms contained in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, upon or prior to the liquidation by application of the applicable liquidation NAV as determined by the Board of Directors. Assets which cannot be distributed to their beneficiaries upon the close of liquidation of the Sub-Fund concerned will be deposited with the Consignment Office (*Caisse de Consignation*) on behalf of their beneficiaries.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Prospectus, as soon as the decision to liquidate or wind up the Fund is taken, the Board of Directors may draw down Commitments without a corresponding issuance of Shares. Any issuance of Shares in contradiction to this prohibition shall be deemed null and void.

A Sub-Fund may be separately dissolved:

- on the expiry of the Term of the relevant Sub-Fund (if any) provided for in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement of such Sub-Fund;
- by a decision of the Board of Directors if the Net Asset Value of a Sub-Fund and/or Class has decreased to, or has not reached, the minimum level for that Sub-Fund or Class to be operated in an efficient manner;
- if a product rationalisation would justify such liquidation;
- if it is in the best interests of Shareholders; or
- in any other circumstances as set out in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

In the event a decision to liquidate a Sub-Fund is taken, all Shareholders will be notified by the Fund of any decision to liquidate the relevant Sub-Fund prior to the effective date of the liquidation, and the notice will indicate the reasons for, and the procedures of, the liquidation operations.

16.4. AMALGAMATION/MERGER

Unless otherwise provided for in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, the Board of Directors may decide to terminate one Sub-Fund by contributing its assets and liabilities into another existing or new Sub-Fund or into another existing or new collective investment scheme or an assimilated entity.

The Board of Directors may also organise the amalgamation of: (i) two (2) or more Sub-Funds into an existing or a new Sub-Fund; or (ii) two (2) or more Classes within a Sub-Fund.

Shareholders will be notified of any such decision as well as the relevant information in relation to the new Sub-Fund, the new collective investment scheme or assimilated entity or the new Class. Notice will be provided at least one (1) month before the amalgamation in order to enable Shareholders who hold redeemable Shares to request that their Shares be redeemed in accordance with the terms contained in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement before the amalgamation is completed.

With respect to an ELTIF Sub-Fund, each such ELTIF Sub-Fund may only be merged with another Sub-Fund, or entity, or sub-fund of another entity if such other Sub-Fund, or entity, or sub-fund of another entity is an ELTIF Sub-Fund or otherwise constitutes an ELTIF.

16.5. CONSOLIDATION/SPLITTING OF SHARES

The Board of Directors may decide to consolidate Shares of different Classes within a Sub-Fund or to split the Shares within a given Class of a Sub-Fund.

16.6. INVESTORS' RIGHTS IN RELATION TO SERVICE PROVIDERS

The Fund is reliant on the performance of the Service Providers. Further information in relation to the roles of the Service Providers is set out above.

No Investor will have any direct contractual claim against any Service Provider with respect to such Service Provider's Default. Investors who believe they may have a claim against any Service Provider in connection with their investment in the Fund, should consult their legal advisor.

16.7. FAIR TREATMENT OF INVESTORS

The AIFM will ensure that its decision-making procedures and its organisational structure ensure the fair treatment of all Shareholders in the Fund, and the equal treatment of all Shareholders of the same Class. In discharging its role, the AIFM will act honestly, fairly, professionally, independently and in the interests of the Fund and the Shareholders.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, to the extent permitted by applicable law, for the avoidance of doubt including article 23(1)(j) of the AIFMD and article 23 of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 231/2013 of 19 December 2012 relating to the fair treatment of the investors, the AIFM and/or the Fund, as applicable, may enter into other written agreements with one or more Investors which may provide certain investors with preferential treatment and which may entitle Investors to make an investment in the relevant Sub-Fund on terms other than those described herein. Further details of any preferential treatment afforded to any Investors, in addition to those Investors' legal and economic links to the Fund and/or the AIFM, will be made available to other Investors upon request to the AIFM, to the extent required by applicable law. Such preferential treatment may include (but is not limited to): (i) reporting of information to an Investor for tax filings or other requirements; (ii) different applicable fee percentages applicable to an Investor; (iii) altering, modifying, waiving or changing rights or restrictions which apply to Shares (including redemption and transfer restrictions); (iv) altering, modifying, waiving or changing minimum and additional subscription amounts; or (v) granting informational rights about the Fund, such as portfolio transparency/position level and provision of regulatory reports or accounting material. Any such preferential treatment should not result in an overall material disadvantage to the Investors as a whole. Any preferential treatment accorded to one or more Investors shall not result in overall material disadvantage to other investors in the Fund. Where a Class of Shares is open to Retail Investors (whether exclusively or not), no preferential treatment or specific economic benefits can be granted to individual Investors or groups of Investors within such Class of Shares.

Consistent with the ELTIF Regulation and in respect of Classes of Shares that are marketed to Retail Investors, the AIFM has put in place policies and procedures to ensure that no preferential treatment or specific economic benefit is granted to individual investors or groups of investors within such Class.

16.8. RECOGNITION AND ENFORCEMENT OF JUDGMENTS IN LUXEMBOURG

The 1980 Rome Convention on the Law Applicable to Contractual Obligations (other than Article 7(1)), Regulation (EC) No 593/2008 (Rome I) (the "**Rome I Regulation**") and Regulation (EC) No 864/2007 (Rome II) (the "**Rome II Regulation**"), all have force of law in Luxembourg (together, the "**Rome Regulations**"). Accordingly, the choice of a governing law in any given agreement is subject to the provisions of the Rome Regulations. Under the Rome I Regulation, the courts of Luxembourg may apply any rule of Luxembourg law which is mandatory, irrespective of the governing law, and may refuse to apply a rule of governing law if:

- (a) the foreign law was not pleaded and proved; or
- (b) if pleaded and proved, such foreign law would be contrary to (i) the public policy of the forum, (ii) the overriding mandatory provisions of the law of the forum, (iii) the provisions of the law of a country which cannot be derogated from by agreement, where matters are connected with such country only, (iv) the provisions of Community law which cannot be derogated from by agreement, where matters are connected with the EU only and (v) the overriding mandatory provisions of the law of the country where the obligations arising out of the contract have to be or have been performed, insofar as those overriding mandatory provisions render the performance of the contract unlawful.

The fact that contractual parties choose a foreign law, whether or not accompanied by the choice of a foreign tribunal, shall not, where all the other elements relevant to the situation at the time of the choice are connected with one country only, prejudice the application of rules of the law of that country, which cannot be derogated from by agreement.

The effectiveness of provisions relating to the choice of law to govern non-contractual obligations is subject, where applicable, to the Rome II Regulation. The effectiveness of such provisions in situations where the Rome II Regulation does not apply is uncertain.

Regulation (EU) No 1215/2012 on jurisdiction and the recognition and enforcement of judgments in civil and commercial matters has force of law in Luxembourg. In accordance with its provisions, a judgment obtained in the courts of another EU jurisdiction will in general be recognised and enforced in Luxembourg without review as to its substance, save in certain exceptional circumstances.

16.9. GOVERNING LAW

This Prospectus shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg.

17. INFORMATION AVAILABLE

Copies of the Articles, this Prospectus, the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, the AIFM Agreement, the Depositary Agreement, the Administration Agreement, the latest financial reports (as described in Section 16.1 "Meetings, Reports and Fiscal Year") as well as any further documents and/or reports in respect of any Sub-Fund shall be mailed to Investors upon their request and may be obtained free of charge during office hours at the registered office of the Fund. In accordance with the ELTIF Regulation, an Investor may request (free of charge) a paper copy of the financial statements.

Investors are only entitled to receive communication and information of the Sub-Fund Supplement relating to the Sub-Fund(s) in which they have invested or are investing.

Except where the determination of the Net Asset Value of a particular Class or Sub-Fund has been suspended, the NAV per Share of each Sub-Fund and Class, if applicable, and historical performance of each Sub-Fund shall be available on each Valuation Day at the Fund's registered office.

Claims of Investors against the Fund lapse five (5) years after the date of the event giving rise to the rights invoked.

English shall be the governing language for this Prospectus.

18. AMENDMENTS

The Board of Directors shall be authorised to amend this Prospectus, including any Sub-Fund Supplement, in order to:

- make any change that is necessary or desirable to cure any ambiguity or to correct or supplement any provision of this Prospectus that would otherwise be inconsistent with the Articles;
- correct typographical or other minor errors;
- make all changes necessary to satisfy the AIFMD, the 2010 Law, the 2013 Law, the ELTIF Regulation, the ELTIF RTS and other legal or regulatory requirements or to minimise the adverse effect of any legal or regulatory changes on the Fund or a Sub-Fund;
- make all changes necessary to allow the replacement of the AIFM by a substitute authorised alternative investment fund manager within the meaning of the 2013 Law to ensure that the Fund is managed in compliance with the AIFMD;
- make all changes necessary to replace any of the Service Providers;
- make a change that is necessary or desirable to satisfy any applicable requirements, conditions or guidelines contained in any opinion, directive, order, statute, rule or regulation of any governmental entity so long as such change is made in a manner which minimises any adverse effect on Investors;
- make any other amendment that, in the reasonable opinion of the Board of Directors, may be necessary or desirable, including in particular to reflect the establishment of new Sub-Funds; or
- make a change in relation to a Sub-Fund, in other circumstances specifically set out in a Sub-Fund Supplement,

provided that, in each case, (i) the amendments do not adversely affect Investors in a material respect unless Investors are given free exit rights, and (ii) the Investors are duly informed in advance, including via a communication published on the website of the AIFM, of any such amendments.

Unless otherwise provided for in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, with respect to open-ended Sub-Funds, in the event of amendments which may adversely affect Investors in a material respect, the Investors, where required by the CSSF, will benefit from, at least one (1) month's prior notice in order to enable Investors to request that their Shares be redeemed, converted or transferred without any costs in accordance with the terms contained in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement before the amendments are effective. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any amendment of the Prospectus impacting the Articles is subject to the quorum and majority rules set for any amendment to the Articles. With respect to closed-ended Sub-Funds, (i) any materially unfavourable amendments will be subject to the unanimous approval of the Shareholders; and (ii) any other (non-materially unfavourable) changes will be made following a prior notification to Shareholders, without prior approval, however, such changes (a) being, in particular, to conform the Prospectus to any regulatory changes, or (b) being favourable (e.g. reduction of fees) to Shareholders, or (c) not having a material impact on Shareholders.

No amendment which increases an Investor's Commitment (if any) modifies the profit allocation rules such as Performance Fee or Carried Interest (if any) to the detriment of Investors or decreases the level of approval of Investors required to make such amendments, may be made without the unanimous approval of all the Investors entitled to vote.

Given the Fund is a regulated and supervised entity, any amendments to the Prospectus, in particular changes relating to the investment objective and investment strategy of the Fund or any costs ultimately borne by Shareholders, will require prior approval of the CSSF.

19. CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

19.1. GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS

Conflicts of interest may arise in connection with an investment in the Fund. Subject to applicable law, the Fund may engage in transactions that may trigger or result in a potential conflict of interest.

No contract or other transaction between the Fund and any other company or firm shall be affected or invalidated by the fact that the members of the Board of Directors or the Investment Manager or any one or more of each of their managers, associates, officers, employees or shareholders is interested in, or is a manager, associate, officer, employee or shareholder of such other company or firm. Any manager, associate, officer, employee or shareholder of the Investment Manager or member of the Board of Directors who serves as a manager, associate, officer, employee or shareholder of any company or firm, with which the Fund shall contract or otherwise engage in business shall, by reason of such affiliation with such other company or firm, be prevented from considering and voting or acting upon any matters with respect to such contract or other business.

In the event that any member of the Board of Directors or manager, associate, officer, employee or shareholder of the Investment Manager may have in any transaction of the Fund an interest different to the interests of the Fund, that person shall make known to the Board of Directors such conflict of interest and shall not consider or vote on any such transaction and such transaction, and such person's interest therein shall be reported to the next succeeding meeting of Shareholders.

The Fund and the Sub-Funds will be dependent on the Service Providers to identify and manage all such conflicts of interest. The Service Providers will use commercially reasonable efforts to manage material issues involving actual or potential significant conflicts of interest, methods of valuation and certain other matters. If conflicts of interest do exist, the Service Providers will ensure that the Fund and/or relevant Sub-Fund is treated in a just and equitable manner and shall endeavour to ensure that any conflicts of interest are resolved fairly and in the best interests of Investors, having regard to the relevant agreements pursuant to which such Service Providers are bound in relation to the Fund or any Sub-Fund. This may include disclosure of such potential or actual conflict of interest, unless the Service Provider has been advised by counsel that such disclosure is or may reasonably be prohibited for regulatory or legal reasons (in which case, where the conflict cannot be satisfactorily resolved, the applicable transaction may not be consummated).

Subject to any special requirements for dealing with particular conflicts of interest outlined below, any actual or potential conflicts of interest of the Service Providers or their affiliates which relate to the Fund and/or a Sub-Fund will be discussed and resolved on a case-by-case basis.

Any restrictions on the activities of the Service Providers, their personnel and/or the Distributors or sub-distributors or agents on behalf of a Sub-Fund (as described in this Prospectus, the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement and/or set out in the documents described in this Prospectus) may not apply to any other business lines, teams or groups within other affiliates of the Service Providers (including the Investment Manager).

More details on potential conflicts of interest are set out in Section 23 "Annex II: Conflicts of Interest" of this Prospectus.

19.2. ELTIF SUB-FUNDS

No ELTIF Sub-Fund shall invest in an Eligible Investment Asset in which the AIFM has or takes a direct or indirect interest, other than by holding units or shares of the ELTIFs, EuSEFs, EuVECAs, UCITS or EU AIFs that the AIFM or any Affiliate manages. This does not prevent the AIFM or its Affiliates from (i) co-investing in an Eligible Investment Asset and (ii) co-investing with the relevant ELTIF Sub-Fund in the same Eligible Investment Asset, provided that the AIFM has put in place organisational and administrative arrangements designed to identify, prevent, manage and monitor conflicts of interest and provided that such conflicts of interest are adequately disclosed.

20. COMPLAINTS HANDLING POLICY

In the event of any difficulty or disagreement related to an investment service provided by the AIFM, an investor may, by any means it finds convenient, either contact its usual representative or send a letter to **Carmignac Gestion S.A.** at: 24, Place Vendôme, 75001 Paris, France.

Complaints by a Retail Investor in connection with its investment in an ELTIF Sub-Fund may be filed in the official language or one of the official languages of their Member State.

An investor will receive, upon receipt of its complaint by our services:

- an acknowledgement of receipt within ten (10) Business Days; and
- a response within a maximum period of two (2) months.

If, however, the response does not satisfy an investor or if an investor's difficulty persists, the relevant investor can also refer the matter to the Ombudsman of the AMF by writing to the following address: Autorité des marchés financiers – Médiateur de l'AMF, 17, place de la Bourse, 75082 Paris Cedex 02, France. For more information, go to www.amf-france.org.

21. RISK FACTORS

An investment in the Fund involves a substantial degree of risk and should be considered only by Investors whose financial resources are sufficient to enable them to assume such risk. Investors should carefully evaluate the risk factors set out in this Section and the SFDR Disclosures associated with an investment in the Fund. Past performance of the Investment Manager's funds cannot be taken as an indication of future performance of the Fund.

Investors should also note that the Board of Directors, the AIFM and the Investment Manager do not have the ability to evaluate the probability of each risk arising. Accordingly, each Investor must make his/her/its own assessment of the risks and rewards of an investment in the Fund.

Investors should also be aware that, as a result of the risks identified below, the following outcomes may arise:

- (a) potential loss of some or all of an Investor's original investment (the effect of such loss may be magnified in cases where an Investor has used leverage to fund part or all of his/her/its investment in the Fund);
- (b) inability of the Fund to make cash distributions; and
- (c) some or all of the underlying assets of the Fund may remain illiquid for a significant period of time (and potentially in perpetuity), requiring Investors to remain invested in the Fund for longer than anticipated.

More details on risk factors are set out in Section 22 "Annex I: Risk Factors" of this Prospectus.

22. ANNEX I: RISK FACTORS

Economic Risk

The value of investments held by a Sub-Fund may decline due to factors affecting financial markets generally, such as real or perceived adverse economic conditions, changes in the general outlook for revenues or corporate earnings, changes in interest or currency rates, or adverse investor sentiment generally. The value of investments may also decline due to factors affecting a particular industry, area or sector, such as changes in production costs and competitive conditions. During a general downturn in the economy, multiple asset classes may decline in value simultaneously. Economic downturn can be difficult to predict.

When the economy performs well, there can be no assurance that investments held by a Sub-Fund will benefit from the advance.

Interest Rate Risk

The performance of a Sub-Fund may be influenced by changes in the general level of interest rates. Generally, the value of fixed income instruments will change inversely with changes in interest rates: when interest rates rise, the value of fixed income instruments generally can be expected to fall and vice versa. Fixed income securities with longer-term maturities tend to be more sensitive to interest rate changes than shorter-term securities. In accordance with its investment objective and policy, a Sub-Fund may attempt to hedge or reduce interest rate risk, generally through the use of interest rate futures or other derivatives. However, it may not be possible or practical to hedge or reduce such risk at all times.

Foreign Exchange Risk

Each Sub-Fund investing in securities denominated in currencies other than its reference currency may be subject to foreign exchange risk. As the assets of each Sub-Fund are valued in its reference currency, changes in the value of the reference currency of the Sub-Fund compared to other currencies will affect the value, in the reference currency of the Sub-Fund, of any securities denominated in such other currencies. Foreign exchange exposure may increase the volatility of investments relative to investments denominated in the reference currency of the Sub-Fund. In accordance with its investment objective and policy, a Sub-Fund may attempt to hedge or reduce foreign exchange risk, generally through the use of derivatives. However, it may not be possible or practical to hedge or reduce such risk at all times.

In addition, a Class that is denominated in a reference currency other than the reference currency of the Sub-Fund exposes the Investor to the risk of fluctuations between the reference currency of the Class and that of the Sub-Fund. This exposure is in addition to foreign exchange risk, if any, incurred by the Sub-Fund with respect to investments denominated in currencies other than its reference currency, as described above.

Credit Risk

Sub-Funds investing in fixed income instruments will be exposed to the creditworthiness of the issuers of the instruments and their ability to make principal and interest payments when due in accordance with the terms and conditions of the instruments. The creditworthiness or perceived creditworthiness of an issuer may affect the market value of fixed income instruments. Issuers with higher credit risk typically offer higher yields for this added risk, whereas issuers with lower credit risk typically offer lower yields. Generally, government debt is considered to be the safest in terms of credit risk, while corporate debt involves a higher credit risk. Related to that is the risk of downgrade by a rating agency. Rating agencies are private undertakings providing ratings for a variety of fixed income instruments based on the creditworthiness of their issuers. The agencies may change the rating of issuers

or instruments from time to time due to financial, economic, political, or other factors, which, if the change represents a downgrade, can adversely impact the market value of the affected instruments.

Volatility

The volatility of a financial instrument is a measure of the variations in the price of that instrument over time. A higher volatility means that the price of the instrument can change significantly over a short time period in either direction. Each Sub-Fund may make investments in instruments or markets that are likely to experience high levels of volatility. This may cause the Net Asset Value per Share to experience significant increases or decreases in value over short periods of time.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity refers to the speed and ease with which investments can be sold or liquidated or a position closed. On the asset side, liquidity risk refers to the inability of a Sub-Fund to dispose of investments at a price equal or close to their estimated value within a reasonable period of time. On the liability side, liquidity risk refers to the inability of a Sub-Fund to raise sufficient cash to meet a redemption request due to its inability to dispose of investments. In certain circumstances, investments may become less liquid or illiquid due to a variety of factors including adverse conditions affecting a particular issuer, counterparty, or the market generally, and legal, regulatory or contractual restrictions on the sale of certain instruments. In addition, a Sub-Fund may invest in financial instruments traded OTC, which generally tend to be less liquid than instruments that are listed and traded on exchanges. Market quotations for less liquid or illiquid instruments may be more volatile than for liquid instruments and/or subject to larger spreads between bid and ask prices. Difficulties in disposing of investments may result in a loss for a Sub-Fund and/or compromise the ability of the Sub-Fund to meet a redemption request.

Counterparty Risk

Counterparty risk refers to the risk of loss for a Sub-Fund resulting from the fact that the counterparty to a transaction entered into by the Sub-Fund may default on its contractual obligations. There can be no assurance that an issuer or counterparty will not be subject to credit or other difficulties leading to a default on its contractual obligations and the loss of all or part of the amounts due to the Sub-Fund. This risk may arise at any time the assets of a Sub-Fund are deposited, extended, committed, invested or otherwise exposed through actual or implied contractual agreements. For instance, counterparty risk may arise when a Sub-Fund has deposited cash with a financial institution, invests into debt securities and other fixed income instruments, enters into OTC financial derivative instruments, or enters into securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements.

Depositary Risk

The Fund is subject to a range of risks relating to its Depositary. Although depositaries are fiduciaries entrusted with the safekeeping of investors' assets, it is market practice for such organisations to seek to exclude their liability for a range of matters. Consequently, there is a risk that, if the Fund suffers a loss as a result of an action of the Depositary, it is not necessarily the case that such loss will be a compensable loss in terms of the Fund's contract with the Depositary. Further, in the event of the bankruptcy or other form of insolvency of the Depositary, Investors may be exposed to a range of loss types, including, but not limited to, the loss of cash held at the Depositary or any sub-custodian (including the risk of loss of monies that purport to be impressed with the character of client money) and the loss of securities that have not been properly and successfully segregated from the Depositary's general assets as belonging to the Fund. In respect of cash and other assets that are not lost in such a bankruptcy or insolvency process, there is a material risk of a substantial delay before they are returned to the Fund as the relevant process may be lengthy. As is permitted by the 2013 Law, the Depositary Agreement contractually discharges the Depositary from liability in certain limited circumstances.

Professional Liability Risks

The AIFM shall cover its potential professional liability risks arising from professional negligence, resulting from activities it carries out as an alternative investment fund manager, through the provision of additional own funds at least equal to 0.01% of the value of the portfolios it manages and which are appropriate to cover potential liability risks or through the subscription of a professional indemnity insurance against liability arising from professional negligence. However, it cannot be ruled out that, with regard to the claim of the AIFM or the insurance of the AIFM, claims of the Fund will not be satisfied, for example because, in the case of a professional indemnity insurance, the insurance company, for whatever reason, refuses to indemnify the AIFM.

Eurozone Risks

Concerns about credit risk (including, but not limited to, that of sovereigns) related to various European markets continue to exist. Certain highly indebted advanced economies in the Eurozone continue to pose some concern, though some have reduced debt levels since the height of the so-called Eurozone crisis. For example, large sovereign debts and/or fiscal deficits of a number of European countries continue to raise concerns regarding the financial condition of financial institutions, insurers and other corporates: (i) located in these countries; (ii) that have direct or indirect exposure to these countries; and/or (iii) whose banks, counterparties, custodians, customers, service providers, sources of funding and/or suppliers have direct or indirect exposure to these countries. The default, or a significant decline in the credit rating, of one or more sovereigns or financial institutions could cause severe stress in the financial system generally and could adversely affect the markets in which the Fund operates and the businesses and economic condition and prospects of the Fund's counterparties, suppliers, investments, creditors, or service providers, directly or indirectly, in ways which it is difficult to predict. In addition, due to large sovereign deficits and/or fiscal deficits, some European countries may be dependent on assistance from other European governments and institutions or multilateral agencies and offices. Assistance may be dependent on a country's implementation of reforms or reaching a certain level of performance. Failure to reach those objectives or an insufficient level of assistance could result in a deep economic downturn, which could significantly affect the value of the Fund's investments in European markets.

There also remains a risk that default of certain participating Member States of the EU may lead to the collapse of, or change in, the Eurozone as it is constituted today, that certain Member States of the EU may cease to use the Euro as their national currency or that one or more Member States may seek to withdraw from EU membership or, in more extreme circumstances, the possible dissolution of the EU entirely. Moreover, financial and economic developments in one EU Member State may impact economic and financial conditions among other EU Member States.

The impact of these conditions or market perceptions could have material adverse effects on the Fund's ability to make investments.

Potential Break-Up of the Eurozone

In the recent past, the stability of certain European financial markets deteriorated, and speculation as to the possibility of additional defaults by sovereign states in Europe in respect of their obligations increased. Given current market conditions of relatively weak growth in many EU Member States (which are expected to continue in the near to medium term), there is a risk that default of certain participating Member States of the EU may lead to the break-up of the Eurozone as it is constituted today or that certain Member States of the EU may cease to use the Euro as their national currency. This could have an adverse effect on the Fund, the performance of its investments and its ability to fulfil its investment objectives. Moreover, this could have a detrimental effect on the performance of investments both in those countries that may experience a default on liabilities and in other countries within the EU.

A potential primary effect would be an immediate reduction of liquidity for particular investments in the affected countries, thereby potentially impairing the value of such investments.

Inflation

Inflation and rapid fluctuations in inflation rates have had in the past, and may in the future have, negative effects on the economies and financial markets, particularly in emerging economies. After a long period of relatively low rates of inflation, inflation rates have recently increased, and there can be no assurance that such higher inflation rates will decrease during the terms of any Sub-Funds, which could have an adverse effect on the Sub-Funds and their investments. For example, wages and prices of inputs increase during periods of inflation, which can negatively impact returns on investments. In an attempt to stabilise inflation, countries may impose wage and price controls or otherwise intervene in the economy. Governmental efforts to curb inflation often have negative effects on the level of economic activity. There can be no assurance that inflation will not become a serious problem in the future and have an adverse impact on the Sub-Funds' returns.

Brexit

The UK withdrew from the EU as of midnight CET on 31 January 2020. Following a transition period, which ended on 31 December 2020, the UK generally ceased to have access to the EU single market. There remain a number of unknowns in connection with the future of the UK's relationship with the EU, which introduces significant uncertainty in the business, legal and political environment and risks for businesses which operate cross-border between the UK and the EU. This uncertainty, together with the impact of the changes that have already occurred as a result of the end of the transition period and the termination of the UK's access to the EU single market, may adversely impact the Fund, the Sub-Funds and their investments.

Deterioration of Credit Markets

In the event that the global credit markets deteriorate and it becomes more difficult for investment funds such as the Fund to obtain favourable financing terms for their investments, the Fund's ability to generate attractive investment returns may be adversely affected. Moreover, to the extent that such marketplace events are not temporary and continue, they may have an adverse impact on the availability of credit to businesses generally and could lead to an overall weakening of the European and global economies. Such market events also may restrict the ability of the Fund to realise its investments at favourable times or for favourable prices.

Cybersecurity Risks and System Failures

The Fund's information and technology systems may be vulnerable to damage or interruption from computer viruses, network failures, computer and telecommunication failures, infiltration by unauthorised persons and security breaches, usage errors by their respective professionals, power outages and catastrophic events, such as fires, tornadoes, floods, hurricanes and earthquakes. Although the AIFM has implemented various measures to manage risks relating to these types of events, if these systems are compromised, become inoperable for extended periods of time or cease to function properly, the Fund may have to make significant investment to fix or replace them. Failure of these systems and/or of disaster recovery plans for any reason could cause significant interruptions in the Fund's operations and result in a failure to maintain the security, confidentiality or privacy of sensitive data, including personal information relating to Investors (and the beneficial owners of Investors). Such failure could harm the Fund's reputation, subject any such entity and their respective associates to legal claims and otherwise affect their business and financial performance.

Litigation

Disputes may arise between the Fund, the Board of Directors, the AIFM, the Investment Manager and counterparties or other third parties in relation to investments and/or the underlying investments which may lead to litigation. The cost of investigating, bringing or defending such claims and any settlements or judgments may have a negative impact on the Fund.

The Fund may be subject to litigation from time to time. Furthermore, the Fund may engage in litigation relating to its investment activities. Such litigation can be time-consuming and expensive and can frequently lead to unpredicted delays or losses. The Fund could be named as a defendant in a lawsuit or regulatory action. The Fund may also be subject to litigation in respect of its contractual relationships associated with its investments, co-investments and its relationships with its counterparties. The outcome of such proceedings, which may materially adversely affect the returns of the Fund, may be impossible to anticipate, and such proceedings may continue without resolution for long periods of time. Litigation may consume substantial amounts of the AIFM's and Investment Manager's time and attention, often to an extent disproportionate to the amounts at stake in the litigation.

Force Majeure/Events of Risk

The performance of the Fund's investments may be affected by certain events such as war, civil war, riot or armed conflict, terrorism, acts of sabotage and natural disasters, such as storms, earthquakes, tidal waves, floods, lightning, explosions, fires and destruction of plant, machinery and/or premises, which are outside its control.

Operational Risk

Operational risk means the risk of loss for the Fund resulting from inadequate internal processes and failures in relation to people and systems of the Fund, the AIFM and/or its agents and service providers, or from external events, and includes legal and documentation risk and risk resulting from the trading, settlement and valuation procedures operated on behalf of the Fund.

Valuation

Certain Sub-Funds may hold investments for which market prices or quotations are not available or representative, or which are not quoted, listed or traded on an exchange or regulated market. In addition, in certain circumstances, investments may become less liquid or illiquid. Such investments will be valued at their probable realisation value estimated with care and in good faith by the AIFM using any valuation method in line with the AIFM's valuation policy. Such investments are inherently difficult to value and are the subject of substantial uncertainty. There is no assurance that the estimates resulting from the valuation process will reflect the actual sales or liquidation prices of investments.

The Net Asset Value of the Sub-Fund and Net Asset Value per Share are not audited (except at Fiscal Year-end) and are based primarily upon the value of the Sub-Fund's underlying assets. In valuing those investments to produce the periodic valuation of the Sub-Fund and its Net Asset Value, the Sub-Fund will in some cases need to rely primarily on the valuations procured from valuers engaged by the Fund and other sources, which may not be audited valuations, and in the case of investments in securities, on financial information procured from the relevant underlying securities' issuers, their agents, market makers or other sources. If the information used to determine the Net Asset Value of any of the underlying investments is incomplete, inaccurate, or if such Net Asset Value does not adequately reflect the value of the underlying investments, the Net Asset Value per Share may be adversely affected. Adjustments to the Net Asset Value of the Sub-Fund will generally be made to the then current Net Asset Value, not by adjusting the Net Asset Values previously reported.

The Sub-Fund will have no control over the choice of service providers, made by the companies invested in, or over the valuation methods and accounting rules which they may use.

Investors should recognise that the Sub-Fund's ability to correctly assess the value of its investment portfolio will be dependent upon the information available with respect to these investments. The valuations of the underlying assets of the Sub-Fund will be based on the latest available prices. This might not reflect the current situation and current values of the investments of the Sub-Fund.

Conflicts of Interest

Conflicts of interest may arise between the Fund and the persons or entities involved in the management of the Fund or offering services to it, including the AIFM, the Investment Advisor, the Investment Manager, the Administrator, the Depositary and other service providers which may be appointed in respect of a Sub-Fund or counterparties thereof. The AIFM, the Investment Advisor, the Investment Manager, the Depositary and the Administrator which may be appointed in respect of a Sub-Fund (including their respective principals, shareholders, members, directors, officers, agents or delegates and employees) may from time to time act as the AIFM, the Investment Advisor, the Investment Manager, the Depositary or the Administrator in relation to, or otherwise be involved in, other funds established by parties other than the Fund, which have similar objectives and which make investments similar to those made on behalf of a Sub-Fund. Such clients could thus compete for the same trades or investments, and whilst available investments or opportunities for each client are generally expected to be allocated in a manner believed to be equitable to each, certain of the allocation procedures may adversely affect the price paid or received for investments or the size of positions obtained or disposed of. Similarly, the AIFM, the Investment Advisor, the Investment Manager, the Administrator, the Depositary and their principals and the Directors may trade for their own accounts in any of the types of assets in which a Sub-Fund invests or intends to invest.

The Directors in their personal capacities, or entities in which the Directors may have a management or financial interest, may also from time to time invest in the Sub-Funds and may increase or decrease such holdings without notice.

Generally, there may be conflicts of interest between the interests of the Fund and the interests of the AIFM, the Investment Advisor, the Depositary, the Administrator and their respective Affiliates and the Directors to generate fees, commissions and other revenues. In the event that such a conflict of interest arises, the Directors will endeavour to ensure that it is resolved in the best interest of the Fund. It should be noted that the AIFM, as well as its Affiliates, may at any time also be offering their services to one or more of the investors in the Sub-Funds.

Furthermore, the AIFM, as well as its Affiliates, may have equity stakes in the funds (or fund managers) to which they are providing their services, or own or have an interest in one or more assets that are also owned by such funds. Conflicts of interest can therefore not be ruled out.

Policies and procedures implemented by the Investment Advisor or the Investment Manager from time to time (including as may be implemented in the future) to mitigate potential conflicts of interest and address certain regulatory requirements and contractual restrictions may reduce the synergies across the Investment Advisor's operating platform and areas of expertise that the AIFM, the Investment Manager or Investment Advisor expect to draw on for the purposes of pursuing attractive investment opportunities for the Fund. The Investment Manager or the Investment Advisor may implement certain policies and procedures that may reduce the synergies that the Investment Advisor generally seeks to implement across its business (for example, through the creation of information barriers to mitigate conflicts) which restricts information flow. Additionally, the terms of confidentiality or other agreements may restrict or otherwise limit the ability of the Fund and/or its investments and their associates to make investments in or otherwise engage in businesses or activities competitive with such companies.

Reliance on Investments' Management

Although the AIFM will monitor the performance of each Investment, the day-to-day management of each Target Fund will be the responsibility of their respective management teams. Although the Fund generally intends to make Investments with strong management, there can be no assurance that such management will operate successfully. Investors will not have the opportunity to evaluate the relevant economic, financial and other information which will be utilised by the AIFM in selecting, structuring, monitoring and disposing of Investments.

Limitations due to Regulatory and Other Restrictions

The Sub-Fund may seek to acquire a significant stake in certain issuers of securities. In the event that such stake exceeds certain percentage or value limits, the Fund may be required to file a notification with one or more governmental agencies or comply with other regulatory requirements. In addition, participation by one or more Investors in the Fund and their particular legal status or affiliation with foreign governments may prevent or cause delays in obtaining relevant approvals from regulatory authorities which may undermine or restrict the Fund from consummating a transaction or place the Fund at a disadvantage to competitors or otherwise restrict the ability of the Fund to implement its investment strategy, each of which may have an adverse effect on the Fund and its activities. Certain filings may also be subject to review that requires a delay in the acquisition of the security. Compliance with such filings and other requirements may result in additional costs to the Sub-Fund and may delay the Sub-Fund's ability to respond in a timely manner to changes in the markets with respect to such securities. In addition, the AIFM or any of its affiliates may be required to make disclosures of investments in securities as a result of the Sub-Fund and/or other funds managed by the AIFM or any Affiliate holding an interest in an investment that is above or otherwise crosses a reporting threshold for the market concerned.

The AIFM will be subject to certain so-called "anti-asset stripping" requirements under the 2013 Law. Broadly, the AIFM will need to notify its home state regulator of the acquisition and disclose certain information (e.g. proposed business plan and impact on the current employees of the company) to the target company and its employees. Moreover, for the first two (2) years after the Fund acquires (alone or jointly with other alternative investment funds) control, the AIFM will be subject to certain restrictions on distributions and must, amongst other things, use its best efforts to prevent any distribution, capital reduction, share redemption and/or acquisition of own shares by the company if those actions would cause the relevant undertaking to fail certain tests by reference to the company's historical profits and net assets.

Moreover, the AIFM will be subject to similar notification requirements under the AIFMD when (acting alone or jointly with other alternative investment funds) it acquires or disposes of holdings reaching, exceeding or falling below certain reportable thresholds.

Laws and Regulations

The Fund may be subject to a number of legal and regulatory risks, including contradictory interpretations or applications of laws, incomplete, unclear and changing laws, restrictions on general public access to regulations, practices and customs, ignorance or breaches of laws on the part of counterparties and other market participants, incomplete or incorrect transaction documents, lack of established or effective avenues for legal redress, inadequate investor protection, or lack of enforcement of existing laws. Difficulties in asserting, protecting and enforcing rights may have a material adverse effect on the Sub-Funds and their operations.

Political and/or Regulatory Risk

The performance of the Shares in a particular Sub-Fund or the possibility to purchase, sell, or repurchase may be affected by changes in general economic conditions and uncertainties, such as political developments, changes in government policies, laws or regulations (including regarding taxation), the imposition of restrictions on the transfer

of capital and changes in regulatory requirements in the Fund's home jurisdiction or in countries where a Sub-Fund is invested. The legal infrastructure, accounting, auditing and reporting standards in certain jurisdictions in which the capital of a Sub-Fund may be invested may not offer the same degree of investor protection or information as is normally expected in major securities markets.

Segregation of Sub-Funds

The Fund is a single legal entity incorporated as an "umbrella fund" comprising separate Sub-Funds. Under Luxembourg law, each Sub-Fund represents a segregated pool of assets and liabilities. By operation of the law, the rights and claims of creditors and counterparties of the Fund arising in respect of the creation, operation or liquidation of a Sub-Fund will be limited to the assets allocated to that Sub-Fund. However, while these provisions are binding in a Luxembourg court, these provisions have not been tested in other jurisdictions, and a creditor or counterparty might seek to attach or seize assets of a Sub-Fund in satisfaction of an obligation owed in relation to another Sub-Fund in a jurisdiction which would not recognise the principle of segregation of liability between Sub-Funds. Moreover, under Luxembourg law, there is no legal segregation of assets and liabilities between Classes of the same Sub-Fund. In the event that, for any reason, assets allocated to a Class become insufficient to pay for the liabilities allocated to that Class, the assets allocated to other Classes of the Sub-Fund will be used to pay for those liabilities. As a result, the Net Asset Value of the other Classes may also be reduced.

Tax and Legal Risks

The tax consequences to the Sub-Fund and investors in the Sub-Fund, the ability of the Sub-Fund as a foreign investor to invest in the markets and to repatriate its assets, including any income and profit earned on those assets, and other operations of the Sub-Fund are based on existing regulations and are subject to change through legislative, judicial or administrative action in the various jurisdictions in which the Fund operates. There can be no guarantee that income tax legislation and laws or regulations governing the Fund's operations and investments will not be changed in a manner that may adversely affect the Fund or its Sub-Funds.

Changes in tax laws or their interpretation could lead to an increase in the tax liabilities of the Fund or Sub-Fund and could affect the intended tax treatment of investments. Tax laws could change or be subject to differing interpretations, possibly with retroactive effect, or the relevant tax authority could take a different view, so that the tax consequences of a particular investment structure could change after the investment has been made that may result in the after-tax returns of the Fund being reduced.

In particular, pursuant to the OECD BEPS project, individual jurisdictions are beginning to introduce domestic legislation implementing certain of the BEPS actions. Several of the areas of tax law (including double taxation treaties) on which the BEPS project is focusing are relevant to the ability of the Fund to efficiently realise income or capital gains and to efficiently repatriate income and capital gains from the jurisdictions in which they arise to investors and, depending on the extent to and manner in which relevant jurisdictions implement changes in those areas of tax law (including double taxation treaties), the ability of the Fund to do those things may be adversely impacted. There remains significant uncertainty as to whether and, if so, to what extent the Fund or the Sub-Fund (if any) may benefit from the protections afforded by such treaties and as to whether the Fund may look to its Shareholders in order to derive tax treaty or other benefits. This position is likely to remain uncertain for a number of years.

In addition, in July 2016, the EU adopted the Anti-Tax Avoidance Directive 2016/1164 (commonly referred to as "**ATAD I**"), which directly implements some of the BEPS project actions points within EU law. On 29 May 2017, the Council of the EU formally adopted the Council Directive amending Directive (EU) 2016/1164 as regards hybrid mismatches with third countries (commonly referred to as "**ATAD II**"). ATAD II came into force in Member States on 1 January 2020 (subject to relevant derogations).

Further to the BEPS project, and in particular BEPS action 1 ("Addressing the Tax Challenges of the Digital Economy"), the OECD published a report on 31 May 2019 entitled "Programme of Work to Develop a Consensus Solution to the Tax Challenges Arising from the Digitalisation of the Economy" (as updated on several occasions since and most recently on 8 October 2021 by the "Statement on a Two-Pillar Solution to Address the Tax Challenges Arising from the Digitalisation of the Economy"), which proposes fundamental changes to the international tax system. The proposals (commonly now also referred to as "**BEPS 2.0**") are based on two "pillars", involving the reallocation of taxing rights (Pillar One), and additional global anti-base erosion rules (Pillar Two). On 20 December 2021, the OECD published the last version of the detailed rules to assist in the implementation of Pillar Two. On 14 December 2022, the Council of the EU adopted a directive to implement Pillar Two at EU level to be transposed into Member States' national law by the end of 2023. The law of 22 December 2023 on minimum effective taxation transposed the Pillar Two rules into Luxembourg national law. While sector-specific exclusions have been included for investment funds and other financial services, it cannot be excluded, depending on the application of the technical detail of BEPS 2.0, that the Fund and its affiliates may suffer additional tax as effective tax rates could increase within the Fund structure or on its investments, including by way of higher levels of tax being imposed than is currently the case, possible denial of deductions or increased withholding taxes and/or profits being allocated differently.

On 22 December 2021, the European Commission proposed a new directive aimed at preventing the misuse of so-called "shell" entities for tax purposes within the EU (commonly referred to as the "**ATAD 3 Proposal**" or "**Unshell**"). Based on discussions at the level of the Council of the EU, the current ATAD 3 Proposal will likely be materially amended and/or replaced by a new directive on exchange of information. While there remains considerable uncertainty surrounding the development of the proposal, these rules (if applicable) may have an impact on how returns are taxed and may decrease the amounts available to investors.

The Business in Europe: Framework for Income Taxation ("**BEFIT**") is a European Commission proposal for a directive published on 12 September 2023, intended to produce a comprehensive solution for business taxation in the EU. BEFIT aims to introduce a common set of rules for certain targeted EU companies to calculate their taxable base while ensuring a more effective allocation of profits between EU countries. BEFIT has the potential to alter taxing rights with the EU, and may include substantive changes to applicable tax rules. The BEFIT proposal must now be submitted to the Council of the EU for examination and (unanimous) vote for adoption. Provided that the Member States reach an agreement, the BEFIT directive should be transposed by the Member States into domestic law by 1 January 2028, and apply from 1 July 2028.

The implementation of the foregoing laws and regulations (the full extent of which is not yet known) could have a material and adverse effect on the Fund, its operations and its Sub-Funds (if any).

Due Diligence Process

Before making investments, the AIFM (or its delegates) will conduct the due diligence that it deems reasonable and appropriate based on the facts and circumstances applicable to each investment. When conducting due diligence, the AIFM may be required to evaluate important and complex business, financial, tax, accounting, environmental and legal issues. Outside consultants, legal advisors, accountants and investment banks may be involved in the due diligence process in varying degrees depending on the type of investment. Nevertheless, when conducting due diligence and making an assessment regarding an investment, the AIFM will rely on the resources available to it, including information provided by the target of the investment or the seller and, in some circumstances, third-party investigations. The due diligence investigation that the AIFM will carry out with respect to any investment opportunity may not reveal or highlight certain facts that could adversely affect the value of the investment.

Certain Financial Instruments and Investment Techniques

OTC financial derivative instruments

In general, there is less government regulation and supervision of transactions in OTC markets than of transactions entered into on organised exchanges. OTC derivatives are executed directly with the counterparty rather than through a recognised exchange and clearing house. Counterparties to OTC derivatives are not afforded the same protections as may apply to those trading on recognised exchanges, such as the performance guarantee of a clearing house.

The principal risk when engaging in OTC financial derivative instruments (such as non-exchange traded options, forwards, swaps or contracts for difference) is the risk of default by a counterparty who has become insolvent or is otherwise unable or refuses to honour its obligations as required by the terms of the relevant instrument. OTC derivatives may expose a Sub-Fund to the risk that the counterparty will not settle a transaction in accordance with its terms, or will delay the settlement of the transaction, because of a dispute over the terms of the contract (whether or not bona fide) or because of the insolvency, bankruptcy or other credit or liquidity problems of the counterparty. Counterparty risk is generally mitigated by the transfer or pledge of collateral in favour of the Sub-Fund.

Investments in OTC derivatives may be subject to the risk of differing valuations arising out of different permitted valuation methods. Although the Fund has implemented appropriate valuation procedures to determine and verify the value of OTC derivatives, certain transactions are complex, and valuation may only be provided by a limited number of market participants who may also be acting as counterparties to the transactions. Inaccurate valuation can result in inaccurate recognition of gains or losses and counterparty exposure.

Unlike exchange-traded derivatives, which are standardised with respect to their terms and conditions, OTC derivatives are generally established through negotiation with the other party to the instrument. While this type of arrangement allows greater flexibility to tailor the instrument to the needs of the parties, OTC derivatives may involve greater legal risk than exchange-traded instruments, as there may be a risk of loss if the agreement is deemed not to be legally enforceable or not documented correctly. There also may be a legal or documentation risk that the parties may disagree as to the proper interpretation of the terms of the agreement. However, these risks are generally mitigated, to a certain extent, by the use of industry-standard agreements, such as those published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association (ISDA).

Collateral management

Counterparty risk arising from investments in OTC financial derivative instruments is generally mitigated by the transfer or pledge of collateral in favour of the Sub-Fund. However, transactions may not be fully collateralised. Fees and returns due to the Sub-Fund may not be collateralised. If a counterparty defaults, the Sub-Fund may need to sell non-cash collateral received at prevailing market prices. In such a case, the Sub-Fund could realise a loss due, inter alia, to inaccurate pricing or monitoring of the collateral, adverse market movements, deterioration in the credit rating of issuers of the collateral or illiquidity of the market on which the collateral is traded. Difficulties in selling collateral may delay or restrict the ability of the Sub-Fund to meet redemption requests.

A Sub-Fund may also incur a loss in reinvesting cash collateral received, where permitted. Such a loss may arise due to a decline in the value of the investments made. A decline in the value of such investments would reduce the amount of collateral available to be returned by the Sub-Fund to the counterparty as required by the terms of the transaction. The Sub-Fund would be required to cover the difference in value between the collateral originally received and the amount available to be returned to the counterparty, thereby resulting in a loss to the Sub-Fund.

Restrictions on Redemptions

The Shares may be illiquid, generally non-transferable and subject to restrictions on redemption. Because notices of redemption must be submitted significantly in advance of the actual date of redemption, the value received upon redemption of capital from the relevant Sub-Fund may differ materially from the value at the time a decision to redeem is made. In addition, the Board of Directors may defer redemptions and or limit or suspend redemptions under certain circumstances and may take such other actions as the Directors deem prudent in order to satisfy as far as possible the redemption requests of redeeming Investors while maintaining a portfolio for non-redeeming Investors that is not materially less liquid.

Substantial Redemptions

Substantial redemptions of Shares could require a Sub-Fund to liquidate positions more rapidly than would otherwise be desirable, which could adversely affect the value of the Shares. Substantial redemptions might also cause the liquidation of the Fund and/or a Sub-Fund.

Illiquidity in certain markets could also make it difficult for a Sub-Fund to liquidate positions on favourable terms, thereby resulting in a decrease in the value of the assets. In these circumstances, the non-redeeming Shareholders will bear a disproportionate risk of any decline in the value, liquidity and quality of a Sub-Fund's assets subsequent to the redemptions.

Borrowing and Leverage Risks

A Sub-Fund may not be able to repay borrowings or may be forced to sell investments at a disadvantageous time in order to repay borrowings. Costs incurred in connection with the use of leverage may not be recovered by income or appreciation in the investments purchased and may be lost in the event of a decline of the market value of such investments. In the event of a precipitous drop in the value of its assets, a Sub-Fund might not be able to liquidate assets quickly enough to repay its margin debt. A Sub-Fund might elect to sell its more liquid assets to repay borrowings, or to meet redemptions, thus increasing its concentration in less liquid securities.

Leverage

Investors should be aware that an investment programme utilising leverage is inherently more speculative, with a greater potential for losses, than a programme which does not utilise leverage.

Changes in overall market leverage, deleveraging as a consequence of a decision by a counterparty to reduce the level of leverage available, or the liquidation by other market participants of the same or similar positions, may adversely affect a Sub-Fund's portfolio. Investors should be aware that under such circumstances, the Net Asset Value of a Sub-Fund may be adversely affected.

While leverage presents opportunities for increasing the total return of a Sub-Fund, it has the effect of potentially increasing losses as well. Accordingly, any event that adversely affects the value of an investment, either directly or indirectly, could be magnified to the extent that leverage is employed. The cumulative effect of the use of leverage by a Sub-Fund or an underlying fund, directly or indirectly, in a market that moves adversely to the investments of the entity employing the leverage, could result in a loss to the Sub-Fund that would be greater than if leverage were not employed by the Sub-Fund or such underlying fund.

Legislative and Regulatory Developments

On 29 March 2012, the European Parliament adopted the Regulation on OTC derivatives, central counterparties and trade repositories ("**EMIR**"), which took direct effect in the Member States in 2013. EMIR introduces certain requirements in respect of OTC derivative contracts applying to financial counterparties ("**FCPs**"), such as investment

firms, credit institutions, insurance companies and managers of alternative investment funds such as the Fund and certain non-financial counterparties ("**Non-FCPs**"). FCPs would be subject to a general obligation to clear all so-called "eligible" OTC derivative contracts through a duly authorised central counterparty (the "clearing obligation") and to report the details of all such contracts to a trade repository (the "reporting obligation"). Under EMIR, a central clearing counterparty ("**CCP**") will be used to meet the clearing obligation by interposing itself between the counterparties to the eligible derivative contracts. CCPs will connect with derivative counterparties through their clearing members. Each derivative counterparty will be required to post both initial and variation margin to the clearing member (which in turn will be required to post margin to the CCP). EMIR requires CCPs to only accept highly liquid collateral with minimal credit and market risk.

A Non-FCP may also be subject to the clearing obligation and the reporting obligation, subject to its positions in OTC derivative contracts exceeding certain thresholds. In addition, an FCP or a Non-FCP subject to the clearing obligation which enters into an OTC derivative contract which is not eligible for the clearing obligation would have to ensure that appropriate procedures and arrangements are in place to measure, monitor and mitigate operational and credit risk.

The implementation of EMIR is achieved largely through secondary measures which are being phased in over time. Certain of EMIR's requirements have applied since 15 March 2013, and additional requirements are coming into force subsequently thereafter and/or are yet to be finalised. The EU regulatory framework relating to derivatives is set not only by EMIR but also by MiFID II and its implementing measures. It is difficult to predict the full impact of these regulatory developments on the Sub-Funds. Prospective investors should be aware that the regulatory changes arising from EMIR and MiFID II may in due course significantly raise the costs of entering into derivative contracts and may adversely affect a Sub-Fund's ability to engage in transactions in derivatives.

Other Risks

Fees and Expenses

Investors will bear certain fees and expenses of the Fund and any Sub-Funds and will indirectly bear the costs and expenses of the investments in which the Fund invests. The Fund may bear expenses upon indirect investments by the Fund through holding companies or other investment vehicles. Unless specified otherwise in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement, each Sub-Fund will pay and bear all expenses related to its operations and will also bear a portion of all expenses related to the Fund's operations. The amount of these Operating and Administrative Expenses will be substantial and will reduce the actual returns realised by Investors on their investment in a Sub-Fund (and may, in certain circumstances, reduce the amount of capital available to be deployed by a Sub-Fund in investments).

Operating Expenses include recurring and regular items, as well as extraordinary expenses for which it may be hard to budget or forecast. As a result, the ultimate amount of Operating and Administrative Expenses may exceed expectations. As described further in this Prospectus (including the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement), Operating and Administrative Expenses encompass a broad range of expenses and include all expenses of operating a Sub-Fund and the Fund. Expenses to be borne by the Fund and/or the AIFM are only limited to those items specifically enumerated in this Prospectus, and all other costs and expenses in operating a Sub-Fund and the Fund will be borne by Investors in such Sub-Fund. From time to time, the AIFM will be required to decide whether costs and expenses are to be borne by a Sub-Fund or the Fund, on the one hand, or the Fund and/or the AIFM or other funds managed by the AIFM and its associates and/or managed or advised by the Investment Advisor or the Investment Manager and its associates on the other hand, and/or whether certain costs and expenses should be allocated between or among a Sub-Fund, on the one hand, and one or more other Sub-Funds, on the other hand. The AIFM will make such judgements notwithstanding its interest in the outcome and may make corrective allocations should, based on periodic reviews, it determines that such corrective allocations are necessary or advisable.

Investors' lack of Control over the Fund's Policies

The investment, structuring, management, financing, operating and disposition policies of the Fund will be determined and implemented by the AIFM. Certain policies may be changed from time to time without the vote or other approval of Investors. The same applies to the policies of any Target Funds in which a Sub-Fund may invest. Any such changes could be detrimental to the operations of the Fund or the value of the Fund's investments.

Compulsory Redemption

The Fund may compulsorily redeem Shares of an Investor in case an Investor is or becomes a Prohibited Person or a Defaulting Investor or in other circumstances set out in this Prospectus.

Indemnities

The Fund's Directors and officers, the AIFM, the Depositary, the Administrator and other service providers to the Fund and each of their directors, officers, employees and agents may be entitled to be indemnified in certain circumstances. As a result, there is a risk that the Fund's assets will be used to indemnify such persons, companies or their employees or satisfy their liabilities as a result of their activities in relation to the Fund or a Sub-Fund.

Geographic Risk

Geographic risk is the risk that a Sub-Fund's assets may be concentrated in countries located in the same geographic region. This concentration will subject a Sub-Fund to risks associated with that particular region, such as a natural disaster.

Confidential Information

The AIFM may, in connection with its other business activities, acquire material non-public confidential information that may restrict the AIFM from purchasing assets or selling assets for itself or its clients (including the Fund) or otherwise using such information for the benefit of its clients or itself.

Fraud

Of paramount concern for any investment is the possibility of material misrepresentation or omission on the part of a counterparty. Such inaccuracy or incompleteness may adversely affect the valuation of the collateral underlying an investment. The AIFM will rely upon the accuracy and completeness of representations made by counterparties to the extent reasonable but cannot guarantee such accuracy or completeness. Under certain circumstances, payments to a Sub-Fund may be reclaimed if any such payment or distribution is later determined to have been a fraudulent conveyance or a preferential payment.

Use of Bankers

A Sub-Fund's cash may be deposited with the Depositary (as banker) or another banking institution selected by the AIFM or the Fund. In spite of upcoming more stringent rules on banks' capital reserves and possible restrictions on proprietary trading, the failure of a bank is always possible, especially in the context of systemic risk trigger events. In the event of failure of a bank, a Sub-Fund risks losing all or a portion of cash held with that institution. Further, as an institutional investor, the Fund or its Sub-Funds would not normally benefit from depositor compensation schemes.

Significant Investor/Shareholder

It is expected that at any time investors in a Sub-Fund may include individual investors ("**Significant Investors**") with significant holdings in the outstanding Shares in a particular Sub-Fund. The presence of a Significant Investor helps to mitigate the burden of the fixed costs of a Sub-Fund, by effectively spreading the impact of such costs over a larger

Net Asset Value than would otherwise be the case. By the same token, any large redemptions by a Significant Investor will raise the impact of such fixed costs on remaining Investors. Large orders to purchase or sell Shares in a Sub-Fund by Significant Investors may, individually or on a combined basis, also result in parallel investment/disinvestment transactions by the Sub-Fund concerned in one or more of its underlying assets. This could in turn possibly impact the value of such investments, thereby affecting the Net Asset Value of the Sub-Fund concerned, as well as that of other Sub-Funds investing in the same underlying assets.

Prevention of Money Laundering

In response to increased regulatory concerns with respect to the sources of funds used in investments and other activities and in order to comply with various anti-money laundering requirements, the Fund may request prospective and existing Investors to provide additional documentation verifying, among other things, such Investors' identity and source of funds used to purchase its Shares. The Fund may decline to accept a subscription if this information is not provided or on the basis of such information that is provided. Requests for documentation may be made at any time during which an Investor holds Shares. The Fund and/or the AIFM may be required to provide this information, or report the failure to comply with such requests, to governmental authorities, in certain circumstances without notifying the Investor that the information has been provided. The Fund and/or the AIFM may take such steps as it determines may be necessary to comply with applicable law, regulations, orders, directives or special measures that may be required by government regulators. Governmental authorities are continuing to consider appropriate measures to implement anti-money laundering laws and, at this point, it is unclear what steps the Fund and/or the AIFM may be required to take; however, these steps may include prohibiting such Investor from making further contributions of capital to the Fund, depositing distributions to which such Investor would otherwise be entitled to an escrow account and/or causing the withdrawal of such Investor from the Fund.

Employee Benefit Plan Risks

The United States Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("**ERISA**"), imposes certain requirements on "employee benefit plans" (as defined in section 3(3) of ERISA) subject to Title I of ERISA, including entities such as collective investment funds and separate accounts whose underlying assets include the assets of such plans (collectively, "**ERISA Plans**") and on those persons who are fiduciaries with respect to ERISA Plans. Investments by ERISA Plans are subject to ERISA's general fiduciary requirements, including the requirement of investment prudence and diversification and the requirement that an ERISA Plan's investments be made in accordance with the documents governing the ERISA Plan. In addition, section 406 of ERISA and section 4975 of the Code prohibit certain transactions involving the assets of an ERISA Plan (as well as those plans that are not subject to ERISA but which are subject to section 4975 of the Code, such as individual retirement accounts (together with ERISA Plans, "**Plans**")) and certain persons (referred to as "parties in interest" or "disqualified persons") having certain relationships to such Plans, unless a statutory or administrative exemption is applicable to the transaction. Shares in the Fund will not be eligible to be purchased or held by Plans, and the Fund will require potential investors to represent that the assets of a Plan are not used to purchase any Shares in the Fund.

Governmental plans and certain church and other plans, while not subject to the fiduciary responsibility provisions of ERISA or the prohibited transaction provisions of section 406 of ERISA or section 4975 of the Code, may nevertheless be subject to state or other federal, state, local or non-U.S. laws that are substantially similar to ERISA and the Code ("**Similar Law**"). Employee benefit plans that are not subject to ERISA but are subject to any Similar Law will also not be eligible to purchase or hold any Shares in the Fund, unless such purchase and holding will not violate any such Similar Law and the AIFM explicitly agrees to allow the purchase and holding by such employee benefit plan.

Specific Risk Factors of the Sub-Funds

Please refer to the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement for specific risk factors applying to each of the Sub-Funds.

THE FOREGOING LIST OF RISK FACTORS DOES NOT PURPORT TO BE A COMPLETE ENUMERATION OR EXPLANATION OF THE RISKS INVOLVED IN AN INVESTMENT IN THE FUND OR ITS SUB-FUNDS. INVESTORS SHOULD READ THIS ENTIRE PROSPECTUS, INCLUDING ANY RELEVANT SUB-FUND SUPPLEMENT, AND CONSULT THEIR OWN COUNSEL AND ADVISORS BEFORE DECIDING TO INVEST IN THE FUND OR ITS SUB-FUNDS.

23. ANNEX II: CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

The Board of Directors, the AIFM, the Investment Manager(s), the Investment Advisor(s), the Depositary, the Administrator and the other Service Providers of the Fund, and/or their respective Affiliates, members, employees or any person connected with them may be subject to various actual or potential conflicts of interest in their relationship with the Fund. The following briefly summarises some of these conflicts, but is not intended to be an exclusive list of all such conflicts.

By acquiring Shares, each Shareholder will be deemed to have acknowledged and consented to the existence or resolution of any actual, apparent and/or potential conflicts of interest and to have waived any claim with respect to any liability arising from the existence of any such conflicts of interest or any claim with respect to any such activity taken that is consistent with the policies of the AIFM relating to conflicts of interest. If any matter or transaction arises that the Board of Directors determines in its good faith judgement constitutes an actual conflict of interest in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations, including also any events, the Board of Directors or the AIFM will take such actions as it determines in good faith may be necessary or appropriate to ameliorate the conflict.

The Board of Directors and/or the AIFM will have the power to resolve, or consent to the resolution of, conflicts of interest on behalf of, and such resolution will be binding on, the Fund. Shareholders should be aware that conflicts will not necessarily be resolved in favour of the Fund or the Shareholders.

If any matter or transaction arises that the Board of Directors, the Investment Manager(s) or the AIFM, as applicable, determines in its good faith judgement constitutes an actual conflict of interest, the Board of Directors, the Investment Manager(s) or the AIFM, as applicable, will, to the extent permitted by applicable law, take such actions as it determines in good faith may be necessary or appropriate to ameliorate or resolve or mitigate the conflict (if and as applicable) (and upon taking such actions, the Board of Directors, the Investment Manager(s) or the AIFM, as applicable, will be relieved of any liability for such conflict to the fullest extent permitted by law and will be deemed to have satisfied applicable fiduciary duties related thereto to the fullest extent permitted by law). These actions include, by way of example and without limitation: (i) disposing of the security giving rise to the conflict of interest; (ii) appointing an independent fiduciary or third party to act with respect to the matter giving rise to the conflict of interest; (iii) disclosing the conflict of interest to Shareholders; or (iv) implementing certain policies and procedures designed to ameliorate, mitigate, resolve or address (as deemed to be appropriate) such conflict of interest. There can be no assurance that the Board of Directors, the Investment Manager(s) or the AIFM, as applicable, will identify or resolve all conflicts of interest in a manner that is favourable to the Fund or any of the Shareholders.

The AIFM has adopted and implemented a conflicts of interest policy and has made appropriate organisational and administrative arrangements to identify and manage conflicts of interest so as to minimise the risk of the Fund's interests being prejudiced and, if they cannot be avoided, ensure that the Fund is treated fairly.

As a matter of illustration, please find below a list of potential conflicts of interest and adequate relative framework put in place.

Warehousing

In the conduct of the investment process on behalf of each Sub-Fund, the AIFM or the Investment Manager(s) may identify investment opportunities for which the relevant Sub-Fund has not the immediate capacity to invest. In this specific case, the AIFM or the Investment Manager(s) of the Sub-Fund may request a Warehousing Entity to warehouse a Warehoused Investment. For that purpose, a dedicated warehousing policy has been implemented in order to prevent conflicts of interest from occurring from this situation.

Co-Investment

Co-investing alongside private equity investors and financial sponsors involves risks that may not be present in investments made by lead or sponsoring private equity investors. As a co-investor, a Sub-Fund may have interests or objectives that are inconsistent with those of the lead private equity investors that generally will have a greater degree of control over such investments.

In addition, in order to take advantage of co-investment opportunities, a Sub-Fund generally will be required to hold a minority interest, for example, by becoming a limited partner in a co-investment partnership that is managed by the general partner or manager of the entity offering the co-investment to the Sub-Fund. In this event, a Sub-Fund would have less control over its portfolio investment and may be adversely affected by actions taken by such general partner or manager with respect to the portfolio company and the Sub-Fund's indirect investment in it.

Co-Investments may involve risks not present in investments where third parties are not involved, including the possibility that a co-investor may at any time have economic or business interests or goals which are inconsistent with those of a Sub-Fund, may take a different view than that of the Investment Manager(s) as to the appropriate strategy for such investment, may be in a position to take action contrary to a Sub-Fund's investment objective or may become bankrupt or otherwise default on their obligations. This could potentially result in increased costs, delays or even termination of the proposed investment.

A Sub-Fund may hold indirectly debt obligations in a portfolio entity and, in this instance, will have a limited ability to protect the Sub-Fund's position in such portfolio entity. It will be the responsibility of the management of the portfolio entity to operate the relevant portfolio entity on a day-to-day basis. There can be no guarantee that the AIFM and/or the Investment Manager(s) will be able to obtain any creditor rights for individual investments so as to sufficiently protect the Sub-Fund's interest in every situation.

A Sub-Fund will be investing primarily in portfolio entities sponsored, controlled and/or managed by third parties (including any Affiliate of the AIFM, the Investment Manager(s) or the Investment Advisor). Such third-party managers and sponsors may have interests (including financial interests) which are inconsistent or conflict with those of a Sub-Fund and may be in a position to take or block actions in a manner adverse to a Sub-Fund's interests. A Sub-Fund generally will have little opportunity to negotiate the terms in any portfolio entity, and a Sub-Fund generally will not have the right to determine the timing or terms of the disposition of investments, but rather will be required to rely on third-party sponsors and managers to make such determinations, which may or may not be in the best interest of a Sub-Fund. A Sub-Fund will not have an active role in the management of the portfolio entities and will be relying on third parties to effectively manage the portfolio entities. A Sub-Fund's ability to withdraw from, or transfer, its investment in any portfolio entity will be limited. As a result, the performance of a Sub-Fund will depend significantly on the investment and other decisions made by third parties, which could have an indirect, material adverse effect on returns to investors in a Sub-Fund.

In addition, a Sub-Fund may make investments together with other funds managed by Carmignac, investment vehicles and/or accounts, including through commonly owned special purpose vehicles. As a result, to the extent any other fund managed by Carmignac, investment vehicle or account defaults in its obligation to any such special purpose vehicle, a Sub-Fund could be adversely affected by having to make up its portion of the shortfall created by such default. If a Sub-Fund and any other relevant funds managed by Carmignac, investment vehicles and/or accounts do not, or are unable to, collectively make up the shortfall created by such default, then the special purpose vehicle will likely default on its obligation under the applicable transaction documents relating to the special purpose vehicle's underlying investment or investments. Such a default will likely have adverse consequences (which will generally depend on such transaction documents), and a Sub-Fund could be responsible for its portion of any liabilities or losses resulting from such default. Moreover, the use of such special purpose vehicle may give rise to various conflicts of interest. For example, the use of any such special purpose vehicle may make it more difficult to address specific considerations applicable to a Sub-Fund, and the other participating funds managed by the AIFM, the Investment Manager(s) or any Affiliate thereof, investment vehicles and/or accounts as well as their respective investors, than if separate vehicles were used for a Sub-Fund and such other funds, investment vehicles and accounts. The AIFM, the Investment Manager(s) and their Affiliates will be governed by different terms in their contractual arrangements with a Sub-Fund and such other funds, investment vehicles and accounts, including terms regarding fees and other compensation to the AIFM, the Investment Manager(s) or their Affiliates, expenses, portfolio construction and investment objectives, which differences may generate conflicts of interest. In addition, a level of discretion will be required with respect to each entity's relative participation in any such vehicle, including adjustments intended to reflect the entities' relative capital available for investment as of the conclusion of their respective offering periods.

Conflicts relating to Investments in Investment Holding Vehicles/Special Purpose Vehicles

Investments of a Sub-Fund may be undertaken through one or several commonly owned special purpose vehicles or investment holding vehicles on a look-through basis, meaning that the investments provided at the level of the

special purpose vehicle and investment holding vehicle will be considered as being undertaken by the Fund itself for the Sub-Fund.

A Sub-Fund's performance will be affected by the structure of the acquisition and the terms of investments, including legal, tax, regulatory and/or other considerations, over which a Sub-Fund is generally expected to have limited control. The Investment Manager(s) may believe an investment opportunity is a generally appropriate investment for a Sub-Fund, even though the opportunity may have legal, tax or regulatory terms that are not for the benefit of a Sub-Fund.

A Sub-Fund generally makes investments alongside other investors, funds and/or accounts whose investors may have different tax and/or regulatory attributes than the Shareholders. Therefore, a Sub-Fund may make an investment through a structure that may benefit some or all of the investors in such fund but be relatively disadvantageous to some or all of the Shareholders.

Conflicts relating to Carmignac's Activities

Carmignac is a large participant in the equity and fixed income markets and engages in activities, including financial advisory services, and managing public and private investment funds and accounts and other activities. In the ordinary course of its business operations. Carmignac's activities, operations or strategies, or the activities, operations or strategies used for funds managed, sponsored or advised by Carmignac may be in conflict with the transactions and strategies employed on behalf of or otherwise engaged in by the Fund. Carmignac will ensure that those situations are duly addressed in accordance with the conflicts of interest policy implemented by the AIFM and the Investment Manager(s).

Carmignac forms, sponsors, manages or advises one or more new investment vehicles which may have the same, similar or different investment strategies as any of the Sub-Funds (including investment strategies and objectives that may materially overlap with those of any of the Sub-Funds). No Sub-Fund will have any rights to investment opportunities in relation to the rights of such other vehicles or accounts.

In the conduct of its activity, Carmignac may from time to time be presented with investment opportunities that fall within the investment objective of any of the Sub-Funds. In such circumstances, the allocation process of opportunities will be defined within the conditions of the Co-Investment policy defined by Carmignac.

Conflicts relating to Equity and Other Debt Investments

In order to prevent the occurrence of conflicts relating to equity and other debt investment, Carmignac has adopted policies and procedures to identify, assess, evaluate and address such situations, which policies and procedures may include restricting or otherwise limiting investments by the Fund.

Selection of Service Providers

The Fund's advisors and Service Providers (including accountants, administrators, lenders, bankers, brokers, attorneys, consultants and investment, commercial banking firms and sourcing, operating or partners) or their Affiliates generally also provide goods or services to, or have business, personal, financial, or other relations or relationships with Carmignac, the Investment Manager(s), the Investment Advisor(s) or the AIFM, their Affiliates, advisory clients, and portfolio companies.

From time to time, such Service Providers engaged by the Fund are expected to include: (i) Carmignac or a related person of Carmignac (which may include a portfolio company of another fund managed by Carmignac); (ii) an entity with which Carmignac or its Affiliates has a relationship, passive interest or from which Carmignac or its Affiliates or their personnel otherwise derive financial or other benefit, including relationships from joint venturers or co-venturers; or (iii) certain limited partners or their Affiliates. For example, Carmignac has engaged, and may in the future engage, Service Providers that will provide services in connection with a Sub-Fund's investments. This discretion subjects Carmignac to conflicts of interest, because, although Carmignac selects Service Providers that it believes are appropriate for the services provided, Carmignac can benefit from recommending such Service Providers because of financial or other business interests.

Additionally, certain employees of Carmignac, the Investment Manager(s), the Investment Advisor(s) may have family members or relatives employed or retained by such advisors and Service Providers. These relationships may

potentially influence the Board of Directors, the Investment Manager(s), the Investment Advisor(s) or the AIFM in deciding whether to select or recommend such Service Providers to perform services for the Fund.

Allocation of Personnel; Other Activities

Team members may work on other projects and activities conducted by Carmignac or its Affiliates from time to time. Carmignac will ensure that this allocation of resources is not unfavourable for the Fund.

Fees payable to Carmignac; Ancillary Benefits

To the extent permitted by applicable law, Carmignac and its Affiliates may earn fees and other compensation from purchasers, sellers or other parties prior to or upon the closing of certain investments by the Fund or by a Target Fund as compensation for services and may earn fees in connection with unconsummated transactions. In addition, to the extent permitted by applicable law, the Fund may pay fees to Carmignac or its Affiliates, for administrative and other services provided to the Fund on economic terms that are fair and equitable to the Fund taking into account the nature of the transaction and the services or products provided (as determined by the Board of Directors at its sole discretion). Subject to applicable law, Carmignac and its Affiliates may also provide a broad range of financial and other services to entities in which the Fund invests or to the Fund, and Carmignac generally will be paid fees for such services. Save as set out in the applicable Sub-Fund Supplement, none of Carmignac's or its Affiliates' fees for any of the foregoing generally will be shared with the Fund or reduce the Management Fee.

Carmignac will also derive certain ancillary benefits from providing services to the Fund, and providing such services to the Fund may enhance Carmignac's relationships with various parties, such as sponsors or private equity funds or other financial institutions, and may lead to additional business for Carmignac.

Other Affiliate Transactions

Each of the AIFM and the Investment Manager(s) may conduct cross trades between the Fund and Other Accounts in accordance with applicable legal and regulatory requirements. The AIFM and the Investment Manager(s) have the authority to cause each of the Sub-Funds to purchase securities or other assets from or sell securities or other assets to, or engage in other transactions (including entering into derivative contracts) with Other Accounts or vehicles when the AIFM or the Investment Manager(s) believes such transactions are appropriate and in the best interests of the relevant Sub-Fund. If the AIFM or the Investment Manager(s) wishes to reduce the investment of one or more of such Other Accounts in a security or other asset and increase the investment of Other Accounts in such security or other asset, it is permitted to effect such transactions by directing the legal transfer of the securities or other assets between Other Accounts (including each Sub-Fund) directly or by transferring the economic return of the securities or other assets between Other Accounts (including each Sub-Fund) through swaps, participation agreements or other derivatives. The Fund may pay fees, directly or indirectly, pertaining to such investments in Other Accounts, and no portion of any fees otherwise payable by the Fund will be offset against fees payable in accordance with any of these investments, unless duly mentioned in the Other Account's legal documentation.

In addition, each Sub-Fund can enter into "agency cross transactions". In such transactions, the AIFM or the Investment Manager(s) may act as broker for each Sub-Fund and for the other party to the transaction, to the extent permitted under applicable law. In such cases, the AIFM or the Investment Manager(s) may have a potentially conflicting division of loyalties and responsibilities regarding both parties to the transaction.

Employees and Affiliates

Certain Carmignac current and former employees and their family members may invest in a Sub-Fund, either directly or indirectly. Any such investments are made in conformity with the conflicts of interest procedures applicable to the Fund and to the AIFM, which include procedures governing the use of confidential information and personal investing. Management Fees and/or Performance Fees (or such other similar fees) may be waived/adjusted in connection with investments made by the Carmignac-related persons, in accordance with information provided in the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.

Diverse Investor Group

Various Shareholders will likely have conflicting investment, tax, regulatory and other interests with respect to their investments in the Fund. The conflicting interest of individual Shareholders may relate to or arise from, among other things, the investment vehicles through which such Shareholders invest, the nature of investments made by the Fund, the structuring or the acquisition of Fund investments, the timing of disposition of Fund investments and liquidity strategies. As a consequence, conflicts of interest will arise in connection with decisions made by the Board of Directors, the Investment Manager(s) or the AIFM, including with respect to the nature or structuring of investments, that may be more beneficial for one Shareholder than for another Shareholder, especially with respect to Shareholders' individual tax situations. In selecting and structuring investments appropriate for the Fund, the Board of Directors, the Investment Manager(s) and the AIFM will consider the investment and tax objectives of the Fund and its Shareholders as a whole, and not the investment, tax or other objectives of any Shareholder individually.

Allocation of Investment Opportunities

Carmignac is actively engaged in providing investment management services and managing collective investment schemes or providing discretionary portfolio management activities. In the conduct of its activity, Carmignac may identify investment opportunities that may potentially be appropriate or suitable for Other Accounts managed by Carmignac. In such situation, the allocation of investment opportunities will follow the steps defined in Carmignac's Co-Investment policy in order to prevent the occurrence of conflicts. Nevertheless, Investors should bear in mind that the results of the investment activities of each Sub-Fund can reasonably be expected to differ significantly or materially from the results achieved by Other Accounts managed by Carmignac.

In addition, some exceptions to the Co-Investment policy could occur. Other Accounts managed by Carmignac have exclusive rights to certain investment opportunities or investment priority with regard to certain opportunities. Moreover, certain third-party sponsors will from time to time direct investment opportunities, in whole or in part, to certain Other Accounts managed by Carmignac or may explicitly request that certain Other Accounts managed by Carmignac not participate in a potential investment opportunity. As a result, a Sub-Fund would not be afforded the chance to participate (or fully participate) in investment opportunities in which Other Accounts managed by Carmignac are given the opportunity to participate, or in some cases would be allocated a small part of an investment opportunity within the investment objectives of the relevant Sub-Fund when Other Accounts managed by Carmignac are allocated a larger portion. A Sub-Fund may be prohibited (due to, for example, exclusivity rights granted to other investment funds or regulatory limitations) from pursuing certain investment opportunities and may find that its ability to participate in any particular opportunity may be substantially limited.

Restrictions on the Use of Carmignac's Resources

Carmignac's experience in financial markets investing globally is expected to serve the AIFM, the Investment Manager to evaluate certain prospective investments and to make informed investment decisions. In the due diligence process, it is not uncommon for the AIFM, the Investment Manager(s) or the Investment Advisor(s) to use the support of Carmignac's investment resources, including research analysts and industry experts within Carmignac's investment team, to provide valuable insights related to a particular industry or transaction, thereby facilitating the ability to thoroughly conduct its diligence and respond to a Sub-Fund's investment opportunities in a timely and thoughtful manner. The use of those resources is subject to Carmignac's informational barriers and other internal policies (such as the *Research Payment Account Policy*) designed to prevent conflicts of interest. As a result of these informational barriers and policies, the AIFM, the Investment Manager(s) or the Investment Advisor(s) may often not have restricted access to information and not benefit from this information.

Carmignac has implemented policies and procedures that are reasonably designed to prevent the misuse of material information regarding issuers of securities that has not been publicly disseminated ("material non-public information" or "MNPI"). The MNPI procedures are designed to comply with the regulatory requirements. In the ordinary course of operations, members from Carmignac's investment team can reasonably be expected to seek access to material non-public information. The procedures ensure that the necessary restrictions are put in place to prevent the misuse of this MNPI internally and externally.

In the event any material non-public information is disclosed to any person responsible for the affairs of the Fund, the Fund may be prohibited from acting upon any such information. Due to these restrictions, the Fund may not be

able to initiate a transaction that it otherwise might have initiated or sell an investment (whether or not any member of the team is given access to the information). In other cases, because of confidential or material non-public information acquired by Carmignac, the Fund may also be prohibited from acquiring an investment that it otherwise might have acquired.

From time to time, Carmignac can be expected to implement an information barrier within the AIFM, and the Investment Manager(s) or the Investment Advisor(s) or between the AIFM and/or the Investment Manager(s) or the Investment Advisor(s) and other areas of Carmignac in order to further manage the use and disclosure of material non-public information. The implementation of any information barrier may adversely affect the team's access to resources on the other side of the information barrier.

Compensation Conflicts

The Board of Directors, the Investment Manager(s), the Investment Advisor(s) and the AIFM may face actual and potential conflicts of interest in achieving each Sub-Fund's investment objectives. The Management Fee, which will be payable without regard to the Sub-Funds' performance, could motivate the AIFM, the Investment Manager(s) or the Investment Advisor(s) to gather more assets than it can manage effectively, thereby diluting returns to Shareholders. The payment of a performance fee or any other profit share or performance-related entitlement could potentially motivate the Investment Manager(s) and the AIFM to make investment decisions that are riskier or more speculative than would be the case if such arrangements were not in effect. Additionally, the method of calculating any such performance-related entitlement may result in conflicts of interest with respect to the management and disposition of investments, including the sequence of distributions. In order to prevent conflicts of interest, the AIFM has implemented a remuneration policy compliant with the AIFMD.

The foregoing list of potential and actual conflicts of interest does not purport to be a complete list of the conflicts related to an investment in the Fund. Additional conflicts may exist that are not presently known or are deemed immaterial. Prospective investors should read the entire Prospectus, including the relevant Sub-Fund Supplements, and consult with their independent advisors before deciding whether to invest in the Fund. In addition, as the investment strategies of each Sub-Fund develop and change over time, an investment in a Sub-Fund may be subject to additional and different actual and potential conflicts of interest.



PROSPECTUS

SUB-FUND

PRIVATE EVERGREEN

IMPORTANT NOTICE

The present Sub-Fund Supplement summarises selected features of the Sub-Fund in table format. Investors are strongly recommended to carefully read this Sub-Fund Supplement in conjunction with the general part of this Prospectus and the Articles and to seek professional advice before making any decision to subscribe for shares in the Sub-Fund. Terms not otherwise defined in this Sub-Fund Supplement shall have the meaning given to them in the Prospectus.

Investment in the Sub-Fund is only intended for investors who: (i) understand the Sub-Fund's strategy, characteristics and risks in order to make an informed investment decision; and (ii) have knowledge of, and investment experience in, alternative strategies, including (in particular) those that may use borrowing to leverage investment (such as this Sub-Fund) and financial markets generally.

Investors are specifically referred to the risk factors and conflicts of interest in Section 20 (Risk Factors) and Annex II (Conflicts of Interest) of the Prospectus and under Section "Risk Factors" of this Sub-Fund Supplement.

Potential investors should note that although redemptions are expected to be offered on a quarterly basis, the Fund offers limited redemption rights. In accordance with the provisions of Section 8 (Redemption and Withdrawal) of the Prospectus, and Section "Redemption" of this Sub-Fund Supplement, redemptions are subject to gates in case of redemption requests exceeding certain thresholds, and redemption fees.

In the subscription agreement for Shares in the Sub-Fund, each investor confirms that it has read and understood the aforementioned documentation and that it has sought professional advice in respect to such documentation. By signing the subscription agreement, each investor confirms its agreement with the content of the Prospectus (including all appendices, annexes and exhibits thereto), this Sub-Fund Supplement and the Articles.

Participation in the Sub-Fund involves intricate tax and regulatory matters that may differ from investor to investor. Each investor is advised to clarify the actual tax and regulatory effects that participation in the Sub-Fund may have in its particular case with its personal tax and legal advisor.

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Environmental and social characteristics	The Sub-Fund promotes environmental and/or social characteristics pursuant to article 8 of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector (" SFDR "). Further information about the environmental and social characteristics promoted by the Sub-Fund is available in Annex III of this Sub-Fund Supplement.
Investment Advisor	Clipway France A simplified joint-stock company (<i>société par actions simplifiée</i>) 33, avenue de l'Opéra, 75002 Paris, France
Investment Objective	The Sub-Fund aims to provide positive absolute return and capital growth over the medium to long term by investing in a diversified range of Private Assets (as defined below) globally across different strategies, regions and sectors.
Investment Strategy	<p>The term "Private Assets" refers to privately negotiated investments into the equity or debt of a company.</p> <p>The Sub-Fund offers access to Private Assets through a number of different approaches, including secondary purchases of interests in private funds ("Secondary Investments"), primary investments into closed-ended funds including, without limitation, fund-of-funds ("Primary Investments"), and direct investments into equity or debt securities of investee companies ("Direct Investments").</p> <p>The focus of the Sub-Fund's investment activities will be Secondary Investments, which the AIFM expects to account for at least 50% of the Sub-Fund's invested capital. The remaining portion of the Sub-Fund's portfolio will be allocated to Primary Investments (commitments in new private asset funds during their fundraising phase) which the AIFM considers to be accretive to performance, as well as Direct Investments alongside other general partners. Primary Investments and Direct Investments will not account for more than 50% of the Sub-Fund's invested capital.</p> <p>Secondary Investments generally involve mature portfolios that have already been invested in on a relatively large scale (over 50% financed) and whose assets are already in the value creation phase. Such mature assets provide multiple benefits:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Mitigation of J-Curve and positive Day-1 valuation, driven by the following:

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) potential value increase between the record date and the closing date of the transaction; (ii) avoidance of management fees incurred before the secondary transaction; (iii) typical discount with respect to the purchase of the interests of the fund that are not acquired at a Net Asset Value price; (iv) other potential terms and structuring that may be incorporated, such as deferred payments and leverage; <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Instant portfolio diversification, often by vintage, sector, geography and number of underlying companies; - Faster capital deployment, allowing money to be put to work more quickly; - Faster return of capital, especially compared to Primary Investments; and - Reduced blind-pool effect, thanks to relatively mature portfolios being acquired, greatly reducing unknown risk. <p>The investment strategy of the Sub-Fund is to build a diversified portfolio investing globally, with a focus on North America and Western Europe.</p> <p>The Sub-Fund strives to gain exposure primarily to buyout and growth capital assets, preferably alongside general partners that have a proven track record and that the AIFM considers to be of high quality.</p> <p>The Sub-Fund may also invest opportunistically in companies that are in a pre-initial public offering phase ("Pre-IPO Investments") and/or in listed assets.</p> <p>This portfolio construction approach is expected to be geared toward maintaining a relatively high level of exposure to Private Assets while still maintaining sufficient liquidity for investors' redemptions.</p> <p>The Sub-Fund may hold up to 20% of its total net assets in liquid assets or other money market instruments for the purpose of liquidity management, as described in the section "Categories of assets and financial contracts" of this Sub-Fund Supplement.</p> <p>For the avoidance of doubt, ancillary liquid assets referred to in Section "<i>Categories of Assets and Financial Contracts</i>" must not be understood as forming part of these liquid assets.</p>
Diversification Requirements	<p>The Sub-Fund will not invest or commit more than 20% of its total net assets in the securities of any single collective investment scheme at the time when such commitment or investment is made.</p>

	<p>The Sub-Fund will not invest or commit more than 10% of its total net assets, on a look-through basis, in securities issued by the same issuer when such commitment or investment is made.</p> <p>If any of these investment restrictions listed above is breached, except where the investment restriction is breached for reasons beyond the control of the AIFM as applicable, the AIFM shall within an appropriate period of time and having due regard to the best interest of the Shareholders, take the necessary measures to rectify the situation, but no remedial action will be required merely for these reasons.</p> <p>The restrictions set out above are only applicable after the Ramp-up Period and will no longer apply upon the Sub-Fund entering into a winding up or liquidation process.</p> <p>For the avoidance of doubt, where an investment is made through a special purpose investment vehicle, such vehicle shall be disregarded in the application of this Section, i.e. the aforementioned limits shall apply on a look-through basis to the assets held through such special purpose investment vehicle.</p> <p>The Sub-Fund shall comply with the investment restrictions and investment limits provided for under Circular CSSF 02/80.</p>
<p>Categories of assets and financial contracts</p>	<p>The Sub-Fund invests, either directly or indirectly, in interests, shares or quasi-equity securities in investee companies, collective investment schemes or other vehicles.</p> <p>The Sub-Fund's investments can be conducted through the participation of intermediary entities, including special purpose vehicles, co-investment vehicles, aggregator vehicles or holding companies, or other intermediary structures wholly or partly owned, directly or indirectly, by the Sub-Fund. For the avoidance of doubt, such special purpose vehicles shall be controlled by or otherwise managed by Carmignac or an Affiliate thereof.</p> <p><u>Equities</u></p> <p>Up to 100% of the Net Asset Value of the Sub-Fund is exposed, directly or indirectly through collective investment schemes or other vehicles, to equities and/or other securities giving or capable of giving direct or indirect access to the capital or voting rights of companies.</p> <p>The Sub-Fund will invest essentially in unlisted equities.</p> <p><u>UCIs, investment funds, trackers, or exchange-traded funds (ETFs)</u></p> <p>The Sub-Fund may invest up to 100% of its net assets in units or shares of UCITS, AIFs or other collective investment schemes managed, advised or sponsored by the AIFM</p>

or its Affiliates, or by a third-party investment manager. Investments in collective investment schemes managed, advised or sponsored by the AIFM or its Affiliates will not be applying initial, subscription or redemption shares to the Sub-Fund.

Debt securities and money market instruments

To achieve its investment objective, the Sub-Fund may invest, directly or indirectly, in unlisted debt securities.

For the purpose of liquidity management, the Sub-Fund may invest, directly or indirectly, in negotiable debt securities and money market instruments, fixed or floating rate, covered or uncovered bonds, which may be linked to inflation in the Eurozone and/or international – including emerging – markets. The Sub-Fund may invest in corporate or government issuers.

Debt securities may be rated below investment grade, i.e., rated below BBB- (or equivalent rating), by at least one of the main credit rating agencies, or by the AIFM if the security is unrated.

The Sub-Fund may opportunistically be invested directly or indirectly in securitisation instruments and distressed debt securities. Securitisation is a financial arrangement whereby assets, generally debts bought from economic entities such as financial institutions and companies, are pooled in a special purpose vehicle that finances its purchase of the debts by issuing securitisation instruments (securities) to investors.

The Sub-Fund may invest up to 20% of its total net assets in securitisation instruments.

The Sub-Fund Distress securities are debts that are officially in restructuring or in payment default and whose credit margin is at least 10% higher, in absolute terms, than the risk-free interest rate and whose rating is lower than CCC-.

Derivatives

The Sub-Fund may use derivatives for hedging purposes, including (but not limited to) hedging partially or totally its currency risk and its equity-related risk. Depending on the prevailing circumstances, the Sub-Fund may or may not hedge its foreign exchange and/or equity exposure fully or partially. It has no obligation to hedge any such exposure at all. The use of derivatives for exposure is prohibited.

The Sub-Fund will neither use securities financing transactions as defined in Regulation (EU) 2015/2365 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 November 2015 on transparency of securities financing transactions and of reuse and amending Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 nor total return swaps as defined in Article 3(18) of said regulation. This Sub-Fund Supplement will be amended in the event any such transactions should be used in the future.

	<p>If any of the investment restrictions listed above is breached, except where the investment restriction is breached for reasons beyond the control of the AIFM as applicable, the AIFM shall within an appropriate period of time and having due regard to the best interest of the Shareholders, take the necessary measures to rectify the situation, but no remedial action will be required merely for these reasons.</p> <p>The restrictions set out above are only applicable after the Ramp-up Period and will no longer apply upon the Sub-Fund entering into a winding up or liquidation process.</p> <p>Cash</p> <p>The Sub-Fund may hold up to 20% of its total net assets in ancillary liquid assets, such as bank deposits at sight, i.e., cash held in current accounts with a bank accessible at any time, in order to cover current or exceptional payments, or for the time necessary to reinvest in assets complying with the Sub-Fund's investment strategy, or for a period of time strictly necessary in case of unfavourable market conditions. This restriction may only be exceeded temporarily for a period of time strictly necessary if the Board of Directors considers this to be in the best interest of the shareholders (e.g. during exceptionally unfavourable market conditions, such as a severe financial market collapse).</p>
<p>Borrowing and Leverage</p>	<p>The Sub-Fund may borrow and enter into credit facilities or other financing transactions or otherwise incur leverage on terms the Board of Directors, in collaboration with the AIFM, determines at its reasonable discretion are commercially reasonable, provided that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) it does not represent more than 30% of the Net Asset Value; (ii) it serves the purpose of paying out redemption proceeds; or (iii) it serves the purpose of making investment or providing liquidity, including to pay costs, expenses, provided that the holdings in cash or cash equivalent of the Sub-Fund are not sufficient to make the investment or to pay out the costs and expenses concerned. <p>The AIFMD requires the AIFM to disclose and report regularly on the level of leverage used by the Sub-Fund. In accordance with its risk management function and the investment objectives of the Sub-Fund, the AIFM has set a maximum level of leverage which the AIFM and its delegates may employ on behalf of the Sub-Fund. For the avoidance of doubt, this maximum level of leverage does not include leverage at the level of investments.</p>

	<p>The maximum total aggregate leverage calculated pursuant to the gross method and commitment method set out in the AIFM Regulation is respectively 300% and 200%.</p> <p>Investors should note that the level of leverage determined under articles 7 and 8 of the AIFMR does not necessarily provide any reasonable illustration of the overall risk profile of the Sub-Fund as financial derivative instruments or borrowing of cash or securities can be used to manage risk.</p> <p>This borrowing limit shall be temporarily suspended where each Sub-Fund reduces its existing capital or raises additional capital. This suspension shall be limited to the strict minimum, taking into account the interests of the Shareholders, and shall in no case exceed twelve (12) months.</p>
Warehousing	<p>Following the receipt of subscription amounts from Investors (or at any other appropriate time as determined by the AIFM at its discretion), the AIFM can request a Warehousing Entity to transfer one or more Warehoused Investments to the Sub-Fund upon which the Sub-Fund would be expected to pay an amount equal to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. the cost of the investment, i.e. the acquisition price, which shall be the fair market value of such investments as of the date of its acquisition by the Warehousing Entity, adjusted for the cash flows which occurred between acquisition and transfer (such as costs, income received and FX rates fluctuations); plus ii. a carrying cost as determined by the AIFM pursuant to the warehousing procedure of the Carmignac Group which cannot exceed 8% per annum of the cost of the investment referred to under point (i) above, pro-rated by the number of days the investment was warehoused. <p>For the purposes of acquiring a Warehoused Investment, the AIFM shall use its own valuation policy and will not have recourse to an auditor or an external valuer.</p>
Ramp-up Period	<p>The Ramp-up Period shall start on the date the Sub-Fund is launched and shall end no later than thirty (30) months therefrom, provided however that the Board of Directors may, at its discretion, extend the Ramp-up Period for up to an additional six (6) months.</p>
Currency of the Sub-Fund	<p>The Sub-Fund is denominated in euro (EUR).</p>
Shares	<p>Shares will be issued as determined by the Board of Directors (or any person to whom such powers have been delegated) on behalf of the Sub-Fund following each</p>

	<p>Subscription. Shares will be available in book-entry form, and no certificates will be issued.</p> <p>Shares may be issued as Capitalisation Shares or Distribution Shares.</p>
Classes of Shares	<p>At the inception, the Sub-Fund will issue the Classes set out in Annex 1 hereto.</p> <p>Please refer to Section "Issue of Shares" of the Prospectus for further information on Classes of Shares.</p>
Eligible Investors	<p>The Shares in the Sub-Fund will be offered or sold only to, and Shares can only be acquired by, Retail Investors and Professional Investors, and may under no circumstances be beneficially or legally held or owned by any person, who is not an Eligible Investor.</p> <p>Outside the EEA, Shares in the Sub-Fund will be offered or sold only to, and Shares can only be acquired by, Investors who, in addition to being Eligible Investors, are also eligible to purchase such Shares in the relevant jurisdiction.</p> <p>Shares may not be held by Prohibited Persons.</p>
Valuation Day	<p>The Sub-Fund's Net Asset Value and the Net Asset Value per Share shall be determined on the last Business Day of each month by the Administrator, pursuant to the provisions of this Prospectus and the Articles. The Administrator shall calculate the Net Asset Value and the Net Asset Value per Share within five (5) Business Days of the Valuation Day.</p> <p>The Net Asset Value shall be made available by the AIFM to the Shareholders upon request.</p>
Subscription in kind	<p>The Sub-Fund may issue Shares as consideration for a "contribution in kind" of assets with an aggregate value equal to the Subscription Price (plus any Subscription Fee, where applicable), provided that such assets comply with the investment objective and policy of the Sub-Fund and any restrictions and conditions imposed by applicable laws and regulations.</p> <p>In accepting or rejecting such a contribution at any given time, the Board of Directors shall take into account the interests of other Shareholders of the Sub-Fund and the principle of fair treatment. Any contribution in kind will be valued independently in a special report issued by the Auditor or any other independent auditor (<i>réviseur d'entreprises agréé</i>) agreed by the Fund.</p>

	<p>The Sub-Fund and the investor subscribing in kind will agree on specific settlement procedures. Any costs incurred in connection with a contribution in kind, including the costs of issuing a valuation report, shall be borne by that investor or by such other third party as agreed by the Board of Directors or in any other way which the Board of Directors considers fair to all Shareholders of the Sub-Fund. A fair treatment of investors will be ensured in case of a subscription in kind.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">Subscription</p>	<p>Each Valuation Day is a Subscription Date.</p> <p>Subscriptions for Shares in the Sub-Fund must be submitted via a subscription request (a "Subscription Request") to the Administrator directly, no later than one (1) business day at 4.00 pm CET prior to the end of each month (the "Cut-Off Date"). The Board of Directors may, at its entire discretion, decide to accept any Subscription Request submitted after the Cut-Off Date.</p> <p>In case of a new account with the Administrator, the account request must be completed and validated with the Administrator before the Cut-Off Date.</p> <p>Subscription Requests received after the Cut-Off Date will be treated as deemed received by the Cut-Off Date of the immediately following month.</p> <p>Subscriptions for Shares should be made by fax, in writing, or any other method deemed appropriate by the Administrator (as further described in the Subscription Agreement) Shareholders may indicate whether they wish to subscribe for Shares either as a specific number of Shares (including fractional Shares up to five (5) decimal places) or a specific currency amount. Shareholders should note that were a Subscription Request is made with respect to a number of Shares, the subscription price will only be known after the release of the NAV per Share. Shareholders will be bound by the value of their investments and any related costs in the same conditions as if their Subscription Notice was made with respect to a relevant currency.</p> <p>The Board of Directors may determine to restrict the subscription of Shares when it is in the interests of the Sub-Fund and/or the Shareholders to do so, including when the Sub-Fund reaches a size that could impact the ability of the AIFM to find suitable investments for the Sub-Fund.</p> <p>The minimum subscription amount for any individual Shareholder shall be set out in Annex I of this Sub-Fund Supplement for each Class. The Board of Directors may at its absolute discretion approve Subscription Requests of a lower amount, provided however that such lower subscription amounts comply with the required minimum amount applicable in the country of residence of a Shareholder.</p>

	<p>Any subscription in the Sub-Fund remains subject to the approval of the Board of Directors (or of the AIFM by delegation of the Board of Directors), on a discretionary basis.</p>
Subscription Price	<p>Shares denominated in euro shall be issued at the initial price of EUR 100 or the equivalent amount in the currency of the relevant Class (the "Initial Offering Price"). Subsequently, the issue price per Share shall be equal to the NAV per Share.</p> <p>Shares issued following a successful application for subscription will not be issued until the Net Asset Value per Share is calculated as at the end of the month on which such Subscription Request was validly submitted.</p>
Settlement of Subscription	<p>The Subscription Price (together with any applicable Fees) must be paid in the currency of the relevant Class.</p> <p>Cleared funds equal to the full amount of the Subscription Price (together with any applicable Fees) must be received no later than seven (7) Business Days after the relevant Subscription Date. No interest will be paid on any amount settled in exchange for issuance of Shares in the Sub-Fund.</p> <p>Settlement details are available in the Subscription Agreement.</p> <p>If the payment of the Subscription Price (together with any applicable Fees) has not been received the seventh (7th) Business Days after the relevant Subscription Date, any application for Shares will be cancelled. The Administrator, Distributor or any financial intermediaries, as applicable, will inform the applicant that the Subscription Request has been rejected or cancelled, and the money lately received, if any, will be returned to the applicant at its risks and costs, without penalty or interest. Any costs incurred by cancellation of Subscription Requests may be charged by the Fund.</p>
Conversion	<p>No conversion of Shares between the different Classes of the Sub-Fund or Sub-Funds shall be permitted except as permitted by the Board of Directors.</p>
Redemption	<p>Each Valuation Day falling on a Quarter End is a Redemption Date.</p> <p>Shareholders wishing to have a portion, or all of their Shares redeemed shall deliver to the Administrator, directly or through their Financial Intermediaries, a written request specifying the number of Shares or the amount in the currency of the Class on the relevant Redemption Date on which they wish to redeem their Shares (each, a "Redemption Request").</p> <p>The Dealing Cut-Off Date for Redemption Requests is 4.00 pm CET on the last business day of the quarter immediately preceding that of the Redemption Date. If the Dealing</p>

Cut-Off Date falls on a weekend or public holiday, the Cut-Off Time will shift to the immediately preceding Business Day.

Redemption Requests will normally be settled seven (7) Business Days after Redemption Date.

Shareholders of the F EUR Acc Shares (ISIN: LU2799473397) may not redeem their Shares during the first eighteen (18) months after the launch of the Sub-Fund (the "Lock-up Period"). During the Lock-up Period, (i) Redemption Requests delivered in respect of F EUR Acc Shares prior to 1 July 2025 will be deemed invalid and cancelled by the Administrator, and (ii) Redemption Requests received by the Administrator on or after 1 July 2025 will be executed by the Administrator in accordance with the procedure detailed hereabove.

Redemption Requests will be satisfied insofar as the aggregate Net Asset Value per Share of the Shares so redeemed does not exceed five per cent (5%) of the Fund's NAV as of the previous Valuation Day (offset against all Subscription Requests received for the relevant Redemption Date) (the "**Redemption Limit**"). Where deemed in the best interests of the Sub-Fund and the Shareholders, the Board of Directors may determine to further reduce the Redemption Limit so that Redemption Requests will be satisfied if the Net Asset Value per Share of the Shares so redeemed does not exceed two point five percent (2.5%) of the Fund's NAV as of the Valuation Day.

If Redemption Requests exceed the Redemption Limit, such Redemption Requests shall be met only up to the Redemption Limit, and each Shareholder's Redemption Request will be satisfied in proportion in which the number of Shares tendered for redemption by such Shareholder bears to the aggregate number of Shares requested to be redeemed.

In the event the Redemption Limit prevents Shareholders from redeeming whole or part of their Shares in the Sub-Fund, the Board of Directors shall notify such Shareholder. The portion of each Redemption Request that has not been satisfied on a given Redemption Date shall, unless otherwise requested by the Shareholder, be deemed to be submitted for redemption at the immediately following Redemption Date. For the avoidance of doubt, the Redemption Requests thus deferred will be executed on the basis of the Net Asset Value per Share applicable on the Redemption Date on which Shares are redeemed. Any Redemption Requests thus deferred will be processed *pari passu* with regard to Redemption Requests validly served for that Redemption Date.

	<p>Until the Redemption Date, the Shares to be redeemed shall remain issued, and the Shareholders shall have all rights (including, but not limited to, voting rights and rights to distributions) and obligations in relation to such Shares. After the Redemption Date, redeeming Shareholders will not be entitled to or be capable of exercising any rights arising under the Articles or this Prospectus with respect to the Shares being redeemed (including any right to receive notice of, attend or vote at any meeting of the Sub-Fund), save the right to receive the Redemption Price (decreased by any Redemption Fee or Early Redemption Fee, as applicable) and any dividend which has been declared prior to the relevant Redemption Date but not yet paid (in each case, with respect to the Shares being redeemed). Such Shareholders will be treated as creditors of the Sub-Fund with respect to the Redemption Price and will rank accordingly in the priority of the Sub-Fund's creditors.</p> <p>Redemption Requests will normally be settled, at the Redemption Price, two (2) Business Days after the publication of the Net Asset Value for the relevant Redemption Date.</p>
<p>Redemption in Kind</p>	<p>Redemptions will generally be made in cash. However, the Sub-Fund may offer to Shareholders a redemption in kind in order to facilitate the settlement of substantial redemption applications or in other exceptional circumstances. The Shareholders will receive a portfolio of assets of the Sub-Fund of equivalent value to the Redemption Price (plus any Redemption Fee). In such circumstances, the Shareholder must specifically consent to the redemption in kind.</p> <p>In proposing or accepting a request for redemption in kind at any given time, the Sub-Fund shall take into account the interests of other Shareholders of the Fund and the principle of fair treatment.</p> <p>Any redemption in kind will be valued independently in a special report issued by the Auditor or any other independent auditor (<i>réviseur d'entreprises agréé</i>) agreed by the Board of Directors. The Sub-Fund and the redeeming Shareholder will agree on specific settlement procedures. Any costs incurred in connection with a redemption in kind, including the costs of issuing a valuation report, shall be borne by the redeeming Shareholder or by such other third party as agreed by the Board of Directors or in any other way which the Board of Directors considers fair to all Shareholders of the Sub-Fund.</p>
<p>Allocation of Investment Opportunities</p>	<p>The AIFM may identify investment opportunities that may potentially be appropriate or suitable for Other Accounts managed by the AIFM or its Affiliates. In such situation,</p>

	<p>the allocation of investment opportunities will follow the steps defined in the Co-Investment policy of the Carmignac Group in order to prevent the occurrence of conflicts. Nevertheless, Investors should bear in mind that the results of the investment activities of each Sub-Fund can reasonably be expected to differ significantly or materially from the results achieved by Other Accounts managed by Carmignac.</p> <p>In addition, some exceptions to the Co-Investment Policy could occur. Other Accounts managed by the AIFM or its Affiliates have exclusive rights to certain investment opportunities or investment priority with regard to certain opportunities.</p>
<p>Management and Performance Related Fees</p>	<p>Management Fee</p> <p>The AIFM will be paid an annual management fee (the "Management Fee") as defined in Annex 1 hereto.</p> <p>Performance Fee</p> <p>The AIFM is entitled to receive a Performance Fee from the Sub-Fund for each Calculation Period, subject to a Hurdle Rate, above the High Watermark of that Class, as defined in Annex 1 hereto.</p>
<p>Distributors and Placement Agents</p>	<p>The Distributor and/or any Sub-Distributors may be paid a distribution fee applicable to the relevant Class (the "Distribution Fee"). The Distribution Fee may vary among the Distributor and/or any Sub-Distributors provided. The Distribution Fee will be payable out of the Management Fee.</p>
<p>Amendments</p>	<p>Amendments which may adversely affect Shareholders in a material respect, are subject to a one (1) month's prior notice to enable Shareholders to request that their Shares be redeemed, converted or transferred, free of any charge, before the amendments are effective.</p>
<p>Risk Factors</p>	<p>In addition to the risks set out below, all risk factors and investment considerations detailed in the general part of this Prospectus should be considered applicable, directly or indirectly, to an investment in the Sub-Fund. An investment in the Shares of the Sub-Fund involves a significant degree of risk. There can be no assurance that the Sub-Fund will realise an attractive rate of return or that there will be any return of capital.</p>

Prospective investors should carefully evaluate these considerations, which represent some but not all of the potential risks of an investment in the Shares of the Sub-Fund, before becoming an investor in the Sub-Fund. For a summary of risk factors and potential conflicts of interest relevant to the Sub-Fund, see Section 19 "Conflicts of Interest" and Section 20 "Risk Factors" of the general part of this Prospectus.

Sector Risk

The Sub-Fund's investment portfolio will consist primarily of indirect exposure to securities issued by privately held companies, and operating results in a specified period will be difficult to predict. Such investments involve a high degree of business and financial risk which can result in substantial losses, including the loss of an Investor's entire investment.

A portion of the Sub-Fund's assets may be invested in companies in highly competitive markets dominated by other firms with substantially greater financial and possibly better technical resources. Undertakings in which the Sub-Fund invests may operate in business sectors that face technological changes and/or may be dominated by other firms or organisations. These and other inherent business risks could affect the performance and value of Investments. New competitors, including those formed for the purpose of investing (or that may otherwise invest) in Europe and the U.S., constantly enter the market, and in some cases, existing competitors combine in a way that increases their strength in the market.

This Sub-Fund Supplement does not include restrictions on the amounts of the Sub-Fund's assets that may be invested in a particular sub-sector by the Sub-Fund which may result in the Sub-Fund being significantly exposed to the performance of one or more sub-sectors. In the event of a downturn in such sub-sector(s), the Sub-Fund may be disproportionately affected as compared to if the Sub-Fund's Investments were diversified across multiple sub-sectors.

Sustainability Risk

Sustainability risk may arise from environmental and social impacts on an investment. A Sustainability risk may either be a risk of its own or have an impact on other portfolio risks and contribute significantly to overall risk, such as market risks, liquidity risks, credit risks, operational risks, changes in legislation or reputational risks. While certain

Sustainability risk will be explained below, such list should not be construed as exhaustive.

Sustainability risk include environmental risks in particular and may include so-called physical or transition risks. Physical risks include, for example, extreme weather events and any damage resulting therefrom, as well as long-term climate changes (frequency and amount of precipitation, increase in average temperatures, weather instability, sea level rise, changes in ocean and air currents) and the resulting need for adaptation and further investments. Transition risks mean risks associated with the transition to the low-carbon economy, such as an increase in the price of fossil energy, the need for renovation of buildings, investments in new technologies, changed preferences of contracting parties, carbon emission taxes and societal expectations.

Furthermore, Sustainability risk also include social risks. These risks include, for example, compliance with recognised labour standards (no child labour, no forced labour, no discrimination), compliance with health and safety at work, adequate remuneration, fair conditions at work, diversity and opportunities for initial and additional training, trade unions' freedom of association and freedom of assembly, ensuring adequate product safety, including health protection, equal requirements for entities in the supply chain, and projects for inclusion or consideration of the interests of communities and social minorities. This may result in requirements for the Sub-Fund and its service providers and trigger corresponding compliance expenses.

Finally, Sustainability risk may relate to governance aspects, such as tax compliance, anti-corruption measures, sustainability management, remuneration of the management linked to the integration of Sustainability Risks, enabling whistleblowing, ensuring employee rights, ensuring data protection and disclosure of information.

It cannot be excluded that Sustainability risk may change over time or that further Sustainability risk may arise that are not yet foreseeable. Changes in or additional Sustainability risk may result in additional need for adaptation and further investments for the Sub-Fund.

Sustainability risk may affect the Sub-Fund's Investments, the financial position and results of operations of the Sub-Fund. They may also result in reputational damage. Negative effects of Sustainability risk may negatively affect the Sub-Fund's return and may even result in a total loss for an investor.

Expedited Transactions

Investment decisions by the AIFM may frequently be required to be undertaken on an expedited basis to take advantage of investment opportunities. In such cases, the information available to the AIFM at the time an investment decision or advice is made may be limited, and the Sub-Fund may have no access to more detailed information regarding Investments. Therefore, no assurance can be given that the AIFM will have knowledge of all circumstances that may adversely affect a Sub-Fund's Investment. Such risks may similarly materialise at the Target Fund level with the view to the Target Funds' investments.

Difficulty in Locating Suitable Investments

The AIFM may be unable to find a sufficient number of attractive opportunities to meet the Sub-Fund's investment objectives, and the past performance of the AIFM in identifying suitable investments should not be treated as any guarantee of the AIFM's ability to identify for the Sub-Fund suitable Investments in the future or the AIFM's ability to implement the Sub-Fund's investment strategy and achieve the Sub-Fund's investment goals. There is no guarantee that the Sub-Fund will be able to achieve full investment and, accordingly, the Sub-Fund may only make a limited number of Investments. Since these Investments may involve a high degree of risk, poor performance by a few of them could significantly affect the return to Investors. No assurance can therefore be given that the target returns of the Sub-Fund will be achieved.

Return of Distributions received from Target Funds

With respect to Target Funds, the Sub-Fund may be obligated to return cash distributions received from Target Funds if, under applicable law, such distributions are deemed to be a return of capital or a wrongful payment or if, under the terms of the Target Funds, such distributions are recallable (e.g. in order for the Target Funds to satisfy claims for indemnification by the fund management, warranty claims made by purchasers of assets disposed of by the Target Funds or other obligations). Any such obligations to return distributions may (but need not be) limited in time and amount.

When determining amounts available for distribution to Investors from the Sub-Fund or accrual in the relevant Class, the AIFM will therefore take into account the possibility

that the Sub-Fund may be required to return distributions it has received from Target Funds and retain an appropriate amount of liquid funds.

Retaining liquidity within the Sub-Fund may detrimentally affect the Fund's performance.

Target Fund Fees and Expenses

The Target Funds will pay significant fees (including performance fees and/or incentive distributions) to their respective managers and advisors and will incur significant expenses in connection with the pursuit and implementation of their investment strategies. As an investor in the Target Funds, the Sub-Fund will bear a share of the relevant fees and expenses charged at the level of the Target Funds. Such fees and expenses at the level of the Target Funds are ultimately borne by the Investors in addition to the fees and expenses payable at the level of the Sub-Fund, which are set out in the Prospectus and this Sub-Fund Supplement.

Risks Regarding Disposals of Investments

In connection with the disposition of a Target Fund, the Sub-Fund may be required to make representations and give representations and warranties concerning the business and financial affairs of the Investment being disposed of similar to those made in connection with the sale of any business and may be responsible for the contents of disclosure documents under applicable securities laws. The Sub-Fund may also be required to indemnify purchasers of such Investment or underwriters to the extent that any such representations, warranties, undertakings, or disclosure documents turn out to be incorrect, inaccurate or misleading or if any undertaking is not complied with. These arrangements may result in the Sub-Fund incurring liabilities and loss, which diminish returns to Investors, or incurring contingent liabilities for which reserves, or escrow accounts may be established pending resolution of the contingent liability.

Warehousing Risk

The Board of Directors, the AIFM and/or their Affiliates may acquire (or enter into agreements to acquire), directly or indirectly, one or more Warehoused Investments, which may present certain conflicts of interest adverse to the Fund, an Other Account. Each Warehoused Investment will be transferred at cost (including transaction costs

and taxes incurred and any deposit and/or purchase price paid, in each case, in connection with acquiring (or entering into a contract to acquire) that Warehoused Investment) plus some or all of the Warehousing Entity's cost of capital. In addition, the AIFM will determine, at its discretion, when to (i) transfer from the Warehousing Entity Investments to the Sub-Fund and/or (ii) cause the Sub-Fund to use the capital contributed by the Investors to redeem such seed investment, which will affect the amount that will be paid to the Warehousing Entity upon such transfer and/or redemption. Because the value of Warehoused Investments may decline prior to their transfer to a Sub-Fund and/or the value of the Warehoused Investments acquired by the Sub-Fund may decline prior to the Sub-Fund's purchase of such investment, there can be no assurance that their value will not be less than their cost to the Sub-Fund, at the time of the transfer or redemption. The value of the Warehoused Investment may fall since purchased and the sale to the Fund could be at a rate higher than the Warehoused Entity would otherwise receive.

Permanent Establishment Risk

The Sub-Fund could become subject to unforeseen taxation in any jurisdiction in which the Sub-Fund operates, is managed, is advised, is promoted or invests. While it is intended that the activities of the Sub-Fund and the AIFM should not create any permanent establishment or other form of taxable presence of the Sub-Fund in any jurisdiction in which the Sub-Fund or the AIFM operates or invests, there is a risk that the relevant tax authorities in one or more of such jurisdictions could take a contrary view. If for any reason the Sub-Fund is held to have a permanent establishment or other such presence in any such jurisdiction, the Sub-Fund could be subject to significant taxation in such jurisdiction, and in order to mitigate such a tax exposure, certain filings may need to be made, and the Sub-Fund may be required to provide such information as may be reasonably required by the AIFM in order to mitigate such tax exposure in respect of the Sub-Fund. In addition, taxes incurred in such jurisdictions by the Sub-Fund may not be creditable or deductible by the Sub-Fund in its jurisdiction.

Valuation Risk

The investments are illiquid and may be difficult to value. For this reason, valuations are generally not performed by a third party. A valuation is only an estimate of value and is not a precise measure of realisable value. Ultimate realisation of the market

value of Investments depends to a great extent on economic and other conditions beyond the control of the Sub-Fund and the AIFM. Further, valuations do not necessarily represent the price at which Investments would sell since market prices of Investments can only be determined by negotiation between a willing buyer and seller. If the Sub-Fund was to liquidate a particular Investment, the realised value may be more than or less than the valuation of such asset and in any event, may be materially different from the interim valuations derived from the valuation methods described herein.

Large Redemption Risk

Large redemptions of Shares in the Sub-Fund might result in the Sub-Fund being forced to sell assets at a time and price at which the AIFM would normally prefer not to dispose of those assets possibly leading to a lower price being realised for such assets. This may limit the ability of the AIFM to successfully implement the investment strategy of the Sub-Fund and could negatively impact the value of the Shares being redeemed and the value of Shares that remain outstanding. In addition, following receipt of a Redemption Request, the Sub-Fund may be required to liquidate assets in advance of the applicable Redemption Date, which may result in the Sub-Fund holding cash or highly liquid investments pending such Redemption Date. During any such period, the ability of the AIFM to successfully implement the investment strategy of the Sub-Fund may be impaired, and the Sub-Fund's returns may be adversely affected as a result.

Complex Nature Of Due Diligence And Valuation Process For General Partner-Led Secondaries

In traditional secondaries investments, secondaries investors typically provide liquidity to primary investors in private equity funds, and secondaries investors are able to rely on conducting due diligence on financial statements and periodic company updates originated by a common investment manager. By contrast, because many portfolios of direct investments being targeted by the Sub-Fund may be collections of the private equity assets of a seller other than private equity funds managed by a common investment manager, many general partner-led secondaries may lack the benefit of financial statements and periodic company updates that would be originated by a common investment manager. This may affect the ability of the Sub-

Fund to conduct fundamental due diligence on the portfolio companies comprising such investment portfolios.

Pooled Investments in Secondaries Risk

In many cases, the AIFM expects that the Sub-Fund will have the opportunity to acquire a portfolio of investment funds or direct investments from a seller on an "all or nothing" basis. Certain of the investment funds or direct investments in the portfolio may be less attractive than others, and certain of the sponsors of such investment funds (or in some cases, the controlling investors in the underlying portfolio companies) may be more familiar to the AIFM than others or may be more experienced or highly regarded than others. In such cases, it may not be possible for the Sub-Fund to carve out from such purchases those investments which the Sub-Fund considers (for commercial, tax, legal or other reasons) to be less attractive.

Contingent Liabilities Associated with Investment Fund Interests Acquired In Secondary Transactions

Where the Sub-Fund acquires an interest in an investment fund in a secondary transaction, the Sub-Fund may acquire contingent liabilities of the seller of the interest. More specifically, where the seller has received distributions from the relevant private equity fund and, subsequently, that private equity fund recalls one or more of these distributions, the Sub-Fund (as the purchaser of the interest to which such distributions are attributable and not the seller) may be obliged to return monies equivalent to such distributions to the private equity fund. While the Sub-Fund may, in turn, make a claim against the seller for any such monies so paid to the private equity fund, there can be no assurance that the Sub-Fund would prevail on such claim.

Underlying Funds Investing Independently

The underlying funds in which the Sub-Fund will invest generally invest wholly independently of one another and may at times hold economically offsetting positions. To the extent that such underlying funds hold such positions, considered as a whole, they may not achieve any gain or loss despite incurring fees and expenses in connection with such positions. In addition, a manager of such an underlying fund may be compensated based on the performance of its investments. Accordingly, there may often be times when a particular manager may receive incentive compensation

in respect of its investments for a period even though the overall value of such underlying funds depreciated during such period.

Conflicts of Interest

The AIFM may have equity stakes in the funds (or fund managers) to which it is providing its services, or own or have an interest in one or more assets that are also owned by such funds. Conflicts of interest can therefore not be ruled out.

GLOSSARY

Terms in capital letters and abbreviations used in this Prospectus have defined meanings, which are explained in this Glossary. Moreover, words in this Prospectus importing the singular form shall include the plural and *vice versa*, and words importing the masculine gender shall include the feminine gender and *vice versa*. Any term that is not included in this Glossary but defined in the 2010 Law, as defined below, shall have the meaning indicated in the latter.

AIFM	CARMIGNAC GESTION S.A.
Calculation Period	For the purpose of Performance Fee calculation, a full Fiscal Year, starting from the last Valuation Day of the previous Fiscal Year and ending on the last Valuation Day of the current Fiscal Year, except that the first Calculation Period in respect of each Class shall be the period starting on the first anniversary of the relevant Valuation Day immediately preceding the Subscription Day and ending on the last Valuation Day (i.e., 31 December) of the following Fiscal Year (i.e., a period of longer than one calendar year).
Carmignac Group	CARMIGNAC GESTION S.A. and any Affiliate or subsidiary thereof, the UCITS and AIF managed by such entities, as well as the employees of such entities.
Circular CSSF 02/80	the CSSF's circular No 02/80 concerning specific rules applicable to Luxembourg undertakings for collective investment pursuing alternative investment strategies.
Cut-Off Date	has the meaning set forth in Section "Subscription" of this Sub-Fund Supplement.
Direct Investments	has the meaning set forth in Section "Investment Strategy" of this Sub-Fund Supplement.
Distribution Fee	has the meaning set forth in Section "Distributors and Placement Agents" of this Sub-Fund Supplement.
Eligible Investor	an Investor who qualifies as a Retail Investor or a Professional Investor and, in each case, who satisfies all eligibility requirements for a specific Class, as specified for the Class in Annex I.
FATCA Obligation	(a) Sections 1471 through 1474 of the Code, applicable Treasury Regulations, revenue rulings, notices or other official guidance; (b) other tax reporting and/or withholding tax regimes enacted in any jurisdiction or developed by any intergovernmental organisation that is similar to that described in clause (a) (including the Common Reporting Standard developed by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development); (c) any treaty, convention, understanding or other agreement between or among governmental authorities to comply with, facilitate, supplement, implement or otherwise related to the provisions described in clauses (a) and/or (b); (d) legislation, regulations or guidance enacted in any jurisdiction that seeks to implement the provisions described in clauses (a), (b) and/or (c); (e) in each case, similar or successor provisions, regulations or guidance; and (f) an agreement entered into by or with respect to the Sub-Fund (or any Affiliate of such persons) with a governmental authority pursuant to any of clauses (a) through (e).
Initial Offering Price	has the meaning set forth in Section "Subscription Price" of this Sub-Fund Supplement.
Investment(s)	any investment(s) made by the Sub-Fund.

Management Fee	has the meaning set forth in Section "Management and Performance Related Fees" of this Sub-Fund Supplement.
MiFID II	Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 on markets in financial instruments, as amended.
Other Accounts	other investment funds, separate accounts and pools of funds which may be managed in the future by the AIFM and its Affiliates and that have similar or different investment objectives to those of the Sub-Fund.
Performance Fee	the performance fee calculated in accordance with Section "Management and Performance Related Fees" of this Sub-Fund Supplement.
Pre-IPO Investments	has the meaning set forth in Section "Investment Strategy" of this Sub-Fund Supplement.
Primary Investments	has the meaning set forth in Section "Investment Strategy" of this Sub-Fund Supplement.
Private Assets	has the meaning set forth in Section "Investment Strategy" of this Sub-Fund Supplement.
Redemption Limit	has the meaning set forth in Section "Redemption" of this Sub-Fund Supplement.
Redemption Request	has the meaning set forth in Section "Redemption" of this Sub-Fund Supplement.
SDGs	United Nations Sustainable Development Goals.
Secondary Investments	has the meaning set forth in Section "Investment Strategy" of this Sub-Fund Supplement.
SFDR	Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 November 2019 on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector, as amended.
Subscription Request	has the meaning set forth in Section "Subscription" of this Sub-Fund Supplement.

ANNEX I: CHARACTERISTICS OF THE CLASSES AND FEES

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SHARES						
Class	Currency	ISIN	Dividend policy	Type of investors	Minimum initial subscription****	Minimum subsequent subscription****
A EUR Acc	EUR	LU2799473124	Accumulation	All Eligible Investors*	EUR 10,000	EUR 1.000
F EUR Acc	EUR	LU2799473397	Accumulation	Authorised investors**	EUR 10,000	EUR 1.000
I EUR Acc	EUR	LU2799473470	Accumulation	Institutional investors***	EUR 5,000,000	EUR 1,000
<p>* Accessible to all Eligible Investors, as approved by the Board of Directors (or by the AIFM by delegation of the Board of Directors), on a discretionary basis.</p> <p>** Accessible to the following entities, as approved by the Board of Directors (or by the AIFM by delegation of the Board of Directors), on a discretionary basis: (i) Institutional investors investing on a proprietary basis, (ii) Funds of funds, (iii) Product structures that purchase the Shares directly, or on behalf of final investors, and apply a fee to such investors at the product level, (iv) Financial intermediaries which, according to regulatory requirements or individual fee arrangements with their clients, are not allowed to accept and keep any inducements and (v) Carmignac Group. With respect to institutional investors incorporated in the European Union, institutional investor means Eligible Counterparty / Professional Investor per se as defined by MiFID II.</p> <p>*** Accessible to institutional investors, as approved by the Board of Directors (or by the AIFM by delegation of the Board of Directors), on a discretionary basis. Institutional investors are defined within the meaning of article 174 paragraph 2 (c) of the law of 17 December 2010, as may be amended or superseded. Credit institutions and other professionals of the financial sector (not excluding their investments on behalf of third parties in a discretionary management relationship with them), pension funds, investment funds, government institutions, insurance and reinsurance companies and holding companies are commonly considered particularly as Institutional investors within the meaning of this article.</p> <p>**** The minimum amount applies to each final investor. The Board of Directors may, at its absolute discretion, waive the minimum initial and subsequent subscription amount. The minimum subscription does not apply to Carmignac Group.</p>						

FEES						
	Payable by the Shareholders to the distributors	Payable by the Shareholders to the Sub-Fund	Payable by the Sub-Fund to the AIFM		Paid Directly by the Sub-Fund	
Shares	Subscription fees	Redemption Fees ¹	Management Fees ²	Performance Fees ⁴	Other Fees ³	Advisor Fees
A	Max 4%	Max 5%	Max 1.95%	Yes	As described in the Prospectus	Max 0.18%
F	Max 4%	Max 5%	Max 1.25%	Yes	As described in the Prospectus	Max 0.18%
I	N/A	Max 5%	Max 1.00%	Yes	As described in the Prospectus	Max 0.18%
1	<p>The Redemption Fee, as determined on a discretionary basis by the Board of Directors, subject to the provisions of this Annex I, will reduce the Redemption Price payable to the redeeming Shareholder.</p> <p>Notwithstanding the foregoing, Shareholders of the A EUR Acc Shares (ISIN: LU2799473124) and I EUR Acc Shares (ISIN: LU279947347) who request to redeem their Shares within eighteen (18) months of the launch of the Sub-Fund will be subject to an early redemption fee of 5% (the "Early Redemption Fee") payable to the Sub-Fund. The Board of Directors may, at its sole discretion, waive totally or in part such Early Redemption Fee.</p>					
2	<p>Management Fees are calculated and accrued on each Valuation Day and payable monthly in arrears within 10 Business Days at the end of each month. The Management Fee will be paid by the Sub-Fund in respect of each Investor. Management Fees are generally expected to be paid using available net cash flow.</p>					
3	<p>An annual fee, payable monthly, calculated and accrued on each Valuation Day on the basis of the NAV of the Sub-Fund.</p>					
4	<p>The AIFM will be entitled to receive a Performance Fee, which will be fifteen percent (15%) (the "Performance Fee Rate") of the Sub-Fund's positive returns subject to a five percent (5%) Hurdle Rate with one hundred percent (100%) Catch-Up measured over the Calculation Period of the Sub-Fund. The positive returns taken into account shall equal to the NAV per Share net of costs, charges and expenses but gross of all actual or deemed distributions (if any) (the "Performance NAV").</p> <p>The Performance Fee is measured over the Calculation Period but accrued on a monthly basis as at each Valuation Day within such Calculation Period. The Performance Fee is payable to the AIFM in arrears within 10 Business Days of the end of each Calculation Period.</p> <p>However, in the case of Shares redeemed during a Calculation Period, the accrued Performance Fee in respect of those Shares will be payable as of the Redemption Date and will be deducted from the proceeds otherwise payable to the redeeming Shareholder (plus any redemption fee, if applicable). The Performance Fee will also be payable if a Class as a whole is liquidated, merged, or converted as of the effective date of such liquidation, merger or conversion.</p>					

The Performance Fee applies a High Watermark subject to an annualised Hurdle Rate. This means that a performance fee accrual is calculated monthly as at each Valuation Day and only paid out to the AIFM where the Performance NAV per Class cumulatively satisfies the following conditions:

- it equals to, or exceeds, a 5% Hurdle Rate (net of all fees, costs and expenses); and
- it is higher than (i) the Performance NAV per Class (or Series thereof) at the Initial Offering Price or, if later, (ii) the Performance NAV per Class in respect of which the last Performance Fee was paid (the "**High Watermark**") during a five-year (5) rolling period (the "**Performance Reference Period**").

For the avoidance of doubt, the High Watermark shall be reset as of each Performance Reference Period.

Once the Hurdle Rate is met, the AIFM will be entitled to receive 100% of the Sub-Fund’s positive performance until the AIFM is paid a Performance Fee equal to the Performance Fee Rate multiplied by the positive performance of the Class (the "**Catch-Up**"). The Catch-Up is intended to provide the AIFM with a Performance Fee of 15% as consideration for the Partnership’s positive returns as at the end of each Calculation Period.

Thereafter, the AIFM shall receive, to the extent there are remaining positive performance, 15% of such positive performance.

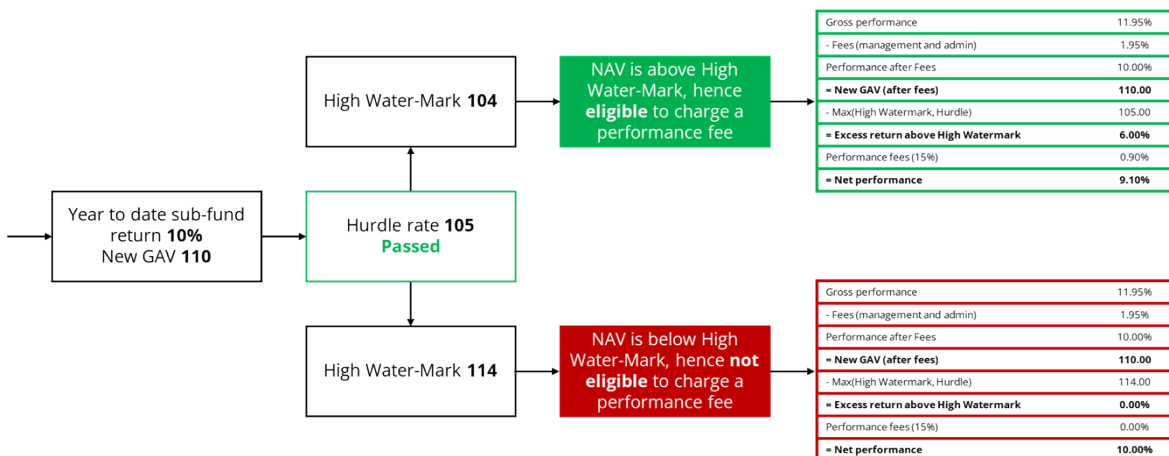
When making accruals for the Performance Fee within the Calculation Period, the conditions referred to hereabove for paying a Performance Fee and the allocation thereof shall be calculated monthly for accounting purposes.

The Performance Fee has been designed so that no Performance Fee is paid merely for making up earlier underperformance. Accordingly, any underperformance as at a Valuation Day will be carried forward to the next Valuation Day within the Calculation Period.

Where a Performance Fee has been accrued within a Calculation Period, but no Performance Fee is eventually paid out over such Calculation Period, any accruals will be subject to reversal to the Sub-Fund and will not be carried forward to the next Calculation Period. Accordingly, the AIFM will not be entitled to any payment in such cases.

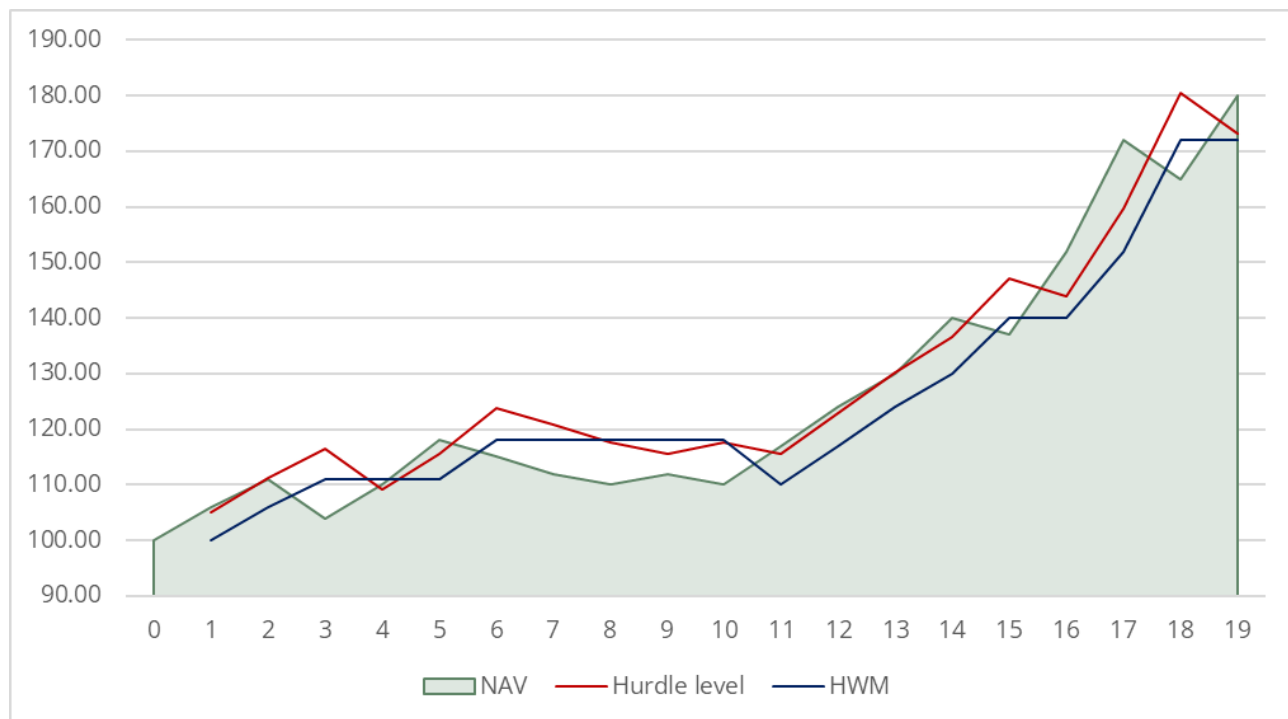
In the event that a Performance Fee has been accrued during a Calculation Period and is due for payment at the end of such Calculation Period but cannot be paid to the AIFM due to insufficient liquidity in the Sub-Fund, such accrued Performance Fee shall be carried forward until sufficient liquidity is available. For the avoidance of doubt, any such subsequent accruals of Performance Fees under similar circumstances shall also be cumulatively carried forward and added to the previous accruals, pending sufficient liquidity for payment.

The Performance fee calculation method for the Sub-fund is illustrated below:





The following example illustrates the principles of High Water with an Hurdle (please note that the two tables below relate to the same example, the first one illustrated through a graphical representation, while the second one displayed in numerical terms):



Year	NAV	Hurdle	Hurdle level	HWM	Performance	Perf fees paid
0	100.00	5.0%				
1	106.00	5.0%	105.00	100.00	6.0%	TRUE
2	111.00	5.0%	111.30	106.00	4.7%	FALSE
3	104.00	5.0%	116.55	111.00	-6.3%	FALSE
4	110.00	5.0%	109.20	111.00	5.8%	FALSE
5	118.00	5.0%	115.50	111.00	7.3%	TRUE
6	115.00	5.0%	123.90	118.00	-2.5%	FALSE
7	112.00	5.0%	120.75	118.00	-2.6%	FALSE
8	110.00	5.0%	117.60	118.00	-1.8%	FALSE
9	112.00	5.0%	115.50	118.00	1.8%	FALSE
10	110.00	5.0%	117.60	118.00	-1.8%	FALSE
11	117.00	5.0%	115.50	110.00	6.4%	TRUE
12	124.00	5.0%	122.85	117.00	6.0%	TRUE
13	130.00	5.0%	130.20	124.00	4.8%	FALSE
14	140.00	5.0%	136.50	130.00	7.7%	TRUE
15	137.00	5.0%	147.00	140.00	-2.1%	FALSE
16	152.00	5.0%	143.85	140.00	10.9%	TRUE
17	172.00	5.0%	159.60	152.00	13.2%	TRUE
18	165.00	5.0%	180.60	172.00	-4.1%	FALSE
19	180.00	5.0%	173.25	172.00	9.1%	TRUE

Subject to any applicable law, the AIFM may from time to time and at its sole discretion and out of its own resources decide to waive, rebate to Shareholders or pay to intermediaries' part or all of the Performance Fee.

ANNEX II: AIFM DISCLOSURES

AIFM Disclosures	<p>Any reference below to:</p> <p>"Article" is a reference to the relevant article within AIFMD;</p> <p>"Prospectus" is a reference to the general part of this Prospectus;</p> <p>Supplement is a reference to the supplement relating to PRIVATE EVERGREEN; and</p> <p>"Articles" is a reference to the articles of incorporation of the Fund.</p> <p>INVESTMENT STRATEGY:</p> <p><i>Article 23(1)(a)</i>, description of the investment strategy and objectives of the AIF:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prospectus: <i>Section 5: Investment Objective and Strategy</i> • Supplement: <i>Investment Strategy</i> <p><i>Article 23(1)(a)</i>, information on where the master AIF is established and where the underlying funds are established:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Not applicable, this is not a master-feeder structure.</i> <p><i>Article 23(1)(a)</i>, a description of the types of assets in which the AIF may invest and the investment techniques that the AIF, or the AIFM on behalf of the AIF, may employ:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prospectus: <i>Section 5: Investment Objective and Strategy</i> • Supplement: <i>Investment Strategy; Categories of assets and financial contracts</i> <p><i>Article 23(1)(a)</i>, all associated risks with investment techniques:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prospectus: <i>Section 5: Investment Objective and Strategy – Sustainability-related disclosures; Section 19: Conflicts of Interest; Section 20: Risk Factors</i> • Supplement: <i>Risk Factors; Annex III – SFDR Disclosures</i> <p><i>Article 23(1)(a)</i>, any applicable investment restrictions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prospectus: <i>Investment Objective and Policy</i> • Supplement: <i>Investment Strategy; Diversification Requirements; Borrowing and Leverage; Ramp-up Period</i> <p>LEVERAGE DISCLOSURES:</p> <p><i>Article 23(1)(a)</i>, the circumstances in which the AIF may use leverage and the types and sources of leverage permitted:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prospectus: <i>Section 5: Investment Objective and Strategy – Borrowing</i> • Supplement: <i>Borrowing and Leverage</i>
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Article 23(1)(a), associated risks of the types and sources of leverage permitted:

- **Prospectus: Section 5: Investment Objective and Strategy; Section 20: Risk Factors**

Article 23(1)(a), any restrictions on the use of leverage and any restrictions on the use of collateral and asset reuse arrangements:

- **Prospectus: Section 16: Certain Shareholder Matters – Meetings, Reports and Fiscal Year**
- **Supplement: Categories of assets and financial contracts; Borrowing and Leverage**

Article 23(1)(a), the maximum level of leverage which the AIFM is entitled to employ on behalf of the AIF:

- **Prospectus: Section 5: Investment Objective and Strategy – Borrowing; Section 16: Certain Shareholder Matters – Meetings, Reports and Fiscal Year**
- **Supplement: Borrowing and Leverage**

Article 23(1)(b), a description of the procedures by which the AIF may change its investment strategy or investment policy, or both:

- **Prospectus: Section 5: Investment Objective and Strategy; Section 18: Amendments**
- **Supplement: Amendments**

Article 23(1)(c), a description of the main legal implications of the contractual relationship entered into for the purpose of investment, including information on the existence or absence of any legal instruments providing for the recognition and enforcement of judgments in the territory where the AIF is established:

- **Investors in the Sub-Fund will become Shareholders in the Fund, established in Luxembourg, with the rights, duties and obligations as set out in this Prospectus and the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.**
- **Prospectus: Section 16: Certain Shareholder Matters – Recognition and Enforcement of Judgments in Luxembourg; Section 17: Information Available**

Article 23(1)(p) a description of how and when the information required in relation to liquidity, leverage and risk profile under Article 23(4) and Article 23(5) will be disclosed:

- **Prospectus Section 5: Investment Objective and Strategy – Borrowing; Section 16: Certain Shareholder Matters – Meetings, Reports and Fiscal Year**

SERVICE PROVIDER DISCLOSURES:

Article 23(1)(d), identity of the AIFM, description of duties of the AIFM and investor's rights against the AIFM:

- **Prospectus: Section 2: Definitions and Interpretation – AIFM; Section 4: Management and Administration – The AIFM; Section 16: Certain Shareholder Matters – Investors' rights in relation to Service Providers**

Article 23(1)(d), identity of the depositary, auditor and other service providers, description of the duties of the depositary, auditor and other service providers and investors' rights against the depositary, auditor and other service providers:

- **Prospectus: Section 2: Definitions and Interpretation – Depositary, Administrator, Auditor, Investment Manager, Investment Advisor(s), Domiciliation Agent, Distributor, Financial Intermediary; Section 4: Management and Administration – The Depositary, The Administrator, The Auditor, The Investment Manager, The Investment Committee, Financial Intermediaries Section 16: Certain Shareholder Matters – Investors' rights in relation to Service Providers**

Article 23(1)(e), a description of how the AIFM complies with the requirements (professional negligence) relating to professional liability risk in Article 9(7):

- **Prospectus: Section 4: Management and Administration – The AIFM**

Article 23(1)(o), the identity of the prime broker and a description of any material arrangements of the AIF with its prime brokers and the way the conflicts of interest in relation thereto are managed and any information about any transfer of liability to the prime broker that may exist:

- **Not applicable.**

Article 23(1)(o), details of the provision in the contract with the depositary on the possibility of transfer and reuse of assets:

- **Prospectus: Section 4: Management and Administration – The Depositary**
- **Depositary Agreement**

Delegation:

Article 23(1)(f), a description of any AIFM management function delegated by the AIFM and of any safe-keeping function delegated by the depositary:

- **Prospectus: Section 4: Management and Administration – The AIFM**

Article 23(1)(f), a description of any conflicts of interest arising from delegated management function:

- **Prospectus: Section 19: Conflicts of Interest**

Article 23(2), any arrangements by the depositary to contractually discharge itself of its liability pursuant to *Article 21(13)*:

- **Prospectus: *Section 4: Management and Administration – The Depositary***

POLICIES AND PROCEDURES:

Article 23(1)(g), a description of the AIF's valuation procedure and of the pricing methodology for valuing assets and a description of the methods used in valuing any hard-to-value assets:

- **Prospectus: *Section 10: Calculation of the Net Asset Value and Valuation; Section 11: Suspension of the Calculation of the Net Asset Value***
- **Supplement: *Valuation Day***
- **Articles: *Title III: Net Asset Value: Article 13. Net Asset Value; Article 14. Frequency and Temporary Suspension of the Calculation of the NAV per Share and of the Issue, Redemption and Conversion of Shares***

Article 23(1)(h), a description of the AIF's liquidity risk management:

- **Prospectus: *Section 5: Investment Objective and Strategy – Liquidity risk management, Risk management policies***

INVESTOR ARRANGEMENTS:

Article 23(1)(h), a description of the redemption rights in normal circumstances:

- **Prospectus: *Section 7: Transfer of Shares and Undrawn Commitments; Section 8: Redemption and Withdrawal***
- **Supplement: *Redemption; Redemption in Kind***
- **Articles: *Title II - Share Capital - Shares - Sub-funds: Article 10. Transfer of Shares; Article 11. Redemption of Shares; Article 12. Conversion of Shares***

Article 23(1)(h), a description of the redemption rights in exceptional circumstances:

- **Prospectus *Section 11: Suspension of the Calculation of the Net Asset Value; Section 16: Certain Shareholder Matters – Term, reorganisation and dissolution, liquidation***
- **Supplement: *Redemption***
- **Articles: *Title II - Share Capital - Shares - Sub-funds: Article 12. Conversion of Shares***

Article 23(1)(h), a description of existing redemption arrangements with investors:

- **Prospectus: *Section 4: Management and Administration – The AIFM***

Article 23(1)(i), a description of all fees, charges and expenses, and the maximum amounts directly or indirectly borne by investors:

- **Prospectus: *Section 13: Costs and Expenses***
- **Supplement: *Management and Performance Related Fees; Distributors and Placement Agents; Annex I – Characteristics of the Classes and Fees***

Article 23(1)(j), whenever an investor obtains preferential treatment or the right to obtain preferential treatment, a description of that preferential treatment, the type of investors who obtain such preferential treatment; and where relevant, their legal or economic links with the AIF or AIFM:

- **Prospectus: *Section 16: Certain Shareholder Matters – Fair Treatment of Investors; Section 19: Conflicts of Interest; Section 20: Risk Factors***

Article 23(1)(k), the latest annual report:

- **Prospectus: *Section 16: Certain Shareholder Matters – Meetings, Reports and Fiscal Year***
- **Articles: *Title VII - Accounts - Distributions - Article 28. Accounting year and accounts - Article 31. Distributions***

Article 23(1)(l), the procedure and conditions for the issue and sale of units or shares:

- **Prospectus: *Section 6: Issue of Shares***
- **Supplement: *Shares; Classes of Shares; Conversion***
- **Articles: *Title II - Share Capital - Shares - Sub-funds; Article 7. Classes of Shares; Article 8. Form of Shares; Article 9. Issue and subscription of Shares***

Article 23(1)(m), the latest net asset value of the AIF or the latest market price of the unit or share of the AIF in accordance with Article 19:

- **Prospectus: *Section 10: Calculation of the Net Asset Value and Valuation; Section 17: Information Available***
- **Supplement: *Valuation Day***

Article 23(n), where available, the historical performance of the AIF:

Not applicable, this is a new AIF.

ANNEX III: SFDR DISCLOSURES

Pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: CARMIGNAC S.A. SICAV - PART II UCI - PRIVATE EVERGREEN **Legal entity identifier:** 213800LH6X98FTX72T41

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852 establishing a list of **environmentally sustainable economic activities**. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
<input type="checkbox"/> It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective: ___% <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy <input type="checkbox"/> in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy 	<input type="checkbox"/> It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of ___% of sustainable investments <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy <input type="checkbox"/> with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy <input type="checkbox"/> with a social objective
<input type="checkbox"/> It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective: ___%	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments



Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

The Sub-Fund promotes environmental and social characteristics by combining the following: 1) ESG integration, and 2) negative screening.

These sustainability indicators will be applied to Secondary Investments, Primary Investments, Direct Investments and Pre-IPO Investments, as such terms are defined in this Sub-Fund Supplement.

- ***What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?***

This fund uses sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics it promotes:

- 1) Coverage rate of ESG analysis:** ESG integration, through ESG analysis in the investment memo, is applied to at least 90% of the transactions cumulatively.
- 2) Negative screening:** separate negative screening is applied to Secondary Investments and Primary Investments, on the one hand, and Direct Investments and Pre-IPO Investments, on the other hand.

- Secondary Investments and Primary Investments:** the private equity funds in which the Sub-Fund is invested may not invest more than 20% of their total assets in companies with significant exposure to sectors in Carmignac's firmwide exclusion policy: (a) production and distribution of tobacco, (b) thermal coal mining, (c) controversial weapons, (d) adult entertainment, and (e) high polluting power generation. To perform this assessment, the AIFM relies on the information provided by the general partners of the underlying funds in which the Sub-Fund is invested.

Notwithstanding the above, where the Sub-Fund invests in a target fund which is managed or advised by Clipway, the Sub-Fund shall rely on the negative screening applied by this target fund, to the extent this target fund complies with either article 8 or article 9 of SFDR. The exclusion policy by such target fund may differ from the exclusion policy of the AIFM.

- Direct Investments and Pre-IPO Investments:** the target companies must comply with Carmignac's firmwide exclusion policy. The AIFM will send a questionnaire to the target company during the due diligence process to ensure that it complies with the aforementioned exclusion policy. The AIFM will subsequently monitor compliance by the target companies on an annual basis by requesting an updated questionnaire.

- ***What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?***

N/A.

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters.

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A.

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a “do not significant harm” principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The “do no significant harm” principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes

No



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

Non-financial analysis is carried out as part of the investment strategy through separate negative screening depending on the type of transaction carried out by the Sub-Fund.

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

Negative screening of Secondary Investments and Primary Investments:

Prior to any investment, and on an ongoing basis, the AIFM will analyse the composition of the underlying funds in which the Sub-Fund is invested to ensure that no more than 20% of the total assets of such funds has a significant exposure to Carmignac’s firmwide exclusions:

- (i) production and distribution of tobacco (5% or more of the firm revenue);
- (ii) thermal coal mining (10% or more of the firm revenue, or more than 20 million tons of thermal coal produces per year);
- (iii) high polluting power generation, i.e. companies that exceeds a certain threshold of gCO₂ per kWh produced. Such threshold decreases over time, as detailed in Carmignac’s firmwide exclusion policy;
- (iv) adult entertainment (2% or more of the firm revenue);
- (v) controversial weapons: companies which manufacture products that do not comply with the following treaties or legal bans on controversial weapons:
 1. The Ottawa Treaty (1997), which prohibits the use, stockpiling, production and transfer of anti-personnel mines.
 2. The Convention on Cluster Munitions (2008), which prohibits the use, stockpiling, production and transfer of cluster munitions.

3. The Chemical Weapons Convention (1997), which prohibits the use, stockpiling, production and transfer of chemical weapons.
4. The Biological Weapons Convention (1975), which prohibits the use, stockpiling, production and transfer of biological weapons.
5. The Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons (1968), which limits the spread of nuclear weapons to the group of so-called nuclear weapons states (USA, Russia, UK, France and China).
6. The Belgian Loi Mahoux, which bans uranium weapon investments.
7. The 1980 Convention on certain conventional weapons concerning non detectable fragments, mines incendiary weapons, blinding la, adult entertainment.

To perform this assessment, the AIFM relies on the information provided by the general partners of the underlying funds in which the Sub-Fund is invested.

Negative screening of Direct Investments and Pre-IPO Investments

The Sub-Fund may not invest directly in target companies that do not comply with the exclusion policy of the AIFM, as is summarised hereabove.

Prior to any investment in a target company, the AIFM sends a due diligence questionnaire relating to the sectors highlighted in Carmignac's firmwide policy to assess compliance with said policy. The AIFM will request an updated of this questionnaire on an annual basis to ensure continued compliance with the exclusion criteria.

The full exclusion policy of the AIFM is available at www.carmignac.com, under the section "Sustainable Investment".

- ***What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?***

The binding elements of the investment strategy used to select investments, and to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product, are:

- 1) Negative screening based on exclusions applied to Secondary Investments, Primary Investments, Direct Investments and Pre-IPO Investments.
- 2) ESG analysis is applied to at least 90% of Secondary Investments, Primary Investments, Direct Investments and Pre-IPO Investments cumulatively.

- ***What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?***

The Sub-Fund does not commit to reducing the scope of its investment universe.

- ***What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?***

The AIFM may not be able to assess good governance practices in Secondary Investments and Primary Investments due to the lack of control on company selection.

In respect of Direct Transactions and Pre-IPO Investments, target companies must demonstrate adequate levels of governance practices, specifically relating to sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance. Key indicators of good governance include percentage of independent members of the audit committee, average term of office for members of the board of directors, gender diversity on the board of directors, size of the board of directors, independence of the remuneration committee as regards sound management structures, sustainability

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

incentives for directors, gender pay gap, and the highest remuneration in terms of staff remuneration.

As regards tax, the Sub-Fund recognises companies that adhere to the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises on tax matters and encourages transparency where necessary.

Furthermore, as a signatory to the *Principles for Responsible Investment* ("PRI"), the AIFM expects the companies in which the fund invests to:

- 1) Publish a comprehensive tax policy describing the company's approach to tax responsibility;
- 2) Report on their tax governance and risk management processes to the competent authorities; and
- 3) File appropriate returns in each of the countries in which they operate (country-by-country reporting, "CBCR").

These considerations inform the AIFM's actions with respect to companies and its votes in favour of greater transparency, for example via support for shareholder resolutions.

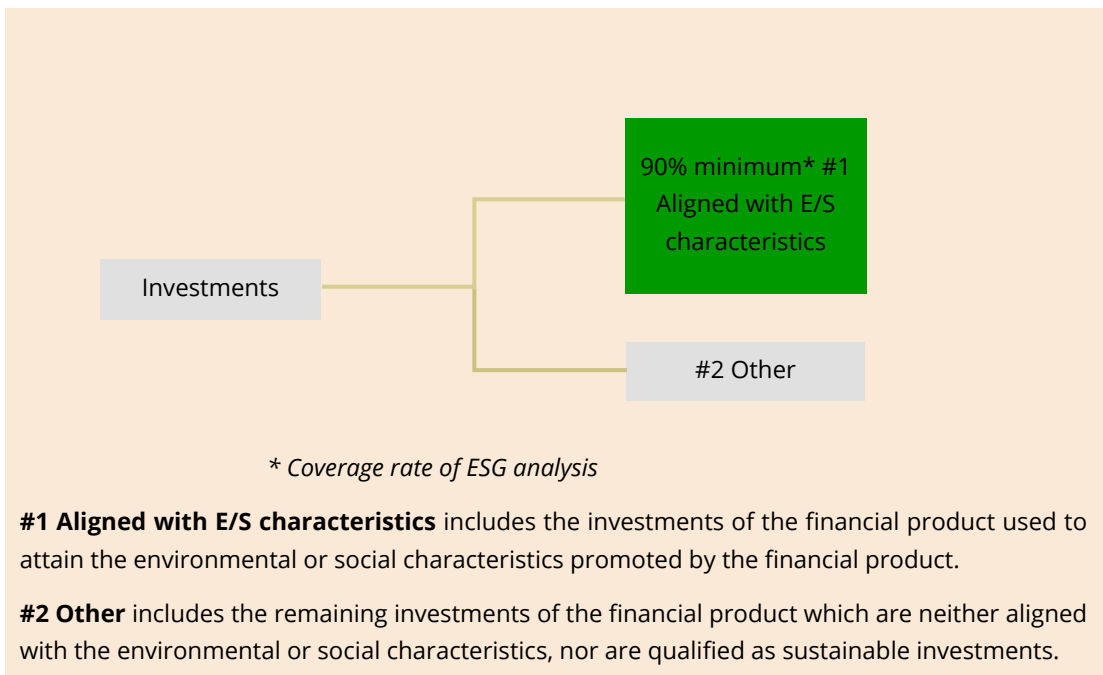


• **What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?**

At least 90% of the fund's transactions cumulatively are intended to attain the environmental or social characteristics it promotes, in accordance with the binding elements of the investment strategy.

The "#2 Other" category is for investments that fall outside the minimum limit of 90% incorporating environmental and social characteristics. Full ESG analysis may not have been carried out.

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.



- **How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics?**
The use of derivatives does not contribute to the attainment of the fund’s environmental and/or social characteristics.



To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Sub-Fund does not commit to a minimum Taxonomy-aligned investment.

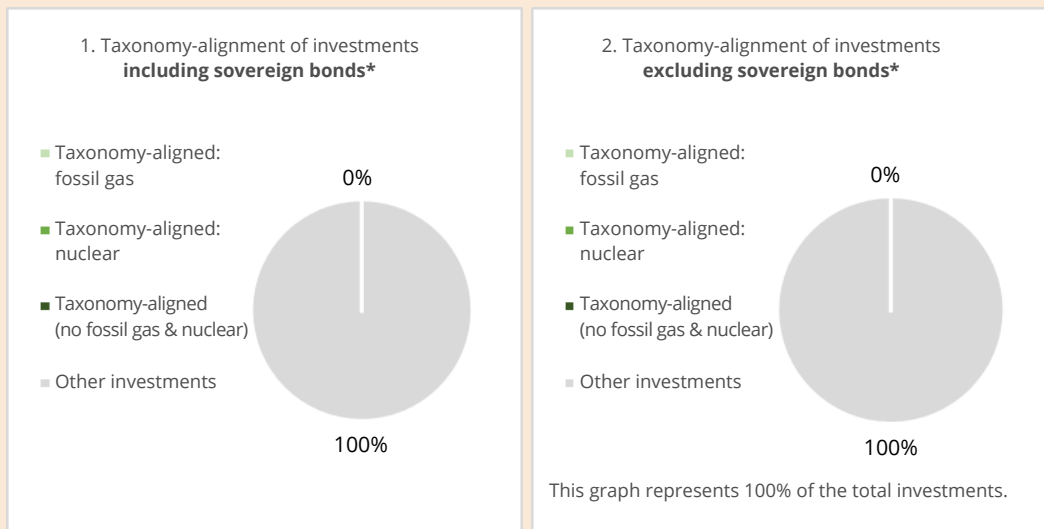
- **Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy?**

Yes:

In fossil gas In nuclear energy

No

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, "sovereign bonds" consist of all sovereign exposures.

- **What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?**

N/A.

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for **fossil gas** include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For **nuclear energy**, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective. **Transitional activities** are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.



Are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.



What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A.



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A.



What investments are included under “#2 Other”, what is their purpose and are any minimum environmental or social safeguards applied to them?

The remainder of the portfolio (i.e. beyond the minimum share of 90%) may include securities for which ESG analysis may be carried out after the financial instrument in question is acquired by the Fund. Cash (and equivalent instruments) and derivatives (used for hedging or exposure purposes) are also included under "#2 Other".



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

N/A.

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.

- ***How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?***

N/A.

- ***How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?***

N/A.

- ***How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?***

N/A.

- ***Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?***

N/A.



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found online on the website: <http://www.carmignac.com>, in the "Funds" and "Responsible Investment" sections.



SUPPLEMENT

SUB-FUND

ELTIF EVERGREEN

IMPORTANT NOTICE

The present Sub-Fund Supplement summarises selected features of the Sub-Fund in table format. Investors are strongly recommended to carefully read this Sub-Fund Supplement in conjunction with the general part of this Prospectus and the Articles and to seek professional advice before making any decision to subscribe for shares in the Sub-Fund. Terms not otherwise defined in this Sub-Fund Supplement shall have the meaning given to them in the Prospectus.

The Sub-Fund qualifies as a European Long-Term Investment Fund under the Regulation (EU) 2015/760 of the European Parliament and of the Council of April 29, 2015 on European Long-Term Investment Funds, as amended by Regulation (EU) 2023/606 of the European Parliament and of the Council of March 15, 2023, and as supplemented by Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2024/2759 of 19 July 2024.

Investment in the Sub-Fund is only intended for investors who: (i) understand the Sub-Fund's strategy, characteristics and risks in order to make an informed investment decision; and (ii) have knowledge of, and investment experience in, alternative strategies, including (in particular) those that may use borrowing to leverage investment (such as this Sub-Fund) and financial markets generally.

The Sub-Fund is intended to be invested in long-term assets in accordance with the specific rules laid down in the ELTIF rules. Prospective investors should be aware that long-term assets are typically assets that are of an illiquid nature, require patient capital based on capital injections: commitments that are made for a considerable period of time, often provide late return on investment and generally have an economic profile of a long-term nature. As a result, each prospective investor should carefully consider the appropriate amount of its overall investment portfolio to be invested, and it is recommended that such investor only invests a small proportion of its overall investment portfolio in the fund. The Sub-Fund is only appropriate for investors who are able to sustain a long-term and illiquid commitment.

Investors are specifically referred to the risk factors and conflicts of interest in Section 20 (Risk Factors) and Annex II (Conflicts of Interest) of the Prospectus and under Section "Risk Factors" of this Sub-Fund Supplement.

Potential investors should note that although redemptions are expected to be offered on a quarterly basis, and in accordance with the provisions of the ELTIF Regulation, the Sub-Fund offers limited redemption rights. Investors are specifically referred to Section 8 of the Prospectus and under the sub-sections "Redemption" and "Redemption in Kind" of this Sub-Fund Supplement. [In light of the aforementioned specific features, the Sub-Fund is not suitable for Retail Investors that are looking for a classic open-ended structure. The Sub-Fund is only suitable for investors that have the financial ability and willingness to accept the long-term investment risks of the Sub-Fund and the lack of liquidity inherent in an investment in a semi-liquid product having a substantial exposure to an illiquid pool of assets and for investors for whom an investment in the Sub-Fund does not represent a complete investment program and who fully understand the Sub-Fund's strategy, characteristics and risks.]

In the subscription agreement for Shares in the Sub-Fund, each investor confirms that it has read and understood the key investor document, the aforementioned documentation and that it has sought professional advice in respect to such documentation. By signing the subscription agreement, each investor confirms its agreement with the content of the Prospectus (including all appendices, annexes and exhibits thereto), this Sub-Fund Supplement and the Articles.

Participation in the Sub-Fund involves intricate tax and regulatory matters that may differ from investor to investor. Each investor is advised to clarify the actual tax and regulatory effects that participation in the Sub-Fund may have in its particular case with its personal tax and legal advisor.

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Environmental and social characteristics	<p>The Sub-Fund promotes environmental and/or social characteristics pursuant to article 8 of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector ("SFDR"). Further information about the environmental and social characteristics promoted by the Sub-Fund is available in Annex III of this Sub-Fund Supplement.</p>
Investment Advisor	<p>Clipway France A simplified joint-stock company (<i>société par actions simplifiée</i>) 33, avenue de l'Opéra, 75002 Paris, France</p>
Term	<p>Unlimited duration</p>
Investment Objective	<p>The Sub-Fund qualifies as an ELTIF in accordance with the ELTIF Regulation and intends to be invested in long-term assets.</p> <p>The Sub-Fund aims to provide positive absolute return and capital growth over the medium to long term by investing in a diversified range of Private Assets (which are typically assets that are of an illiquid nature) globally across different strategies, regions and sectors.</p> <p>The Sub-Fund seeks to build a diversified portfolio over time to avoid concentrated risk exposures and to provide sufficient liquidity for redemptions offered in accordance with the terms of the Prospectus and the ELTIF Regulation.</p>
Investment Strategy	<p>The investment strategy of the Sub-Fund is to build a diversified portfolio investing globally in accordance with ELTIF Regulation by offering access to privately negotiated investments into the equity or debt of a company ("Private Assets"). The Sub-Fund's private market investments focus on private equity strategies including buyout and growth capital assets. Under normal circumstances, the Sub-Fund may seek exposure to Private Assets up to a maximum of 100% of its exposure.</p> <p>The Sub-Fund's exposure to these Private Assets is implemented via a variety of investment types that includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Investments in private equity funds acquired in privately negotiated transactions from investors in these private equity funds, and/or in connection with a restructuring transaction of a private equity fund ("Secondary Investment"); - Investments in equity and quasi-equity issued by Qualified Portfolio Undertakings ("Direct Investments"); - As well as primary investments into closed-ended funds ("Primary Investments"), and, - Opportunistically debt investments, including debt instruments and loans granted to Qualified Portfolio Undertakings. These may be accessed either directly or through secondary purchases of interests in debt funds ("Debt Investments"). The Sub-Fund shall not invest more than 10% of its exposure in Debt Investment. <p>The Sub-Fund will be mainly invested in Secondary Investments and, to a lesser extent, Direct Investments and Primary Investments, although the allocation among those types of investments may vary over time.</p> <p>The Sub-Fund's investments can be conducted through the participation of intermediary entities, including special purpose vehicles, co-investment vehicles, aggregator vehicles or holding companies, or other intermediary structures wholly or partly owned, directly or indirectly, by the Sub-Fund.</p>

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The Sub-Fund may also invest opportunistically in unlisted companies and/or in listed assets.

This portfolio construction approach is expected to be geared toward maintaining a relatively high level of exposure to Private Assets while still maintaining sufficient liquidity for investors' redemptions, in accordance with the ELTIF Regulation. For that purpose, the Sub-Fund may invest up to 45% of its capital in UCITS Eligible Assets, which includes any liquid assets or other money-market instruments held for liquidity management purposes as described in the section "*Restriction on categories of assets and financial contracts*" of this Sub-Fund Supplement.

The Sub-Fund invests in compliance with the following diversification rules which shall apply as from the end of the Ramp-up Period (as defined below).

At least 55% of the capital of the ELTIF must qualify as eligible investment assets in accordance with Article 9, 10 and 11 of the ELTIF Regulation, including:

- Private Asset investments;
- Units or shares of ELTIFs, EuVECAs, EuSEFs, UCITS and EU AIFs managed by EU AIFMs provided that those ELTIFs, EuVECAs, EuSEFs, UCITS and EU AIFs (i) invest in eligible investments assets, and (ii) do not themselves invest more than 10 % of their assets in any other collective investment undertaking.

Pursuant to the ELTIF Regulation, the Sub-Fund will not invest more than:

- (i) 20% of its capital in the securities of any single collective investment scheme;
- (ii) 20% of its capital in instruments issued by, or loans granted to, any single Qualified Portfolio Undertaking;
- (iii) 20% of its capital in a single real asset;
- (iv) 10% of its capital in a UCITS eligible Assets where such assets have been issued by a single body; notwithstanding the foregoing, the Sub-Fund may invest up to 25% of its capital in bonds issued by a credit institution that has its registered office in an EU member state, as provided for in article 13(5) of the ELTIF Regulation.

**Diversification
Requirements**

The aggregate risk exposure to a counterparty of the Sub-Fund stemming from over-the-counter (OTC) derivative transactions shall not exceed 10% of the value of the capital of the Sub-Fund.

If any of these investment restrictions listed above is breached, except where the investment restriction is breached for reasons beyond the control of the AIFM as applicable, the AIFM shall within an appropriate period of time and having due regard to the best interest of the Shareholders, take the necessary measures to rectify the situation, but no remedial action will be required merely for these reasons.

The restrictions set out above are only applicable after the Ramp-up Period and will no longer apply upon the Sub-Fund entering into a winding up or liquidation process. In the event of any NAV errors calculation and/or instances of non-compliance with the investment restrictions mentioned hereabove, the provisions of Circular CSSF 24/856 will apply. The materiality threshold foreseen for the Sub-Fund is set at 1,00% of its Net Asset Value.

For the avoidance of doubt, where an investment is made through a special purpose investment vehicle, such vehicle shall be disregarded in the application of this Section, i.e. the aforementioned limits shall apply on a look-through basis to the assets held through such special purpose investment vehicle.

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Unless otherwise provided under ELTIF Regulation the Sub-Fund shall comply with the investment restrictions and investment limits provided for under Circular CSSF 02/80.

The Sub-Fund shall invest, either directly or indirectly, in interests, shares or quasi-equity securities in investee companies, collective investment schemes or other vehicles.

UCIs, investment funds, trackers, or exchange-traded funds (ETFs)

The Sub-Fund may be exposed to units or shares of UCITS, AIFs or other collective investment schemes managed, advised or sponsored by the AIFM or its Affiliates, or by a third-party investment manager in compliance with the ELTIF Regulation. Investments in collective investment schemes managed, advised or sponsored by the AIFM or its Affiliates will not be applying initial, subscription or redemption shares to the Sub-Fund.

The Sub-Fund may acquire no more than 20 % of the units or shares of a single ELTIF, EuVECA, EuSEF, UCITS or of an EU AIF managed by an EU AIFM.

Debt securities and money market instruments

To achieve its investment objective, the Sub-Fund may invest, directly or indirectly, in unlisted debt securities and private debt.

For the purpose of liquidity management, the Sub-Fund may invest, directly or indirectly, in negotiable debt securities and money market instruments, fixed or floating rate, covered or uncovered bonds, which may be linked to inflation in the Eurozone and/or international – including emerging – markets. The Sub-Fund may invest in corporate or government issuers.

Debt securities may be rated below investment grade, i.e., rated below BBB- (or equivalent rating), by at least one of the main credit rating agencies, or by the AIFM if the security is unrated.

The Sub-Fund may on an opportunistic basis, gain exposure—either directly or through collective investment vehicles to simple, transparent and standardised (“**STS**”) securitisations that satisfy the provisions of Article 10(f) of ELTIF Regulation, where the underlying exposures fall within the categories permitted by that provision.

The Sub-Fund may invest up to 20% of its total capital in aggregate value of STS.

Distress securities are debts that are officially in restructuring or in payment default and whose credit margin is at least 10% higher, in absolute terms, than the risk-free interest rate and whose rating is lower than CCC-.

Derivatives

The Sub-Fund may use derivatives solely for hedging purposes, including (but not limited to) hedging partially or totally its currency risk and its equity-related risk. Depending on the prevailing circumstances, the Sub-Fund may or may not hedge its foreign exchange and/or equity exposure fully or partially. It has no obligation to hedge any such exposure at all. The use of derivatives for exposure is prohibited. Any such hedging will be carried out in accordance with the ELTIF Regulation and the ELTIF RTS.

Restriction on categories of assets and financial contracts

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The Sub-Fund will neither use securities financing transactions as defined in Regulation (EU) 2015/2365 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 November 2015 on transparency of securities financing transactions and of reuse and amending Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 nor total return swaps as defined in Article 3(18) of said regulation. This Sub-Fund Supplement will be amended in the event any such transactions should be used in the future.

If any of the investment restrictions listed above is breached, except where the investment restriction is breached for reasons beyond the control of the AIFM as applicable, the AIFM shall within an appropriate period of time and having due regard to the best interest of the Shareholders, take the necessary measures to rectify the situation, but no remedial action will be required merely for these reasons.

The restrictions set out above are only applicable after the Ramp-up Period and will no longer apply upon the Sub-Fund entering into a winding up or liquidation process.

Cash

As part of the Sub-Fund's UCITS Eligible Assets, the Sub-Fund may hold up to 20% of its total capital in ancillary liquid assets, such as bank deposits at sight, i.e., cash held in current accounts with a bank accessible at any time, in order to cover current or exceptional payments, or for the time necessary to reinvest in assets complying with the Sub-Fund's investment strategy, or for a period of time strictly necessary in case of unfavourable market conditions. This restriction may only be exceeded temporarily for a period of time strictly necessary if the Board of Directors considers this to be in the best interest of the shareholders (e.g. during exceptionally unfavourable market conditions, such as a severe financial market collapse).

Borrowing and Leverage

The Sub-Fund may borrow and enter into credit facilities or other financing transactions or otherwise incur leverage on terms the Board of Directors, in collaboration with the AIFM, determines at its reasonable discretion are commercially reasonable, provided that:

- (i) it does not represent more than 50% of the Net Asset Value;
- (ii) it serves the purpose of paying out redemption proceeds; or
- (iii) it serves the purpose of making investment or providing liquidity, including to pay costs and expenses, provided that the holdings in cash or cash equivalent of the Sub-Fund are not sufficient to make the investment or to pay out the costs and expenses concerned;
- (iv) It is denominated in the same currency as the assets to be acquired with the borrowed cash (or, if in another currency, the exposure is fully hedged) and its maturity does not exceed the remaining life of the Sub-Fund.

When borrowing cash, the Sub-Fund may encumber assets to implement its borrowing strategy.

This borrowing limit shall be temporarily suspended where each Sub-Fund reduces its existing capital or raises additional capital. This suspension shall be limited to the strict minimum, taking into account the interests of the Shareholders, and shall in no case exceed twelve (12) months.

The AIFMD requires the AIFM to disclose and report regularly on the level of leverage used by the Sub-Fund. In accordance with its risk management function and the investment objectives of the Sub-Fund, the AIFM has set a maximum level of leverage which the AIFM and its delegates may employ on behalf

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	<p>of the Sub-Fund. For the avoidance of doubt, this maximum level of leverage does not include leverage at the level of investments.</p> <p>The maximum total aggregate leverage calculated pursuant to the gross method and commitment method set out in the AIFM Regulation is respectively 300% and 200%.</p> <p>Investors should note that the level of leverage determined under articles 7 and 8 of the AIFMR does not necessarily provide any reasonable illustration of the overall risk profile of the Sub-Fund as financial derivative instruments or borrowing of cash or securities can be used to manage risk.</p>
Warehousing	<p>Following the receipt of subscription amounts from Investors (or at any other appropriate time as determined by the AIFM at its discretion), the AIFM can request a Warehousing Entity to transfer one or more Warehoused Investments to the Sub-Fund upon which the Sub-Fund would be expected to pay an amount equal to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. the cost of the investment, i.e. the acquisition price, by the Warehousing Entity, adjusted for the cash flows which occurred between acquisition and transfer (such as costs, income received and FX rates fluctuations); plus ii. a carrying cost as determined by the AIFM pursuant to the warehousing procedure of the Carmignac Group which cannot exceed 8% per annum of the cost of the investment referred to under point (i) above, pro-rated by the number of days the investment was warehoused. <p>For the purposes of acquiring a Warehoused Investment, the AIFM shall use its own valuation policy and will not have recourse to an auditor or an external valuer.</p>
Ramp-up Period	<p>The Ramp-up Period shall commence on the date of the first publication of the Net Asset Value and shall end no later than thirty-six (36) months thereafter. However, the Board of Directors may, at its sole discretion, resolve to extend the Ramp-up Period if it determines that such extension is necessary to achieve an optimal asset allocation and an adequate level of diversification for the Sub-Fund. In any event, the Ramp-up Period shall not exceed five (5) years from the date of authorisation of the Sub-Fund as an ELTIF.</p>
Currency of the Sub-Fund	<p>The Sub-Fund is denominated in euro (EUR).</p>
Shares	<p>Fully paid-in Shares will be issued as determined by the Board of Directors (or any person to whom such powers have been delegated) on behalf of the Sub-Fund following each Subscription. Shares will be available in book-entry form, and no certificates will be issued.</p> <p>Shares may be issued as Capitalisation Shares or Distribution Shares.</p>
Classes of Shares	<p>At the inception, the Sub-Fund will issue the Classes set out in Annex 1 hereto.</p> <p>Please refer to Section "Issue of Shares" of the Prospectus for further information on Classes of Shares.</p>
Eligible Investors	<p>The Shares in the Sub-Fund will be offered or sold only to, and Shares can only be acquired by, Retail Investors and Professional Investors, and may under no circumstances be beneficially or legally held or owned by any person, who is not an Eligible Investor.</p>

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	<p>Outside the EEA, Shares in the Sub-Fund will be offered or sold only to, and Shares can only be acquired by, Investors who, in addition to being Eligible Investors, are also eligible to purchase such Shares in the relevant jurisdiction.</p> <p>Shares may not be held by Prohibited Persons.</p>
Valuation Day	<p>The Sub-Fund's Net Asset Value and the Net Asset Value per Share shall be determined on the last Business Day of each month by the Administrator, pursuant to the provisions of this Prospectus and the Articles. The Administrator shall calculate the Net Asset Value and the Net Asset Value per Share within five (5) Business Days of the Valuation Day.</p> <p>The Net Asset Value is shown at CARMIGNAC GESTION and published on the CARMIGNAC GESTION website: www.carmignac.com.</p>
Subscription in kind	<p>The Sub-Fund may issue Shares as consideration for a "contribution in kind" of assets with an aggregate value equal to the Subscription Price (plus any Subscription Fee, where applicable), provided that such assets comply with the investment objective and policy of the Sub-Fund and any restrictions and conditions imposed by applicable laws and regulations.</p> <p>In accepting or rejecting such a contribution at any given time, the Board of Directors shall take into account the interests of other Shareholders of the Sub-Fund and the principle of fair treatment. Any contribution in kind will be valued independently in a special report issued by the Auditor or any other independent auditor (<i>réviseur d'entreprises agréé</i>) agreed by the Fund.</p> <p>The Sub-Fund and the investor subscribing in kind will agree on specific settlement procedures. Any costs incurred in connection with a contribution in kind, including the costs of issuing a valuation report, shall be borne by that investor or by such other third party as agreed by the Board of Directors or in any other way which the Board of Directors considers fair to all Shareholders of the Sub-Fund. A fair treatment of investors will be ensured in case of a subscription in kind.</p>
Subscription	<p>Each Valuation Day is a Subscription Date.</p> <p>Subscriptions for Shares in the Sub-Fund must be submitted via a subscription request (a "Subscription Request") to the Administrator directly, no later than one (1) business day at 4.00 pm CET prior to the end of each month (the "Cut-Off Date"). If the Dealing Cut-Off Date falls on a weekend or public holiday, the Cut-Off Time will shift to the immediately preceding Business Day. The Board of Directors may, at its entire discretion, decide to accept any Subscription Request submitted after the Cut-Off Date.</p> <p>Underlying Investors who are Retail Investors may, by written notice to their Financial Intermediary or Distributor, cancel their commitment to subscribe to Shares of the Sub-Fund during a period of two (2) weeks after submission of their signed Subscription Agreement to their Financial Intermediary or Distributor, and have the money, if paid, returned without penalty.</p> <p>This cancellation period does not apply to Investors that are not classified as Retail Investors.</p> <p>For the avoidance of doubt if the Retail Investor subscribes through a Financial Intermediary or Distributor, that Financial Intermediary or Distributor is responsible to manage the cancellation period before transmitting the Subscription Request to the Administrator.</p>

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	<p>In case of such cancellation, the Distributor or Financial Intermediary shall not submit the corresponding Subscription Request to the Administrator.</p> <p>Notwithstanding the above Cut-Off Date, Financial Intermediaries or Distributors may apply a longer notice period for subscriptions by Retail Investors in order to manage the above cancellation right.</p> <p>In case of a new account with the Administrator, the account request must be completed and validated with the Administrator before the Cut-Off Date.</p> <p>Subscription Requests received after the Cut-Off Date will be treated as deemed received by the Cut-Off Date of the immediately following month.</p> <p>Subscriptions for Shares should be made by fax, in writing, or any other method deemed appropriate by the Administrator (as further described in the Subscription Agreement) and specify the amount to be subscribed in the currency of the Class.</p> <p>The Board of Directors may determine to restrict the subscription of Shares when it is in the interests of the Sub-Fund and/or the Shareholders to do so, including when the Sub-Fund reaches a size that could impact the ability of the AIFM to find suitable investments for the Sub-Fund.</p> <p>The minimum subscription amount for any individual Shareholder shall be set out in Annex I of this Sub-Fund Supplement for each Class. The Board of Directors may at its absolute discretion approve Subscription Requests of a lower amount, provided however that such lower subscription amounts comply with the required minimum amount applicable in the country of residence of a Shareholder.</p> <p>Any subscription in the Sub-Fund remains subject to the approval of the Board of Directors (or of the AIFM by delegation of the Board of Directors), on a discretionary basis.</p>
Subscription Price	<p>Shares denominated in euro shall be issued at the initial price of EUR 100 or the equivalent amount in the currency of the relevant Class (the "Initial Offering Price"). Subsequently, the issue price per Share shall be equal to the NAV per Share.</p> <p>Shares issued following a successful application for subscription will not be issued until the Net Asset Value per Share is calculated as at the end of the month on which such Subscription Request was validly submitted.</p>
Settlement of Subscription	<p>The Subscription Price (together with any applicable Fees) must be paid in the currency of the relevant Class.</p> <p>Cleared funds equal to the full amount of the Subscription Price (together with any applicable Fees) must be received no later than seven (7) business days after the relevant Subscription Date. No interest will be paid on any amount settled in exchange for issuance of Shares in the Sub-Fund.</p> <p>Settlement details are available in the Subscription Agreement.</p> <p>If the payment of the Subscription Price (together with any applicable Fees) has not been received at least the seventh (7th) business Days after the relevant Subscription Date, any application for Shares will be cancelled. The Administrator, Distributor or any Financial Intermediaries, as applicable, will inform the applicant that the Subscription Request has been rejected or cancelled, and the money lately received, if any, will be returned to the applicant at its risks and costs, without penalty nor interest. Any costs incurred by cancellation of Subscription Requests may be charged by the Fund.</p>
Conversion	<p>No conversion of Shares between the different Classes of the Sub-Fund or Sub-Funds shall be permitted except as permitted by the Board of Directors.</p>
Redemption	<p>Each Valuation Day falling on a Quarter End is a Redemption Date.</p>

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Shareholders wishing to have a portion, or all of their Shares redeemed shall deliver to the Administrator, directly or through their Financial Intermediaries, a written request specifying the number of Shares or the amount in the currency of the Class on the relevant Redemption Date on which they wish to redeem their Shares (each, a "**Redemption Request**").

The Dealing Cut-Off Date for Redemption Requests is 4.00 pm CET on the last business day of the quarter immediately preceding that of the Redemption Date. If the Dealing Cut-Off Date falls on a weekend or public holiday, the Cut-Off Time will shift to the immediately preceding Business Day.

Redemption Requests will normally be settled seven (7) Business Days after Redemption Date.

Shareholders of the Sub-Fund may not redeem their Shares during the first three (3) months after the first NAV date of the Sub-Fund (the "Lock-up Period"). During the Lock-up Period, (i) Redemption Requests delivered in respect of a portion of, or all, Shares will be deemed invalid and cancelled by the Administrator, and (ii) Redemption Requests received by the Administrator on or after end of the Lock-up Period will be executed by the Administrator in accordance with the procedure detailed hereabove. For the avoidance of doubt, the Lock-up Period applies by reference to the date on which the Sub-Fund is launched and not by reference to the date on which a Shareholder subscribes for Shares in the Sub-Fund. Accordingly, all Shares in issue regardless of Subscription Date will become eligible for redemption only upon expiry of the Lock-up Period.

As of the end of the Lock-Up, Redemption Requests will be satisfied insofar as the aggregate Net Asset Value of the Shares so redeemed on given Redemption Date:

- does not exceed five per cent (5%) of the Sub-Fund's Net Asset Value as of the relevant Valuation day; and
- does not exceed thirty-three per cent (33%) % of the Liquid Sleeve computed on the relevant Valuation day, as determined by the AIFM and in accordance with the Annex 1 – option 1 of the ELTIF RTS.

For the purpose hereof, "**Liquid Sleeve**" shall mean the sum of (i) the UCITS Eligible Assets as of the relevant Redemption Date, and (ii) the expected cash flow, forecasted on a prudent basis over 12 months.

If Redemption Requests exceed the Redemption Limit, such Redemption Requests shall be met only up to the Redemption Limit, and each Shareholder's Redemption Request will be satisfied in proportion in which the number of Shares tendered for redemption by such Shareholder bears to the aggregate number of Shares requested to be redeemed.

In the event the Redemption Limit prevents Shareholders from redeeming whole or part of their Shares in the Sub-Fund, the Board of Directors shall notify such Shareholder. The portion of each Redemption Request that has not been satisfied on a given Redemption Date shall, unless otherwise requested by the Shareholder, be deemed to be submitted for redemption at the immediately following Redemption Date. For the avoidance of doubt, the Redemption Requests thus deferred will be executed on the basis of the Net Asset Value per Share applicable on the Redemption Date on which Shares are redeemed. Any Redemption Requests that are deferred will not be given priority over Redemption Requests submitted for subsequent Redemption Dates. Instead, they will be processed on an equal basis with all Redemption Requests validly submitted for the relevant Redemption Date.

Until the Redemption Date, the Shares to be redeemed shall remain issued, and the Shareholders shall have all rights (including, but not limited to, voting rights and rights to distributions) and obligations in relation to such Shares. After the Redemption Date, redeeming Shareholders will not be entitled to or be capable of exercising any rights arising under the Articles or this Prospectus with respect to the Shares being redeemed (including any right to receive notice of, attend or vote at any meeting of the Sub-Fund), save the right to receive the Redemption Price (decreased by any Redemption Fee, as applicable) and any dividend which has been declared prior to the relevant Redemption Date but not yet paid (in each case, with respect to the Shares being redeemed). Such Shareholders will be treated

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	<p>as creditors of the Sub-Fund with respect to the Redemption Price and will rank accordingly in the priority of the Sub-Fund's creditors.</p>
Redemption in Kind	<p>Redemptions will generally be made in cash.</p> <p>In accordance with Article 18(5)(b) and (c) of the ELTIF Regulation redemption <i>in kind</i> may be executed only where:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • all Shareholders are treated fairly; • a Shareholder has submitted a written request explicitly opting to receive a pro-rata share of the Sub-Fund's assets whose value equals the applicable Redemption Price (plus any Redemption Fee); • the assets to be transferred are freely transferable and are not subject to any legal or contractual restrictions on transfer. <p>In accepting a request for redemption in kind at any given time, the Sub-Fund shall take into account the interests of other Shareholders of the Fund and the principle of fair treatment.</p> <p>Any redemption in kind will be valued independently in a special report issued by the Auditor or any other independent auditor (<i>réviseur d'entreprises agréé</i>) agreed by the Board of Directors. The Sub-Fund and the redeeming Shareholder will agree on specific settlement procedures. Any costs incurred in connection with a redemption in kind, including the costs of issuing a valuation report, shall be borne by the redeeming Shareholder or by such other third party as agreed by the Board of Directors or in any other way which the Board of Directors considers fair to all Shareholders of the Sub-Fund.</p>
Allocation of Investment Opportunities	<p>The AIFM may identify investment opportunities that may potentially be appropriate or suitable for Other Accounts managed by the AIFM or its Affiliates. In such situation, the allocation of investment opportunities will follow the steps defined in the Co-Investment policy of the Carmignac Group in order to prevent the occurrence of conflicts. Nevertheless, Investors should bear in mind that the results of the investment activities of each Sub-Fund can reasonably be expected to differ significantly or materially from the results achieved by Other Accounts managed by Carmignac.</p> <p>In addition, some exceptions to the Co-Investment Policy could occur. Other Accounts managed by the AIFM or its Affiliates have exclusive rights to certain investment opportunities or investment priority with regard to certain opportunities.</p>
Costs of setting up the Sub-Fund	<p>The Sub-Fund will pay or bear all payments, fees, costs, expenses and other liabilities or obligations incurred in connection with its formation and organisation, including costs of setting-up of the Fund as per paragraph "Establishment Costs" of Section 13 of the general part of the Prospectus, including its apportioned amount of such payments, fees, costs, expenses and other liabilities or obligations incurred at the level of the Fund.</p>
Costs related to the acquisition of assets	<p>The Sub-Fund shall bear, and each Shareholder shall assume its <i>pro rata</i> portion of, all administrative, regulatory, depositary, custodial, professional, legal, audit and other expenses incurred in connection with the acquisition of the Sub-Fund's assets, whether such amounts are payable to the AIFM (or any of its affiliates) or to a third party. These expenses include, without limitation, costs associated with identifying, structuring, diligencing, negotiating, acquiring, holding, managing, disposing of or transferring any actual or prospective investment (whether or not ultimately consummated), broken-</p>

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	deal costs, legal, accounting and advisory fees, finder or sourcing fees, and reasonable travel and accommodation expenses.
Management and Performance Related, Fees	<p>Management Fee The AIFM will be paid an annual management fee (the "Management Fee") as defined in Annex 1 hereto.</p> <p>Performance Fee The AIFM is entitled to receive a Performance Fee from the Sub-Fund for each Calculation Period, subject to a Hurdle Rate, above the High Watermark of that Class, as defined in Annex 1 hereto.</p>
Distribution costs	<p>The Distributor and/or any Sub-Distributors may be paid a distribution fee applicable to the relevant Class (the "Distribution Fee"). The Distribution Fee may vary among the Distributor and/or any Sub-Distributors provided. The Distribution Fee will be payable out of the Management Fee.</p> <p>Additionally, Distributors or other introducing intermediaries may levy a subscription fee on an investor-by-investor basis, at a rate defined in Annex 1 hereto for each Class. Furthermore, the AIFM may also receive a Degressive Redemption Fee at a rate defined in Annex 1 hereto for each Class, as compensation for the remuneration paid by the AIFM to the distributor(s) of the relevant Class (if applicable).</p>
Other costs, including administrative, regulatory, depositary, custodian professional service and audit costs	<p>The Sub-Fund will bear operational costs and expenses as described in paragraph "Other Fees" of Section 13 of the general part of the Prospectus and are estimated at approximately 0.50% of the NAV of the Sub-Fund over each calendar year.</p> <p>These costs do not include the costs related to setting up the Sub-Fund, the up-front part of the costs related to the acquisition of assets, the up-front part of the distribution costs, as well as the management and performance related fees, in each case as referred to in above. Such costs include any advisory fee paid to the Investment Advisor.</p>
Overall cost ratio	The overall cost ratio of the Sub-Fund may vary between Classes and as a result of a variety of factors occurring throughout the life of the Sub-Fund. However, as of the date hereof, it is not expected to exceed 3.02%.
Amendments	Amendments which may adversely affect Shareholders in a material respect, are subject to a one (1) month's prior notice to enable Shareholders to request that their Shares be redeemed, converted or transferred, free of any charge, before the amendments are effective.
Risk Factors	<p>In addition to the risks set out below, all risk factors and investment considerations detailed in the general part of this Prospectus should be considered applicable, directly or indirectly, to an investment in the Sub-Fund. An investment in the Shares of the Sub-Fund involves a significant degree of risk. There can be no assurance that the Sub-Fund will realise an attractive rate of return or that there will be any return of capital.</p> <p>Prospective investors should carefully evaluate these considerations, which represent some but not all of the potential risks of an investment in the Shares of the Sub-Fund, before becoming an investor in</p>

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the Sub-Fund. For a summary of risk factors and potential conflicts of interest relevant to the Sub-Fund, see Section 19 "Conflicts of Interest" and Section 20 "Risk Factors" of the general part of this Prospectus.

Sector Risk

The Sub-Fund's investment portfolio will consist primarily of indirect exposure to securities issued by privately held companies, and operating results in a specified period will be difficult to predict. Such investments involve a high degree of business and financial risk which can result in substantial losses, including the loss of an Investor's entire investment.

A portion of the Sub-Fund's assets may be invested in companies in highly competitive markets dominated by other firms with substantially greater financial and possibly better technical resources. Undertakings in which the Sub-Fund invests may operate in business sectors that face technological changes and/or may be dominated by other firms or organisations. These and other inherent business risks could affect the performance and value of Investments. New competitors, including those formed for the purpose of investing (or that may otherwise invest) in Europe and the U.S., constantly enter the market, and in some cases, existing competitors combine in a way that increases their strength in the market.

This Sub-Fund Supplement does not include restrictions on the amounts of the Sub-Fund's assets that may be invested in a particular sub-sector by the Sub-Fund which may result in the Sub-Fund being significantly exposed to the performance of one or more sub-sectors. In the event of a downturn in such sub-sector(s), the Sub-Fund may be disproportionately affected as compared to if the Sub-Fund's Investments were diversified across multiple sub-sectors.

Sustainability Risk

Sustainability risk may arise from environmental and social impacts on an investment. A Sustainability risk may either be a risk of its own or have an impact on other portfolio risks and contribute significantly to overall risk, such as market risks, liquidity risks, credit risks, operational risks, changes in legislation or reputational risks. While certain Sustainability risk will be explained below, such list should not be construed as exhaustive.

Sustainability risk include environmental risks in particular and may include so-called physical or transition risks. Physical risks include, for example, extreme weather events and any damage resulting therefrom, as well as long-term climate changes (frequency and amount of precipitation, increase in average temperatures, weather instability, sea level rise, changes in ocean and air currents) and the resulting need for adaptation and further investments. Transition risks mean risks associated with the transition to the low-carbon economy, such as an increase in the price of fossil energy, the need for renovation of buildings, investments in new technologies, changed preferences of contracting parties, carbon emission taxes and societal expectations.

Furthermore, Sustainability risk also include social risks. These risks include, for example, compliance with recognised labour standards (no child labour, no forced labour, no discrimination), compliance with health and safety at work, adequate remuneration, fair conditions at work, diversity and opportunities for initial and additional training, trade unions' freedom of association and freedom of assembly, ensuring adequate product safety, including health protection, equal requirements for entities in the supply chain, and projects for inclusion or consideration of the interests of communities

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and social minorities. This may result in requirements for the Sub-Fund and its service providers and trigger corresponding compliance expenses.

Finally, Sustainability risk may relate to governance aspects, such as tax compliance, anti-corruption measures, sustainability management, remuneration of the management linked to the integration of Sustainability Risks, enabling whistleblowing, ensuring employee rights, ensuring data protection and disclosure of information.

It cannot be excluded that Sustainability risk may change over time or that further Sustainability risk may arise that are not yet foreseeable. Changes in or additional Sustainability risk may result in additional need for adaptation and further investments for the Sub-Fund.

Sustainability risk may affect the Sub-Fund's Investments, the financial position and results of operations of the Sub-Fund. They may also result in reputational damage. Negative effects of Sustainability risk may negatively affect the Sub-Fund's return and may even result in a total loss for an investor.

Expedited Transactions

Investment decisions by the AIFM may frequently be required to be undertaken on an expedited basis to take advantage of investment opportunities. In such cases, the information available to the AIFM at the time an investment decision or advice is made may be limited, and the Sub-Fund may have no access to more detailed information regarding Investments. Therefore, no assurance can be given that the AIFM will have knowledge of all circumstances that may adversely affect a Sub-Fund's Investment. Such risks may similarly materialise at the Target Fund level with the view to the Target Funds' investments.

Difficulty in Locating Suitable Investments

The AIFM may be unable to find a sufficient number of attractive opportunities to meet the Sub-Fund's investment objectives, and the past performance of the AIFM in identifying suitable investments should not be treated as any guarantee of the AIFM's ability to identify for the Sub-Fund suitable Investments in the future or the AIFM's ability to implement the Sub-Fund's investment strategy and achieve the Sub-Fund's investment goals. There is no guarantee that the Sub-Fund will be able to achieve full investment and, accordingly, the Sub-Fund may only make a limited number of Investments. Since these Investments may involve a high degree of risk, poor performance by a few of them could significantly affect the return to Investors. No assurance can therefore be given that the target returns of the Sub-Fund will be achieved.

Return of Distributions received from Target Funds

With respect to Target Funds, the Sub-Fund may be obligated to return cash distributions received from Target Funds if, under applicable law, such distributions are deemed to be a return of capital or a wrongful payment or if, under the terms of the Target Funds, such distributions are recallable (e.g. in order for the Target Funds to satisfy claims for indemnification by the fund management, warranty claims made by purchasers of assets disposed of by the Target Funds or other obligations). Any such obligations to return distributions may (but need not be) limited in time and amount.

When determining amounts available for distribution to Investors from the Sub-Fund or accrual in the relevant Class, the AIFM will therefore take into account the possibility that the Sub-Fund may be

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required to return distributions it has received from Target Funds and retain an appropriate amount of liquid funds.

Retaining liquidity within the Sub-Fund may detrimentally affect the Fund's performance.

Target Fund Fees and Expenses

The Target Funds will pay significant fees (including performance fees and/or incentive distributions) to their respective managers and advisors and will incur significant expenses in connection with the pursuit and implementation of their investment strategies. As an investor in the Target Funds, the Sub-Fund will bear a share of the relevant fees and expenses charged at the level of the Target Funds. Such fees and expenses at the level of the Target Funds are ultimately borne by the Investors in addition to the fees and expenses payable at the level of the Sub-Fund, which are set out in the Prospectus and this Sub-Fund Supplement.

Risks Regarding Disposals of Investments

In connection with the disposition of a Target Fund, the Sub-Fund may be required to make representations and give representations and warranties concerning the business and financial affairs of the Investment being disposed of similar to those made in connection with the sale of any business and may be responsible for the contents of disclosure documents under applicable securities laws. The Sub-Fund may also be required to indemnify purchasers of such Investment or underwriters to the extent that any such representations, warranties, undertakings, or disclosure documents turn out to be incorrect, inaccurate or misleading or if any undertaking is not complied with. These arrangements may result in the Sub-Fund incurring liabilities and loss, which diminish returns to Investors, or incurring contingent liabilities for which reserves, or escrow accounts may be established pending resolution of the contingent liability.

Warehousing Risk

The Board of Directors, the AIFM and/or their Affiliates may acquire (or enter into agreements to acquire), directly or indirectly, one or more Warehoused Investments, which may present certain conflicts of interest adverse to the Fund, an Other Account. Each Warehoused Investment will be transferred at cost (including transaction costs and taxes incurred and any deposit and/or purchase price paid, in each case, in connection with acquiring (or entering into a contract to acquire) that Warehoused Investment) plus some or all of the Warehousing Entity's cost of capital. In addition, the AIFM will determine, at its discretion, when to (i) transfer from the Warehousing Entity Investments to the Sub-Fund and/or (ii) cause the Sub-Fund to use the capital contributed by the Investors to redeem such seed investment, which will affect the amount that will be paid to the Warehousing Entity upon such transfer and/or redemption. Because the value of Warehoused Investments may decline prior to their transfer to a Sub-Fund and/or the value of the Warehoused Investments acquired by the Sub-Fund may decline prior to the Sub-Fund's purchase of such investment, there can be no assurance that their value will not be less than their cost to the Sub-Fund, at the time of the transfer or redemption. The value of the Warehoused Investment may fall since purchased and the sale to the Fund could be at a rate higher than the Warehoused Entity would otherwise receive.

Permanent Establishment Risk

The Sub-Fund could become subject to unforeseen taxation in any jurisdiction in which the Sub-Fund operates, is managed, is advised, is promoted or invests. While it is intended that the activities of the

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Sub-Fund and the AIFM should not create any permanent establishment or other form of taxable presence of the Sub-Fund in any jurisdiction in which the Sub-Fund or the AIFM operates or invests, there is a risk that the relevant tax authorities in one or more of such jurisdictions could take a contrary view. If for any reason the Sub-Fund is held to have a permanent establishment or other such presence in any such jurisdiction, the Sub-Fund could be subject to significant taxation in such jurisdiction, and in order to mitigate such a tax exposure, certain filings may need to be made, and the Sub-Fund may be required to provide such information as may be reasonably required by the AIFM in order to mitigate such tax exposure in respect of the Sub-Fund. In addition, taxes incurred in such jurisdictions by the Sub-Fund may not be creditable or deductible by the Sub-Fund in its jurisdiction.

Valuation Risk

The investments are illiquid and may be difficult to value. For this reason, valuations are generally not performed by a third party. A valuation is only an estimate of value and is not a precise measure of realisable value. Ultimate realisation of the market value of Investments depends to a great extent on economic and other conditions beyond the control of the Sub-Fund and the AIFM. Further, valuations do not necessarily represent the price at which Investments would sell since market prices of Investments can only be determined by negotiation between a willing buyer and seller. If the Sub-Fund was to liquidate a particular Investment, the realised value may be more than or less than the valuation of such asset and in any event, may be materially different from the interim valuations derived from the valuation methods described herein.

Large Redemption Risk

Large redemptions of Shares in the Sub-Fund might result in the Sub-Fund being forced to sell assets at a time and price at which the AIFM would normally prefer not to dispose of those assets possibly leading to a lower price being realised for such assets. This may limit the ability of the AIFM to successfully implement the investment strategy of the Sub-Fund and could negatively impact the value of the Shares being redeemed and the value of Shares that remain outstanding. In addition, following receipt of a Redemption Request, the Sub-Fund may be required to liquidate assets in advance of the applicable Redemption Date, which may result in the Sub-Fund holding cash or highly liquid investments pending such Redemption Date. During any such period, the ability of the AIFM to successfully implement the investment strategy of the Sub-Fund may be impaired, and the Sub-Fund's returns may be adversely affected as a result.

Complex Nature Of Due Diligence And Valuation Process For General Partner-Led Secondaries

In traditional secondaries investments, secondaries investors typically provide liquidity to primary investors in private equity funds, and secondaries investors are able to rely on conducting due diligence on financial statements and periodic company updates originated by a common investment manager. By contrast, because many portfolios of direct investments being targeted by the Sub-Fund may be collections of the private equity assets of a seller other than private equity funds managed by a common investment manager, many general partner-led secondaries may lack the benefit of financial statements and periodic company updates that would be originated by a common investment manager. This may affect the ability of the Sub-Fund to conduct fundamental due diligence on the portfolio companies comprising such investment portfolios.

Pooled Investments in Secondaries Risk

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In many cases, the AIFM expects that the Sub-Fund will have the opportunity to acquire a portfolio of investment funds or direct investments from a seller on an "all or nothing" basis. Certain of the investment funds or direct investments in the portfolio may be less attractive than others, and certain of the sponsors of such investment funds (or in some cases, the controlling investors in the underlying portfolio companies) may be more familiar to the AIFM than others or may be more experienced or highly regarded than others. In such cases, it may not be possible for the Sub-Fund to carve out from such purchases those investments which the Sub-Fund considers (for commercial, tax, legal or other reasons) to be less attractive.

Contingent Liabilities Associated with Investment Fund Interests Acquired In Secondary Transactions

Where the Sub-Fund acquires an interest in an investment fund in a secondary transaction, the Sub-Fund may acquire contingent liabilities of the seller of the interest. More specifically, where the seller has received distributions from the relevant private equity fund and, subsequently, that private equity fund recalls one or more of these distributions, the Sub-Fund (as the purchaser of the interest to which such distributions are attributable and not the seller) may be obliged to return monies equivalent to such distributions to the private equity fund. While the Sub-Fund may, in turn, make a claim against the seller for any such monies so paid to the private equity fund, there can be no assurance that the Sub-Fund would prevail on such claim.

Underlying Funds Investing Independently

The underlying funds in which the Sub-Fund will invest generally invest wholly independently of one another and may at times hold economically offsetting positions. To the extent that such underlying funds hold such positions, considered as a whole, they may not achieve any gain or loss despite incurring fees and expenses in connection with such positions. In addition, a manager of such an underlying fund may be compensated based on the performance of its investments. Accordingly, there may often be times when a particular manager may receive incentive compensation in respect of its investments for a period even though the overall value of such underlying funds depreciated during such period.

Duplication of Costs, Fees and Expenses

The Sub-Fund will be allocated costs and fees of its own management, administration and other services. In addition, The Sub-Fund will invest another investment funds and will bear similar costs in its capacity as an investor in that investment fund including, without limitation, any subscription fees, management fees, administration fees, custody fees and performance fees. However, there will be no duplication of subscription fees and management or advisory charges, and performance fees in relation to investments in an investment fund for which the AIFM acts as the investment manager or management company.

Conflicts of Interest

The AIFM may have equity stakes in the funds (or fund managers) to which it is providing its services, or own or have an interest in one or more assets that are also owned by such funds. Conflicts of interest can therefore not be ruled out.

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Indirect Exposure to Non-Eligible Assets via Target Funds

The Sub-Fund may invest in units or shares of other investment funds (including ELTIFs, EuVECAs, EuSEFs, UCITS, and EU AIFs managed by EU AIFMs) that qualify as eligible investment assets under Article 10(1)(d) of the ELTIF Regulation, provided that such target funds themselves invest in eligible investments as referred to in Article 9(1) and (2) of the ELTIF Regulation. Target funds are not required to hold exclusively eligible investment assets and may, on an ancillary basis, hold assets which would not be eligible as direct investments by the Sub-Fund. For the purpose of determining the Sub-Fund's compliance with the minimum 55% investment requirement in eligible investment assets under Article 13(1) of the ELTIF Regulation, investments in units or shares of target funds are taken into account only to the extent of those target funds' own investments in eligible investment assets. Whilst the Sub-Fund will aim to invest in target funds holding predominantly eligible investment assets, investors should be aware that the Sub-Fund may have indirect exposure to assets that do not qualify as eligible investment assets.

GLOSSARY

Terms in capital letters and abbreviations used in this Prospectus have defined meanings, which are explained in this Glossary. Moreover, words in this Prospectus importing the singular form shall include the plural and *vice versa*, and words importing the masculine gender shall include the feminine gender and *vice versa*. Any term that is not included in this Glossary but defined in the 2010 Law, as defined below, shall have the meaning indicated in the latter.

AIFM	CARMIGNAC GESTION S.A.
Calculation Period	For the purpose of Performance Fee calculation, a full Fiscal Year, starting from the last Valuation Day of the previous Fiscal Year and ending on the last Valuation Day of the current Fiscal Year, except that the first Calculation Period in respect of each Class shall be the period starting on the first anniversary of the relevant Valuation Day immediately preceding the Subscription Date and ending on the last Valuation Day (i.e., 31 December) of the following Fiscal Year (i.e., a period of longer than one calendar year).
Carmignac Group	CARMIGNAC GESTION S.A. and any Affiliate or subsidiary thereof, the UCITS and AIF managed by such entities, as well as the employees of such entities.
Circular CSSF 02/80	the CSSF's circular No 02/80 concerning specific rules applicable to Luxembourg undertakings for collective investment pursuing alternative investment strategies.
Circular CSSF 24/856	the CSSF's circular No 24/856 on the protection of investors in case of an NAV calculation error, an instance of non-compliance with the investment rules and other errors at UCI level.
Cut-Off Date	has the meaning set forth in Section "Subscription" of this Sub-Fund Supplement.
Direct Investments	has the meaning set forth in Section "Investment Strategy" of this Sub-Fund Supplement.

Distribution Fee	has the meaning set forth in Section "Distributors and Placement Agents" of this Sub-Fund Supplement.
Eligible Investor	an Investor who qualifies as a Retail Investor or a Professional Investor and, in each case, who satisfies all eligibility requirements for a specific Class, as specified for the Class in Annex I.
ELTIF Regulation	Regulation (EU) 2015/760 of 29 April 2015 on European long-term investment funds), as amended by Regulation (EU) 2023/606 of 15 March 2023 as regards the requirements pertaining to the investment policies and operating conditions of European long-term investment funds and the scope of eligible investment assets, the portfolio composition and diversification requirements and the borrowing of cash and other fund rules, , as supplemented by Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2024/2759 of 19 July 2024, and any official interpretation given by the European Commission or the European Securities and Market Authority (ESMA)
FATCA Obligation	(a) Sections 1471 through 1474 of the Code, applicable Treasury Regulations, revenue rulings, notices or other official guidance; (b) other tax reporting and/or withholding tax regimes enacted in any jurisdiction or developed by any intergovernmental organisation that is similar to that described in clause (a) (including the Common Reporting Standard developed by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development); (c) any treaty, convention, understanding or other agreement between or among governmental authorities to comply with, facilitate, supplement, implement or otherwise related to the provisions described in clauses (a) and/or (b); (d) legislation, regulations or guidance enacted in any jurisdiction that seeks to implement the provisions described in clauses (a), (b) and/or (c); (e) in each case, similar or successor provisions, regulations or guidance; and (f) an agreement entered into by or with respect to the Sub-Fund (or any Affiliate of such persons) with a governmental authority pursuant to any of clauses (a) through (e).
Initial Offering Price	has the meaning set forth in Section "Subscription Price" of this Sub-Fund Supplement.
Investment(s)	any investment(s) made by the Sub-Fund.
Management Fee	has the meaning set forth in Section "Management and Performance Related Fees" of this Sub-Fund Supplement.
MiFID II	Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 on markets in financial instruments, as amended.
Other Accounts	other investment funds, separate accounts and pools of funds which may be managed in the future by the AIFM and its Affiliates and that have similar or different investment objectives to those of the Sub-Fund.
Performance Fee	the performance fee calculated in accordance with Section "Management and Performance Related Fees" of this Sub-Fund Supplement.
Pre-IPO Investments	has the meaning set forth in Section "Investment Strategy" of this Sub-Fund Supplement.
Primary Investments	has the meaning set forth in Section "Investment Strategy" of this Sub-Fund Supplement.
Private Assets	has the meaning set forth in Section "Investment Strategy" of this Sub-Fund Supplement.
Qualifying Portfolio Undertaking	an undertaking that fulfils, at the time of the initial investment, the following requirements: a) it is not a financial undertaking, unless: (i) it is a financial undertaking that is not a financial holding company or a mixed-activity holding company; and

- (ii) that financial undertaking has been authorised or registered more recently than 5 years before the date of the initial investment;
- b) it is an undertaking which:
 - (i) is not admitted to trading on a regulated market or on a multilateral trading facility; or
 - (ii) is admitted to trading on a regulated market or on a multilateral trading facility and has a market capitalisation of no more than EUR 1 500 000 000;
- c) it is established in a Member State, or in a third country provided that the third country:
 - (i) is not identified as high-risk third country listed in the delegated act adopted pursuant to Article 9(2) of Directive (EU) 2015/849 of the European Parliament and of the Council;
 - (ii) is not mentioned in Annex I to the Council conclusions on the revised EU list of non-cooperative jurisdictions for tax purposes.

Redemption Limit	has the meaning set forth in Section "Redemption" of this Sub-Fund Supplement.
Redemption Request	has the meaning set forth in Section "Redemption" of this Sub-Fund Supplement.
SDGs	United Nations Sustainable Development Goals.
Secondary Investments	has the meaning set forth in Section "Investment Strategy" of this Sub-Fund Supplement.
SFDR	Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 November 2019 on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector, as amended.
Subscription Request	has the meaning set forth in Section "Subscription" of this Sub-Fund Supplement.

ANNEX I: CHARACTERISTICS OF THE CLASSES AND FEES

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SHARES						
Class	Currency	ISIN	Dividend policy	Type of investors	Minimum initial subscription****	Minimum subsequent subscription****
A EUR Acc	EUR	LU3267163833	Accumulation	All Eligible Investors*	NA	NA
F EUR Acc	EUR	LU3267163916	Accumulation	Authorised investors**	NA	NA
A2 EUR Acc	EUR	LU3267164054	Accumulation	All Eligible Investors*	NA	NA
I EUR Acc	EUR	LU3267164138	Accumulation	Institutional investors***	EUR 5,000,000	EUR 1,000
E EUR Acc	EUR	LU3267164211	Accumulation	All Eligible Investors*	NA	NA

* Accessible to all Eligible Investors, as approved by the Board of Directors (or by the AIFM by delegation of the Board of Directors), on a discretionary basis.

** Accessible to the following entities, as approved by the Board of Directors (or by the AIFM by delegation of the Board of Directors), on a discretionary basis: (i) Institutional investors (entities) investing on a proprietary basis, (ii) Funds of funds, (iii) manufacturers of product structures that purchase the Shares directly, or on behalf of final investors, and apply a fee to such investors at the product level, (iv) Financial intermediaries which, according to regulatory requirements or individual fee arrangements with their clients, are not allowed to accept and keep any inducements and (v) Carmignac Group (entities and employees).

*** Accessible to institutional investors, as approved by the Board of Directors (or by the AIFM by delegation of the Board of Directors), on a discretionary basis. Institutional investors are defined within the meaning of article 174 paragraph 2 (c) of the law of 17 December 2010, as may be amended or superseded. Credit institutions and other professionals of the financial sector (not excluding their investments on behalf of third parties in a discretionary management relationship with them), pension funds, investment funds, government institutions, insurance and reinsurance companies and holding companies are commonly considered particularly as Institutional investors within the meaning of this article.

**** The minimum amount applies to each final investor. The Board of Directors may, at its absolute discretion, waive the minimum initial and subsequent subscription amount. The minimum subscription does not apply to Carmignac Group.

Shares	Payable by the Shareholders to the distributors	Payable by the Shareholders to the Sub-Fund	Payable by the Sub-Fund to the AIFM		Payable by the Shareholders to the AIFM
	Subscription fees	Redemption Fees ¹	Management Fees ²	Performance Fees ³	Degressive Redemption Fees ⁴
A	Max 4%	Max 5%	Max 1.95%	Yes	NA
A2	N/A	Max 5%	Max 1.95%	Yes	Yes ⁴
F	Max 4%	Max 5%	Max 1.25%	Yes	NA
I	N/A	Max 5%	Max 1.00%	Yes	NA
E	N/A	Max 5%	Max 2.50%	Yes	NA

1

Redemptions Fees are automatically applicable at the maximum rate set out in this Annex 1 during the eighteen (18) first months following the first Net Asset Value. After this period, the Redemption Fees are determined by the Board of Directors at its discretion, in the limit of the maximum rate set out in this Annex 1. The Redemption Fees will be deducted from the Redemption Price payable to the redeeming Shareholder.

2

Management Fees are calculated and accrued on each Valuation Day and payable monthly in arrears within 5 Business Days at the end of each month. The Management Fee will be paid by the Sub-Fund in respect of each Investor. Management Fees are generally expected to be paid using available net cash flow.

3

The AIFM will be entitled to receive a Performance Fee, which will be fifteen percent (15%) (the "**Performance Fee Rate**") of the Sub-Fund's positive returns subject to a five percent (5%) Hurdle Rate with one hundred percent (100%) Catch-Up measured over the Calculation Period of the Sub-Fund. The positive returns taken into account shall equal to the NAV per Share net of costs, charges and expenses but gross of all actual or deemed distributions (if any) (the "**Performance NAV**").

The Performance Fee is measured over the Calculation Period but accrued on a monthly basis as at each Valuation Day within such Calculation Period. The Performance Fee is payable to the AIFM in arrears within 10 Business Days of the end of each Calculation Period.

However, in the case of Shares redeemed during a Calculation Period, the accrued Performance Fee in respect of those Shares will be payable as of the Redemption Date and will be deducted from the proceeds otherwise payable to the redeeming Shareholder (plus any redemption fee, if applicable). The Performance Fee will also be payable if a Class as a whole is liquidated, merged, or converted as of the effective date of such liquidation, merger or conversion.

The Performance Fee applies a High Watermark subject to an annualised Hurdle Rate. This means that a performance fee accrual is calculated monthly as at each Valuation Day and only paid out to the AIFM where the Performance NAV per Class cumulatively satisfies the following conditions:

- it equals to, or exceeds, a 5% Hurdle Rate (net of all fees, costs and expenses); and
- it is higher than (i) the Performance NAV per Class (or Series thereof) at the Initial Offering Price or, if later, (ii) the Performance NAV per Class in respect of which the last Performance Fee was paid (the "**High Watermark**") during a five-year (5) rolling period (the "**Performance Reference Period**").

For the avoidance of doubt, the High Watermark shall be reset as of each Performance Reference Period.

Once the Hurdle Rate is met, the AIFM will be entitled to receive 100% of the Sub-Fund's positive performance until the AIFM is paid a Performance Fee equal to the Performance Fee Rate multiplied by the positive performance of the Class (the "**Catch-Up**"). The Catch-Up is intended to provide the AIFM with a Performance Fee of 15% as consideration for the Partnership's positive returns as at the end of each Calculation Period.

Thereafter, the AIFM shall receive, to the extent there are remaining positive performance, 15% of such positive performance.

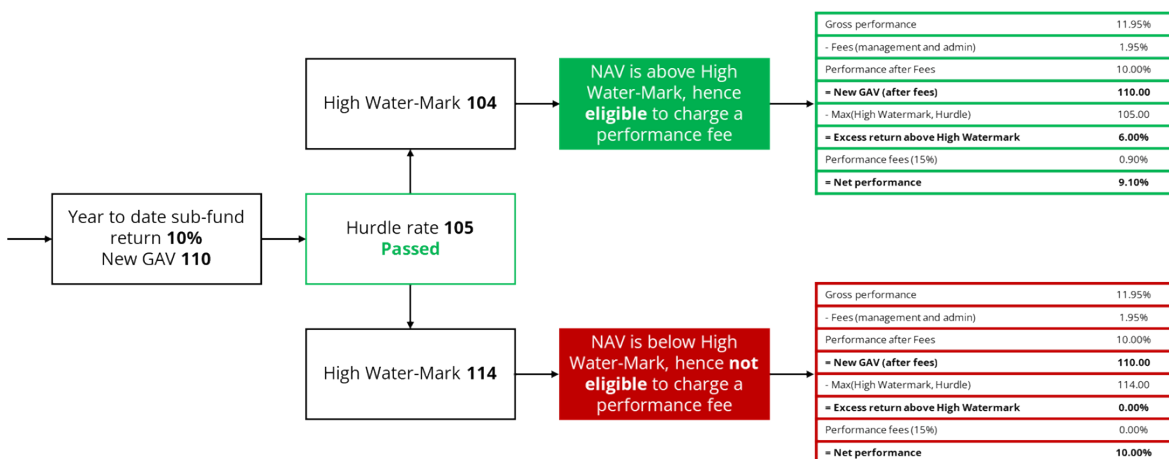
When making accruals for the Performance Fee within the Calculation Period, the conditions referred to hereabove for paying a Performance Fee and the allocation thereof shall be calculated monthly for accounting purposes.

The Performance Fee has been designed so that no Performance Fee is paid merely for making up earlier underperformance. Accordingly, any underperformance as at a Valuation Day will be carried forward to the next Valuation Day within the Calculation Period.

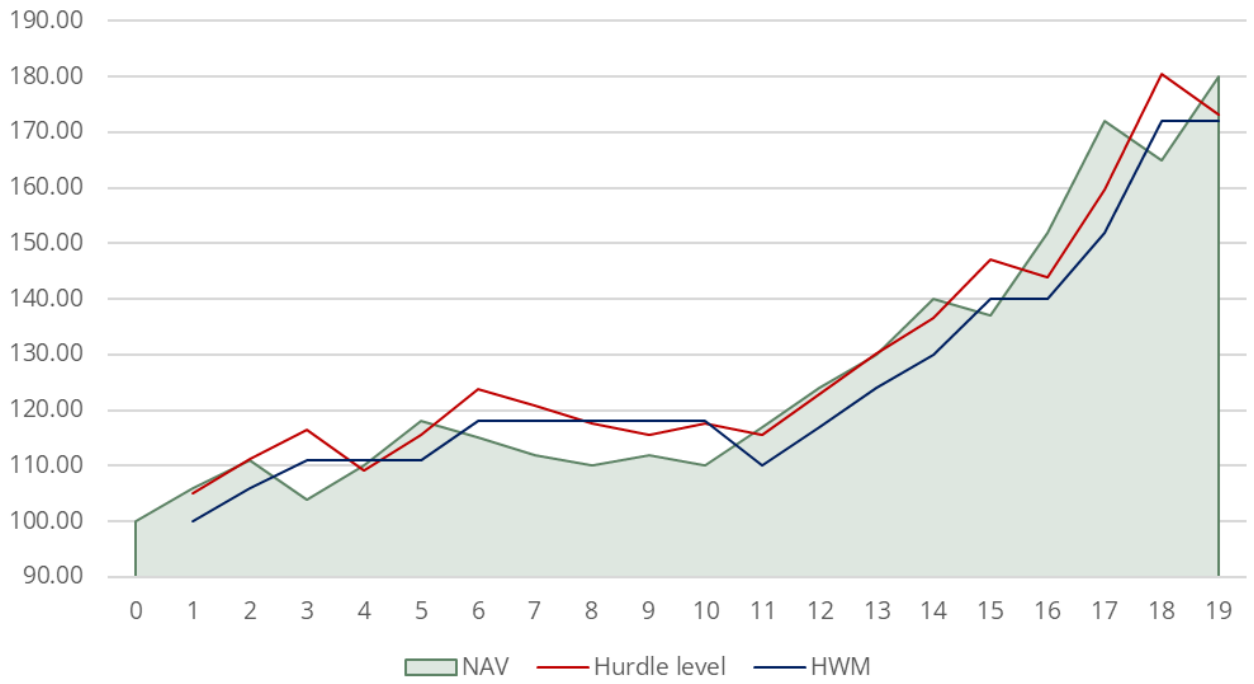
Where a Performance Fee has been accrued within a Calculation Period, but no Performance Fee is eventually paid out over such Calculation Period, any accruals will be subject to reversal to the Sub-Fund and will not be carried forward to the next Calculation Period. Accordingly, the AIFM will not be entitled to any payment in such cases.

In the event that a Performance Fee has been accrued during a Calculation Period and is due for payment at the end of such Calculation Period but cannot be paid to the AIFM due to insufficient liquidity in the Sub-Fund, such accrued Performance Fee shall be carried forward until sufficient liquidity is available. For the avoidance of doubt, any such subsequent accruals of Performance Fees under similar circumstances shall also be cumulatively carried forward and added to the previous accruals, pending sufficient liquidity for payment.

The Performance fee calculation method for the Sub-fund is illustrated below:



The following example illustrates the principles of High Water with an Hurdle (please note that the two tables below relate to the same example, the first one illustrated through a graphical representation, while the second one displayed in numerical terms):



Year	NAV	Hurdle	Hurdle level	HWM	Performance	Perf fees paid
0	100.00	5.0%				
1	106.00	5.0%	105.00	100.00	6.0%	TRUE
2	111.00	5.0%	111.30	106.00	4.7%	FALSE
3	104.00	5.0%	116.55	111.00	-6.3%	FALSE
4	110.00	5.0%	109.20	111.00	5.8%	FALSE
5	118.00	5.0%	115.50	111.00	7.3%	TRUE
6	115.00	5.0%	123.90	118.00	-2.5%	FALSE
7	112.00	5.0%	120.75	118.00	-2.6%	FALSE
8	110.00	5.0%	117.60	118.00	-1.8%	FALSE
9	112.00	5.0%	115.50	118.00	1.8%	FALSE
10	110.00	5.0%	117.60	118.00	-1.8%	FALSE
11	117.00	5.0%	115.50	110.00	6.4%	TRUE
12	124.00	5.0%	122.85	117.00	6.0%	TRUE
13	130.00	5.0%	130.20	124.00	4.8%	FALSE
14	140.00	5.0%	136.50	130.00	7.7%	TRUE
15	137.00	5.0%	147.00	140.00	-2.1%	FALSE
16	152.00	5.0%	143.85	140.00	10.9%	TRUE
17	172.00	5.0%	159.60	152.00	13.2%	TRUE
18	165.00	5.0%	180.60	172.00	-4.1%	FALSE
19	180.00	5.0%	173.25	172.00	9.1%	TRUE

Subject to any applicable law, the AIFM may from time to time and at its sole discretion and out of its own resources decide to waive, rebate to Shareholders or pay to intermediaries' part or all of the Performance Fee.

The Shareholders who request the redemption or conversion of their Shares within five (5) years following the calculation of the first Net Asset Value of the Sub-Fund will be subject to a degressive redemption fee (the “**Degressive Redemption Fee**”), payable to the AIFM, as set out below. The AIFM may, in its discretion, partially or entirely waive the Degressive Redemption Fee.

4

Year since launch of the Share	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5
Degressive Redemption Fee (maximum)	2,50%	2,00%	1,50%	1,00%	0,50%

ANNEX II: AIFM DISCLOSURES

Any reference below to:

"Article" is a reference to the relevant article within AIFMD;

"Prospectus" is a reference to the general part of this Prospectus;

"Supplement" is a reference to the supplement relating to ELTIF EVERGREEN; and

"Articles" is a reference to the articles of incorporation of the Fund.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY:

Article 23(1)(a), description of the investment strategy and objectives of the AIF:

- Prospectus: *Section 5: Investment Objective and Strategy*
- Supplement: *Investment Strategy*

Article 23(1)(a), information on where the master AIF is established and where the underlying funds are established:

- *Not applicable, this is not a master-feeder structure.*

Article 23(1)(a), a description of the types of assets in which the AIF may invest and the investment techniques that the AIF, or the AIFM on behalf of the AIF, may employ:

- Prospectus: *Section 5: Investment Objective and Strategy*
- Supplement: *Investment Strategy; Categories of assets and financial contracts*

Article 23(1)(a), all associated risks with investment techniques:

- Prospectus: *Section 5: Investment Objective and Strategy – Sustainability-related disclosures; Section 19: Conflicts of Interest; Section 20: Risk Factors*
- Supplement: *Risk Factors; Annex III – SFDR Disclosures*

Article 23(1)(a), any applicable investment restrictions:

- Prospectus: *Section 5: Investment Objective and Policy*
- Supplement: *Investment Strategy; Diversification Requirements; Borrowing and Leverage; Ramp-up Period*

LEVERAGE DISCLOSURES:

Article 23(1)(a), the circumstances in which the AIF may use leverage and the types and sources of leverage permitted:

- Prospectus: *Section 5: Investment Objective and Strategy – Borrowing*
- Supplement: *Borrowing and Leverage*

Article 23(1)(a), associated risks of the types and sources of leverage permitted:

- Prospectus: *Section 5: Investment Objective and Strategy; Section 20: Risk Factors*

Article 23(1)(a), any restrictions on the use of leverage and any restrictions on the use of collateral and asset reuse arrangements:

- Prospectus: *Section 16: Certain Shareholder Matters – Meetings, Reports and Fiscal Year*
- Supplement: *Categories of assets and financial contracts; Borrowing and Leverage*

Article 23(1)(a), the maximum level of leverage which the AIFM is entitled to employ on behalf of the AIF:

- Prospectus: *Section 5: Investment Objective and Strategy – Borrowing; Section 16: Certain Shareholder Matters – Meetings, Reports and Fiscal Year*

AIFM Disclosures

- **Supplement: *Borrowing and Leverage***

Article 23(1)(b), a description of the procedures by which the AIF may change its investment strategy or investment policy, or both:

- **Prospectus: *Section 5: Investment Objective and Strategy; Section 18: Amendments***
- **Supplement: *Amendments***

Article 23(1)(c), a description of the main legal implications of the contractual relationship entered into for the purpose of investment, including information on the existence or absence of any legal instruments providing for the recognition and enforcement of judgments in the territory where the AIF is established:

- **Investors in the Sub-Fund will become Shareholders in the Fund, established in Luxembourg, with the rights, duties and obligations as set out in this Prospectus and the relevant Sub-Fund Supplement.**
- **Prospectus: *Section 16: Certain Shareholder Matters – Recognition and Enforcement of Judgments in Luxembourg; Section 17: Information Available***

Article 23(1)(p), a description of how and when the information required in relation to liquidity, leverage and risk profile under Article 23(4) and Article 23(5) will be disclosed:

- **Prospectus: *Section 5: Investment Objective and Strategy – Borrowing; Section 16: Certain Shareholder Matters – Meetings, Reports and Fiscal Year***

SERVICE PROVIDER DISCLOSURES:

Article 23(1)(d), identity of the AIFM, description of duties of the AIFM and investor's rights against the AIFM:

- **Prospectus: *Section 2: Definitions and Interpretation – AIFM; Section 4: Management and Administration – The AIFM; Section 16: Certain Shareholder Matters – Investors' rights in relation to Service Providers***

Article 23(1)(d), identity of the depositary, auditor and other service providers, description of the duties of the depositary, auditor and other service providers and investors' rights against the depositary, auditor and other service providers:

- **Prospectus: *Section 2: Definitions and Interpretation – Depositary, Administrator, Auditor, Investment Manager, Investment Advisor(s), Domiciliation Agent, Distributor, Financial Intermediary; Section 4: Management and Administration – The Depositary, The Administrator, The Auditor, The Investment Manager, The Investment Committee, Financial Intermediaries; Section 16: Certain Shareholder Matters – Investors' rights in relation to Service Providers***

Article 23(1)(e), a description of how the AIFM complies with the requirements (professional negligence) relating to professional liability risk in Article 9(7):

- **Prospectus: *Section 4: Management and Administration – The AIFM***

Article 23(1)(o), the identity of the prime broker and a description of any material arrangements of the AIF with its prime brokers and the way the conflicts of interest in relation thereto are managed and any information about any transfer of liability to the prime broker that may exist:

- ***Not applicable.***

Article 23(1)(o), details of the provision in the contract with the depositary on the possibility of transfer and reuse of assets:

- **Prospectus: *Section 4: Management and Administration – The Depositary***
- **Depositary Agreement**

Delegation:

Article 23(1)(f), a description of any AIFM management function delegated by the AIFM and of any safe-keeping function delegated by the depositary:

- **Prospectus: Section 4: Management and Administration – The AIFM**

Article 23(1)(f), a description of any conflicts of interest arising from delegated management function:

- **Prospectus: Section 19: Conflicts of Interest**

Article 23(2), any arrangements by the depositary to contractually discharge itself of its liability pursuant to Article 21(13):

- **Prospectus: Section 4: Management and Administration – The Depositary**

POLICIES AND PROCEDURES:

Article 23(1)(g), a description of the AIF's valuation procedure and of the pricing methodology for valuing assets and a description of the methods used in valuing any hard-to-value assets:

- **Prospectus: Section 10: Calculation of the Net Asset Value and Valuation; Section 11: Suspension of the Calculation of the Net Asset Value**
- **Supplement: Valuation Day**
- **Articles: Title III: Net Asset Value: Article 13. Net Asset Value; Article 14. Frequency and Temporary Suspension of the Calculation of the NAV per Share and of the Issue, Redemption and Conversion of Shares**

Article 23(1)(h), a description of the AIF's liquidity risk management:

- **Prospectus: Section 5: Investment Objective and Strategy – Liquidity risk management, Risk management policies**

INVESTOR ARRANGEMENTS:

Article 23(1)(h), a description of the redemption rights in normal circumstances:

- **Prospectus: Section 7: Transfer of Shares and Undrawn Commitments; Section 8: Redemption and Withdrawal**
- **Supplement: Redemption; Redemption in Kind**
- **Articles: Title II - Share Capital - Shares - Sub-funds: Article 10. Transfer of Shares; Article 11. Redemption of Shares; Article 12. Conversion of Shares**

Article 23(1)(h), a description of the redemption rights in exceptional circumstances:

- **Prospectus: Section 11: Suspension of the Calculation of the Net Asset Value; Section 16: Certain Shareholder Matters – Term, reorganisation and dissolution, liquidation**
- **Supplement: Redemption**
- **Articles: Title II - Share Capital - Shares - Sub-funds: Article 12. Conversion of Shares**

Article 23(1)(h), a description of existing redemption arrangements with investors:

- **Prospectus: Section 4: Management and Administration – The AIFM**

Article 23(1)(i), a description of all fees, charges and expenses, and the maximum amounts directly or indirectly borne by investors:

- **Prospectus: Section 13: Costs and Expenses**
- **Supplement: Management and Performance Related Fees; Distributors and Placement Agents; Annex I – Characteristics of the Classes and Fees**

Article 23(1)(j), whenever an investor obtains preferential treatment or the right to obtain preferential treatment, a description of that preferential treatment, the type of investors who obtain such preferential treatment; and where relevant, their legal or economic links with the AIF or AIFM:

- **Prospectus: Section 16: Certain Shareholder Matters – Fair Treatment of Investors; Section 19: Conflicts of Interest; Section 20: Risk Factors**

Article 23(1)(k), the latest annual report:

- **Prospectus: Section 16: Certain Shareholder Matters – Meetings, Reports and Fiscal Year**
- **Articles: Title VII - Accounts - Distributions - Article 28. Accounting year and accounts - Article 31. Distributions**

Article 23(1)(l), the procedure and conditions for the issue and sale of units or shares:

- **Prospectus: Section 6: Issue of Shares**
- **Supplement: Shares; Classes of Shares; Conversion**
- **Articles: Title II - Share Capital - Shares - Sub-funds; Article 7. Classes of Shares; Article 8. Form of Shares; Article 9. Issue and subscription of Shares**

Article 23(1)(m), the latest net asset value of the AIF or the latest market price of the unit or share of the AIF in accordance with Article 19:

- **Prospectus: Section 10: Calculation of the Net Asset Value and Valuation; Section 17: Information Available**
- **Supplement: Valuation Day**

Article 23(n), where available, the historical performance of the AIF:

Not applicable, this is a new AIF.

ANNEX III: SFDR DISCLOSURES

Pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: CARMIGNAC S.A. SICAV - PART II UCI - ELTIF EVERGREEN
Legal entity identifier: XXXXXXXX

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852 establishing a list of **environmentally sustainable economic activities**. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

Yes

 No

<input type="checkbox"/> It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective: ___% <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy <input type="checkbox"/> in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy <input type="checkbox"/> It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective: ___%	<input type="checkbox"/> It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of ___% of sustainable investments <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy <input type="checkbox"/> with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy <input type="checkbox"/> with a social objective <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments
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What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

The Sub-Fund promotes environmental and social characteristics by combining the following: 1) ESG integration, and 2) negative screening.

These sustainability indicators will be applied to Secondary Investments, Primary Investments, Direct Investments and Pre-IPO Investments, as such terms are defined in this Sub-Fund Supplement.



Sustainability indicators measure environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

• **What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?**

This fund uses sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics it promotes:

- 1) **Coverage rate of ESG analysis:** ESG integration, through ESG analysis in the investment memo, is applied to at least 90% of the transactions cumulatively.
- 2) **Negative screening:** separate negative screening is applied to Secondary Investments and Primary Investments, on the one hand, and Direct Investments and Pre-IPO Investments, on the other hand.
 - (i) Secondary Investments and Primary Investments: the private equity funds in which the Sub-Fund is invested may not invest more than 20% of their total assets in companies with significant exposure to sectors in Carmignac’s firmwide exclusion policy: (a) production and distribution of tobacco, (b) thermal coal mining, (c) controversial weapons, (d) adult entertainment, and (e) high polluting power generation. To perform this assessment, the AIFM relies on the information provided by the general partners of the underlying funds in which the Sub-Fund is invested. Notwithstanding the above, where the Sub-Fund invests in a target fund which is managed or advised by Clipway, the Sub-Fund shall rely on the negative screening applied by this target fund, to the extent this target fund complies with either article 8 or article 9 of SFDR. The exclusion policy by such target fund may differ from the exclusion policy of the AIFM.
 - (ii) Direct Investments and Pre-IPO Investments: the target companies must comply with Carmignac’s firmwide exclusion policy. The AIFM will send a questionnaire to the target company during the due diligence process to ensure that it complies with the aforementioned exclusion policy. The AIFM will subsequently monitor compliance by the target companies on an annual basis by requesting an updated questionnaire.

• **What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?**

N/A.

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A.

— How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

N/A.

— How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

N/A.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a “do not significant harm” principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The “do no significant harm” principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters.

Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Yes

No

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

Non-financial analysis is carried out as part of the investment strategy through separate negative screening depending on the type of transaction carried out by the Sub-Fund.

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

Negative screening of Secondary Investments and Primary Investments:

Prior to any investment, and on an ongoing basis, the AIFM will analyse the composition of the underlying funds in which the Sub-Fund is invested to ensure that no more than 20% of the total assets of such funds has a significant exposure to Carmignac’s firmwide exclusions:

- (i) production and distribution of tobacco (5% or more of the firm revenue);
- (ii) thermal coal mining (10% or more of the firm revenue, or more than 20 million tons of thermal coal produces per year);
- (iii) high polluting power generation, i.e. companies that exceeds a certain threshold of gCO₂ per kWh produced. Such threshold decreases over time, as detailed in Carmignac’s firmwide exclusion policy;
- (iv) adult entertainment (2% or more of the firm revenue);
- (v) controversial weapons: companies which manufacture products that do not comply with the following treaties or legal bans on controversial weapons:
 1. The Ottawa Treaty (1997), which prohibits the use, stockpiling, production and transfer of anti-personnel mines.
 2. The Convention on Cluster Munitions (2008), which prohibits the use, stockpiling, production and transfer of cluster munitions.
 3. The Chemical Weapons Convention (1997), which prohibits the use, stockpiling, production and transfer of chemical weapons.
 4. The Biological Weapons Convention (1975), which prohibits the use, stockpiling, production and transfer of biological weapons.
 5. The Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons (1968), which limits the spread of nuclear weapons to the group of so-called nuclear weapons states (USA, Russia, UK, France and China).
 6. The Belgian Loi Mahoux, which bans uranium weapon investments.
 7. The 1980 Convention on certain conventional weapons concerning non detectable fragments, mines incendiary weapons, blinding la, adult entertainment.

To perform this assessment, the AIFM relies on the information provided by the general partners of the underlying funds in which the Sub-Fund is invested.

Negative screening of Direct Investments and Pre-IPO Investments

The Sub-Fund may not invest directly in target companies that do not comply with the exclusion policy of the AIFM, as is summarised hereabove.

Prior to any investment in a target company, the AIFM sends a due diligence questionnaire relating to the sectors highlighted in Carmignac's firmwide policy to assess compliance with said policy. The AIFM will request an updated of this questionnaire on an annual basis to ensure continued compliance with the exclusion criteria.

The full exclusion policy of the AIFM is available at www.carmignac.com, , under the section "Sustainable Investment".

- ***What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?***

The binding elements of the investment strategy used to select investments, and to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product, are:

- 1) Negative screening based on exclusions applied to Secondary Investments, Primary Investments, Direct Investments and Pre-IPO Investments.
- 2) ESG analysis is applied to at least 90% of Secondary Investments, Primary Investments, Direct Investments and Pre-IPO Investments cumulatively.

- ***What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?***

The Sub-Fund does not commit to reducing the scope of its investment universe.

- ***What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?***

The AIFM may not be able to assess good governance practices in Secondary Investments and Primary Investments due to the lack of control on company selection.

In respect of Direct Transactions and Pre-IPO Investments, target companies must demonstrate adequate levels of governance practices, specifically relating to sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance. Key indicators of good governance include percentage of independent members of the audit committee, average term of office for members of the board of directors, gender diversity on the board of directors, size of the board of directors, independence of the remuneration committee as regards sound management structures, sustainability incentives for directors, gender pay gap, and the highest remuneration in terms of staff remuneration.

As regards tax, the Sub-Fund recognises companies that adhere to the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises on tax matters and encourages transparency where necessary.

Furthermore, as a signatory to the *Principles for Responsible Investment* ("PRI"), the AIFM expects the companies in which the fund invests to:

- 1) Publish a comprehensive tax policy describing the company's approach to tax responsibility;
- 2) Report on their tax governance and risk management processes to the competent authorities; and
- 3) File appropriate returns in each of the countries in which they operate (country-by-country reporting, "CBCR").

These considerations inform the AIFM's actions with respect to companies and its votes in favour of greater transparency, for example via support for shareholder resolutions.

- ***What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?***

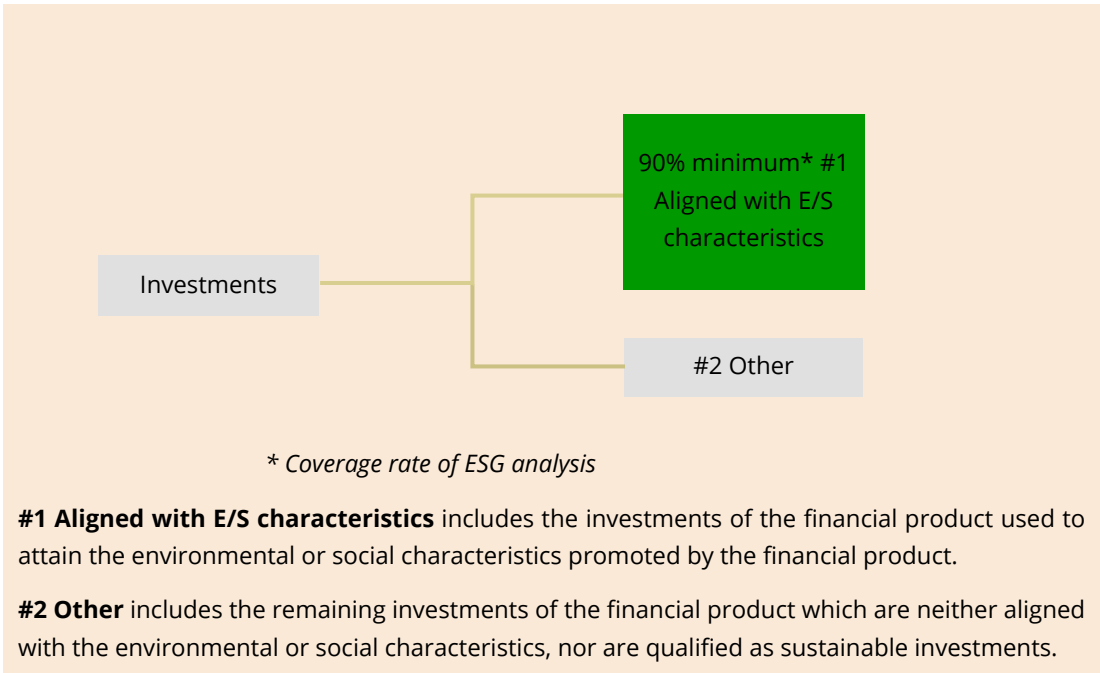
Good governance
practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.



At least 90% of the fund’s transactions cumulatively are intended to attain the environmental or social characteristics it promotes, in accordance with the binding elements of the investment strategy.

The "#2 Other" category is for investments that fall outside the minimum limit of 90% incorporating environmental and social characteristics. Full ESG analysis may not have been carried out.

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.



- **How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics?**
The use of derivatives does not contribute to the attainment of the fund’s environmental and/or social characteristics.



To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Sub-Fund does not commit to a minimum Taxonomy-aligned investment.

- **Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy?**

Yes:

In fossil gas In nuclear energy

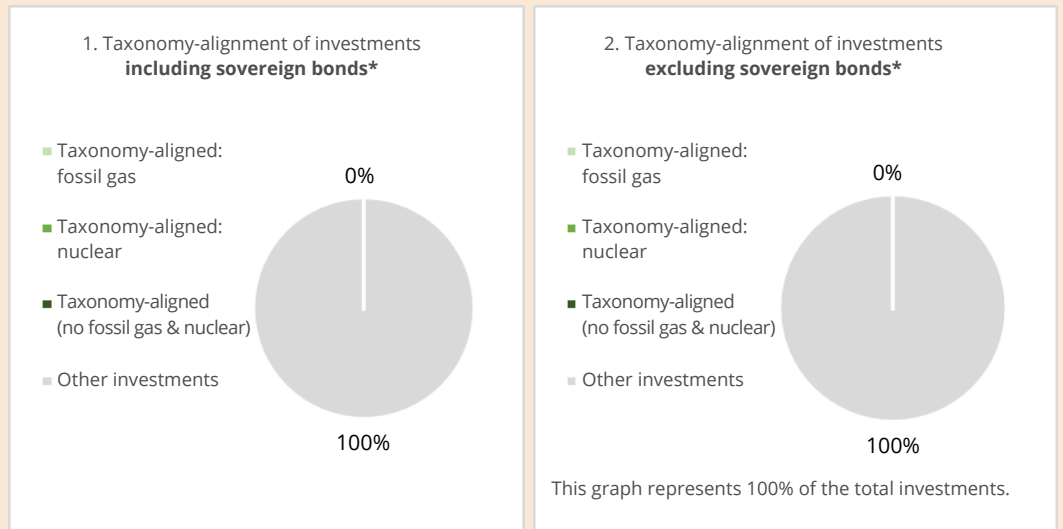
No

- **What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?**


N/A.

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for **fossil gas** include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For **nuclear energy**, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules. **Enabling activities** directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective. **Transitional activities** are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.*



* For the purpose of these graphs, "sovereign bonds" consist of all sovereign exposures.



 Sustainable investments with an environmental objective **do not take into account the criteria** environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU taxonomy.



What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A.



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A.



What investments are included under “#2 Other”, what is their purpose and are any minimum environmental or social safeguards applied to them?

The remainder of the portfolio (i.e. beyond the minimum share of 90%) may include securities for which ESG analysis may be carried out after the financial instrument in question is acquired by the Fund. Cash (and equivalent instruments) and derivatives (used for hedging or exposure purposes) are also included under “#2 Other”.

Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

N/A.



- *How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?*

N/A.

- *How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?*

N/A.

- *How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?*

N/A.

- *Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?*

N/A.

Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found online on the website: <http://www.carmignac.com>, in the "Funds" and "Responsible Investment" sections.



Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.